

## RESEARCH ARTICLE

# Neurogenomic signatures of spatiotemporal memories in time-trained forager honey bees

Nicholas L. Naeger<sup>1</sup>, Byron N. Van Nest<sup>2</sup>, Jennifer N. Johnson<sup>2</sup>, Sam D. Boyd<sup>2</sup>, Bruce R. Southey<sup>3</sup>, Sandra L. Rodriguez-Zas<sup>3,4,5</sup>, Darrell Moore<sup>2</sup> and Gene E. Robinson<sup>1,4,5,\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Entomology, University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign, Urbana, IL 61820, USA, <sup>2</sup>Department of Biological Sciences, East Tennessee State University, Johnson City, TN, 37614, USA, <sup>3</sup>Department of Animal Sciences, University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign, Urbana, IL, 61820, USA, <sup>4</sup>Neuroscience Program, University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign, Urbana, IL, 61820, USA and <sup>5</sup>Institute for Genomic Biology, University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign, Urbana, IL, 61820, USA

\*Author for correspondence (generobi@life.uiuc.edu)

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## SUMMARY

Honey bees can form distinct spatiotemporal memories that allow them to return repeatedly to different food sources at different times of day. Although it is becoming increasingly clear that different behavioral states are associated with different profiles of brain gene expression, it is not known whether this relationship extends to states that are as dynamic and specific as those associated with foraging-related spatiotemporal memories. We tested this hypothesis by training different groups of foragers from the same colony to collect sucrose solution from one of two artificial feeders; each feeder was in a different location and had sucrose available at a different time, either in the morning or afternoon. Bees from both training groups were collected at both the morning and afternoon training times to result in one set of bees that was undergoing stereotypical food anticipatory behavior and another that was inactive for each time of day. Between the two groups with the different spatiotemporal memories, microarray analysis revealed that 1329 genes were differentially expressed in the brains of honey bees. Many of these genes also varied with time of day, time of training or state of food anticipation. Some of these genes are known to be involved in a variety of biological processes, including metabolism and behavior. These results indicate that distinct spatiotemporal foraging memories in honey bees are associated with distinct neurogenomic signatures, and the decomposition of these signatures into sets of genes that are also influenced by time or activity state hints at the modular composition of this complex neurogenomic phenotype.

Supplementary material available online at <http://jeb.biologists.org/cgi/content/full/214/6/979/DC1>

Key words: circadian, appetitive behavior, honey bee, memory, microarray.

## INTRODUCTION

Honey bees (*Apis mellifera*) have the remarkable ability to form and use spatiotemporal memories in order to direct their foraging behavior. This is adaptive because different species of flowering plants bloom at different times of day (Linnaeus, 1751), and nectar and pollen are available for pollinators only during discrete, but consistent, windows of time (Gimenes et al., 1993; Doorn and Meeteren, 2003; Matile, 2006). Honey bees can learn not only where to fly to collect food, but also when to do so (Beling, 1929; Wahl, 1932). This ability is based, in part, on an endogenous time-keeping mechanism (Beling, 1929; Renner, 1957).

Although much is known about the molecular basis of basic clock function in animals, including honey bees (Ruben et al., 2006), less is known about the molecular mechanisms underlying food-related activity rhythms. Like honey bees, mice and other animals can be trained to forage at specific times of day, resulting in rhythmic anticipatory appetitive behavior (reviewed by Mistlberger, 2009). It now appears that clocks in various parts of the brain (Angeles-Castellanos et al., 2007) and the liver (Vollmers et al., 2009) are necessary for circadian food

anticipatory activity in mammals. The molecular basis of food anticipatory states has yet to be elucidated in insects, perhaps because it has not been possible to train *Drosophila* to anticipate food availability in a circadian manner (Oishi et al., 2004). Honey bees are thus an attractive organism for such studies.

Although it is becoming increasingly clear that different behavioral states are associated with different profiles of brain gene expression (Robinson et al., 2008), it is not known whether this relationship extends to states that are as dynamic and specific as those associated with foraging-related spatiotemporal memories. Transcriptional profiles in honey bee brains have been shown to be strongly correlated with certain behaviors such as nursing (brood care) and foraging (Whitfield et al., 2003; Alaux et al., 2009a; Alaux et al., 2009b). The duration of the nursing and foraging states in honey bees is 1 week or longer, and comparisons between the brains of nurses and foragers revealed large gene expression differences [~20 to 40% of transcripts tested in Alaux et al. (Alaux et al., 2009b) and Whitfield et al. (Whitfield et al., 2003), respectively]. Other behaviors that are more transient in duration, such as guarding the hive, comb building and undertaking (the removal of dead bees from the colony), each last for only a day or two and are associated with

fewer differences in gene expression (Cash et al., 2005). These findings, plus the known influences of gene expression on rhythmic behavior (Allada and Chung, 2010) and various forms of learned behavior (Barrett and Wood, 2008) in other organisms, led us to hypothesize that transcriptional differences exist between bees trained to have distinct foraging-related spatiotemporal memories.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

We trained different bees from the same hive to forage at different times of day, at different locations and with different scents. Our experimental design enabled us to search separately for gene expression patterns associated with differences in activity state, time of day or specific spatiotemporal memories.

Bees, training and collection

Two unrelated typical colonies of European honey bees (*Apis mellifera* Linnaeus 1758, a mixture of European subspecies, largely *ligustica*) were each placed into a clear plastic-walled observation hive (97×96 cm) with eight frames of honeycombs. Each colony was headed by a naturally mated queen and was composed of ~12,000 workers at the start of the study. The hives were kept at the former Marine Corps Armory site, warrant of East Tennessee State University, Johnson City, TN, USA. Each hive was kept in a small wooden shed to allow for observations without exposing the colony to direct sunlight, and the bees were allowed to adjust to the new environment for at least 1 week before training commenced. The sides of the hive were constructed of 16 clear plastic windows that could be opened to allow for the collection of bees with minimal disturbance to the colony. Two replicates of the experiment were performed, one for each colony, from 14 to 19 and 21 to 28 August 2007. Over the duration of the experiment, several different species of wildflowers were in bloom at the study site.

The field component of this study consisted of three phases: orientation, training and collection. The orientation phase lasted 1 or 2 days, during which the bees learned the location of the artificial feeder. Filter paper soaked with sucrose solution was used to lure bees out of the hive and to transfer them from the hive entrance to a feeder located 1 m away. The feeder consisted of a 96-well tissue culture plate that was filled with 2 mol l<sup>-1</sup> sucrose solution and placed on a piece of scented filter paper disk situated on top of a short (40 cm) table. Once a steady number of bees (~5 min<sup>-1</sup>) were observed flying to the feeder on their own, the filter paper transfer was stopped and the feeder was moved several meters away from the hive. When the foragers again found the feeder at a steady rate, the feeder was moved again several more meters away. This procedure was repeated until the feeder reached the desired training location, ~120 m away from the hive. Training was performed at two different times of day, once in the morning from 09:00 to 10:15 h and again in the afternoon from 17:00 to 18:15 h. At the end of each training period, the feeder was emptied and washed, and the filter paper was replaced with a new unscented sheet. Different locations and different scents were used for each of the two training times, morning and afternoon. Essential oil extracts of lilac and lavender flowers were used for scents in the morning and afternoon, respectively.

The training phase consisted of adding scent and sucrose solution to the feeder during the training time and marking – with an individual identifying paint code (see von Frisch, 1967) – foragers that were recruited to the training location by the trained bees from the orientation phase. Their time of arrival was recorded for each foraging trip. Although most bees displayed fidelity to a single training time, some did not; any bee bearing the paint code

indicating that she had obtained a food reward at the other training time was removed to prevent cross-recruitment based on residual smells. Training continued for 4–7 days until there were a sufficient number (*N*≈40) of trained bees at both training times.

On collection day, the feeder was left empty and unscented to ensure that any gene expression differences were a result of memory and not recent experience with the food source. All bees used for molecular analysis were collected from the hive, 15–45 min before the onset of the training time. The bees were collected directly off the combs to help prevent confounding effects associated with the energy expenditure from flying to the feeder. Once focal bees were located and identified by their paint code, the windows of the observation hive were flipped up and soft forceps were used to collect the bees directly into liquid nitrogen to flash-freeze the transcriptional profile. Both ‘anticipating bees’ (bees whose training time was soon approaching) and ‘inactive bees’ (bees trained to the other time) were collected simultaneously out of the hive at both times, resulting in four experimental groups (Fig. 1).

Anticipating bees were collected near the entrance of the hive, as described by Körner (Körner, 1939) and Moore et al. (Moore et al., 1989). These bees monitor returning foragers for scents or dances that indicate that the food source to which they are trained has already become available. If left undisturbed, these bees would have eventually flown to the feeding location even without exposure to other cues (von Frisch, 1967). Inactive bees were collected farther away from the hive entrance in areas associated with honey storage. These bees were not observed performing other behaviors and appeared to be in a sleep-like state, as described by previous investigators (von Frisch, 1967; Kaiser and Steiner-Kaiser, 1983). The four behavioral groups analyzed in this study were: morning-trained, morning-collected (tAM-cAM); morning-trained, afternoon-collected (tAM-cPM); afternoon-trained, afternoon-collected (tPM-cPM); and afternoon-trained, morning-collected (tPM-cAM).

Bees representing these four groups were collected for microarray analysis if they received at least 3 days of training. Furthermore, each bee included in the microarray analysis (*N*=76) flew to the feeder and received a food reward at least two, six and six times on the last 3 days of training, respectively. This criterion identified the most highly trained and motivated bees. Experiments performed

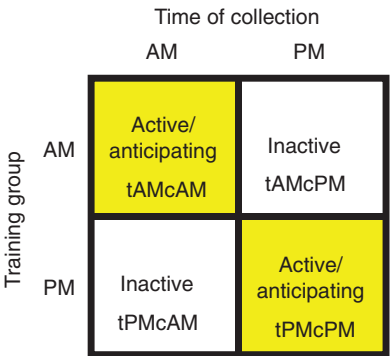


Fig. 1. Experimental design and the four behavioral groups analyzed in this study. Two groups of honey bees (*Apis mellifera*) from the same colony were trained to forage at an artificial feeder either in the morning (tAM) or in the afternoon (tPM). Bees from each training group were collected just prior to the onset of each training time, in the morning (cAM) or afternoon (cPM). Bees collected just before their training time demonstrated stereotypical anticipatory behavior that precedes flying to a food source whereas bees collected outside of their training time were inactive.

Table 1. Number of rewarded visits by honey bees *Apis mellifera* to the feeders by day

| Bee ID | Training group | Day 1 | Day 2 | Day 3 | Day 4 | Day 5 | Day 6 | Day 7 |
|--------|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| BWP    | AM             |       |       |       | 6     | 6     | 9     | 13    |
| PWY    | AM             |       |       | 1     | 5     | 10    | 8     | 8     |
| PYW    | AM             |       |       | 13    | 17    | 13    | 8     | 12    |
| YBB    | AM             |       |       |       |       | 9     | 12    | 14    |
| YPB    | AM             |       |       |       |       | 7     | 8     | 12    |
| YYW    | AM             |       |       |       | 6     | 11    | 10    | 11    |
| BYW    | AM             |       |       |       |       | 3     | 12    | 13    |
| WcPR   | AM             |       |       |       |       | 12    | 13    | 8     |
| WcWP   | AM             |       |       |       |       | 13    | 11    | 14    |
| WcWY   | AM             |       |       | 12    |       | 14    | 13    | 13    |
| BBW    | AM             |       |       |       | 5     | 10    | 10    | 9     |
| BPW    | AM             |       |       |       | 6     | 13    | 14    | 15    |
| YWW    | AM             |       |       |       | 10    | 12    | 11    | 12    |
| YYG    | AM             |       |       |       | 5     | 4     | 10    | 10    |
| BBY    | AM             |       |       |       |       | 2     | 11    | 8     |
| RWP    | AM             |       |       |       |       | 5     | 7     | 10    |
| WRR    | AM             |       |       |       |       | 2     | 6     | 6     |
| WcPW   | AM             |       |       |       |       | 14    | 13    | 10    |
| WcYA   | AM             |       |       | 10    |       | 13    | 15    | 16    |
| RBW    | PM             |       |       |       | 7     | 5     | 13    | 20    |
| RWP    | PM             |       | 1     | 3     | 4     | 7     | 9     | 12    |
| WPP    | PM             |       |       | 5     | 18    | 15    | 14    | 18    |
| WRP    | PM             |       | 1     | 6     | 6     | 6     | 7     | 12    |
| YcGG   | PM             |       |       | 6     | 4     | 12    | 13    | 16    |
| YcGW   | PM             |       |       | 7     | 6     | 10    | 16    | 20    |
| YcWB   | PM             |       |       |       | 10    | 12    | 17    | 23    |
| YcWY   | PM             |       |       | 15    | 15    | 8     | 14    | 18    |
| GGG    | PM             | 1     | 2     | 2     | 14    | 15    | 18    | 20    |
| RGG    | PM             | 4     | 7     | 8     | 12    | 9     | 12    | 19    |
| RWR    | PM             | 4     | 8     | 22    | 21    | 10    | 17    | 17    |
| WPRC   | PM             |       |       | 10    | 10    | 10    | 10    | 18    |
| WWW    | PM             | 3     | 2     | 2     | 10    | 13    | 14    | 11    |
| YcBY   | PM             |       |       | 10    | 14    | 12    | 15    | 16    |
| YcWP   | PM             |       |       | 4     | 13    | 9     | 18    | 22    |
| YcYR   | PM             |       |       | 10    | 12    | 14    | 8     | 17    |
| YcYW   | PM             |       |       | 10    | 6     | 12    | 7     | 16    |
| YcYY   | PM             |       |       | 19    | 17    | 16    | 15    | 19    |

Bees visited the artificial feeder multiple times over the duration of the training time. The performance of the 37 bees used for the microarray analysis is shown here.

at the same study site in previous years (Moore and Doherty, 2009) (B.N.V.N., A. E. Wagner and D.M., unpublished) demonstrated that >90% of bees with this level of training will fly to the empty, unscented feeder at the appropriate time on the following day. Of the 76 bees identified according to this criterion, we selected the 12 bees from each of the four experimental groups (six from each replicate, two replicates) with the most visits to the feeder during the training phase ( $N=48$ ) for microarray analysis. Table 1 shows the distribution of visits by bees during the training phase, for all bees that were selected for microarray analysis.

#### Microarray analysis

The heads of the bees were freeze-dried ( $-80^{\circ}\text{C}$  and 40 Pa) and the brains dissected out while submerged in dry ice/ethanol (see Schulz and Robinson, 1999). The brains were homogenized and nucleic acids were extracted using phenol/chloroform and RNeasy kits (Qiagen, Valencia, CA, USA). Then samples were treated with DNase (Qiagen). From the resulting RNA, 500 ng was amplified using MessageAmpII kits (Ambion/Applied Biosystems, Austin, TX, USA). Amplified RNA was labeled with Cy3 or Cy5 dyes using a Kreatech ULS labeling system (Amsterdam, The Netherlands). The 48 individuals were hybridized in pairs with a loop design that used 113 microarrays (printed by W. M. Keck Center for

Comparative and Functional Genomics, University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign, Urbana, IL, USA). The microarrays contained 13,440 distinct 70-mer oligonucleotides based on information from the honey bee genome (Honeybee Genome Sequencing Consortium, 2006). The oligonucleotide sequences were chosen based on predicted gene models and expressed sequence tags, and each was spotted twice on the array. This second-generation honey bee microarray was characterized by Alaux et al. (Alaux et al., 2009b), and from this point on, each representative sequence will be referred to as a 'gene'. Hybridized arrays were scanned and analyzed using Axon GenePix 6.0 (Molecular Devices, Sunnyvale, CA, USA) software. As in Sen Sarma et al. (Sen Sarma et al., 2010), spots flagged with '-100' by Axon GenePix 6.0 were removed from the analysis and genes that are highly expressed in the hypopharyngeal glands were also excluded because of the risk of contamination during brain dissection (Alaux et al., 2009a). The remaining data were filtered using the median of control elements for microarray and dye as the threshold. LOWESS normalization was carried out on the  $\log_2$ -transformed intensities, and the measurements were then adjusted for global dye and microarray effects. A total of 8209 genes remained after these exclusions, representing the number of genes in the brain expressed above threshold for all individuals.

### Statistical analysis of microarray results

A linear mixed-effects model was used to analyze the normalized  $\log_2$ -transformed fluorescent intensities for each gene (Alaux et al., 2009a; Alaux et al., 2009b). The model accounted for the effects of dye, microarray, individual sample and source colony. Two-way ANOVA with *post hoc* contrasts was used to determine significant differences based on time of collection, training group and activity state.

Principal component and hierarchical clustering analyses of the gene expression values showed that 11 individuals, relatively evenly distributed across all four experimental groups, were clustered together. Investigation revealed that the RNA amplification of all 11 of these individuals took place on two sequential days, and the affected 11 yielded the lowest final quantity of RNA on those days. For this reason, these 11 individuals and the corresponding 37 arrays they were measured with were dropped and the ANOVA was rerun. Only results of this reanalysis are reported here. Genes showing differential expression at a false discovery rate (FDR)-corrected *P*-value of  $<0.01$  were considered significant.

Genes identified as differentially expressed in this experiment were compared with those from a previously published study (Alaux et al., 2009b) to probe for similarities and differences across different behavioral states. Gene list overlap analysis was performed using an exact hypergeometric probability test (one-tailed) in Microsoft Excel (Redmond, WA, USA). As in Alaux et al. (Alaux et al., 2009a), the representation factor (rf) was calculated as the number of observed overlapping genes divided by the expected number; the expected number of overlapping genes is defined as the product of the number of genes differentially expressed in each list, divided by the total number of genes analyzed.

Functional insights into differentially expressed genes were obtained by conducting a gene ontology (GO) term enrichment analysis. This analysis was performed using the FlyBase identification number representing the best BLAST hit for each honey bee gene (Honeybee Genome Sequencing Consortium, 2006) and the DAVID Bioinformatics Resources Functional Annotation tool (Huang et al., 2009). GO terms returned by DAVID with a modified Fisher's exact *P*-value  $<0.05$  were considered significantly enriched.

### Quantitative reverse-transcriptase PCR analysis and array validation

Quantitative reverse-transcriptase PCR (qRT-PCR) was used to confirm some of the results obtained from microarray analysis. Twenty-four genes were selected for validation based on significance, fold change and functions of interest (supplementary material Fig.S1). Two hundred nanograms of the original unamplified RNA from all original 76 individuals in the study were used to synthesize cDNAs using ArrayScript (Ambion) reverse transcriptase. qRT-PCR was performed in triplicate 10  $\mu$ l reactions in 384-well plates using PerfeCTa SYBR Green Fastmix (Quanta Biosystems, Gaithersburg, MD, USA). Reactions not within 0.5  $C_t$  (cycle threshold) agreement with the others were discounted. The results were analyzed by standard weighted means two-way ANOVA with *post hoc* contrasts using SAS (SAS Institute Inc., Cary, NC, USA). Agreement of gene expression results between microarray and qRT-PCR analysis was tested using standardized data ('standardize' procedure in SAS, mean=0, s.d.=1), which were then analyzed using linear discriminant analysis ('lda' function) in the MASS package (Venables and Ripley, 2002) for R (R Development Core Team, 2006).

## RESULTS

### Behavioral evidence for spatiotemporal memories

Over the course of the two replicates, 184 trained foragers were marked individually and followed throughout the experiment. Of these bees, 28 were captured upon their arrival at the wrong feeding station, i.e. the one to which they were not initially trained; they were removed from the study. Thus, the majority (85%) of the time-trained bees specialized and foraged exclusively at one training time or the other, as expected (Kleber, 1935; Moore et al., 1989). Twenty-five bees (14%) that were marked and trained did not appear on the final training day and were not found during the collections from the hive. These disappearances represent natural mortality expected among forager honey bees (Winston, 1987).

Honey bees clearly exhibited food anticipatory behavior over the course of the experiment. Outside of the training time, trained bees were typically found scattered in areas of the hive away from the entrance; however, as the training time approached, the trained bees began to cluster near the entrance and dance floor. Furthermore, on training days, bees frequently flew to the feeder before food or scent had been applied for that day. The frequency of these reconnaissance flights increased as the training time approached (Fig. 2). As previously reported (Moore and Rankin, 1983), afternoon-trained bees exhibited anticipatory behavior for a longer period of time before the onset of the training time than morning-trained bees.

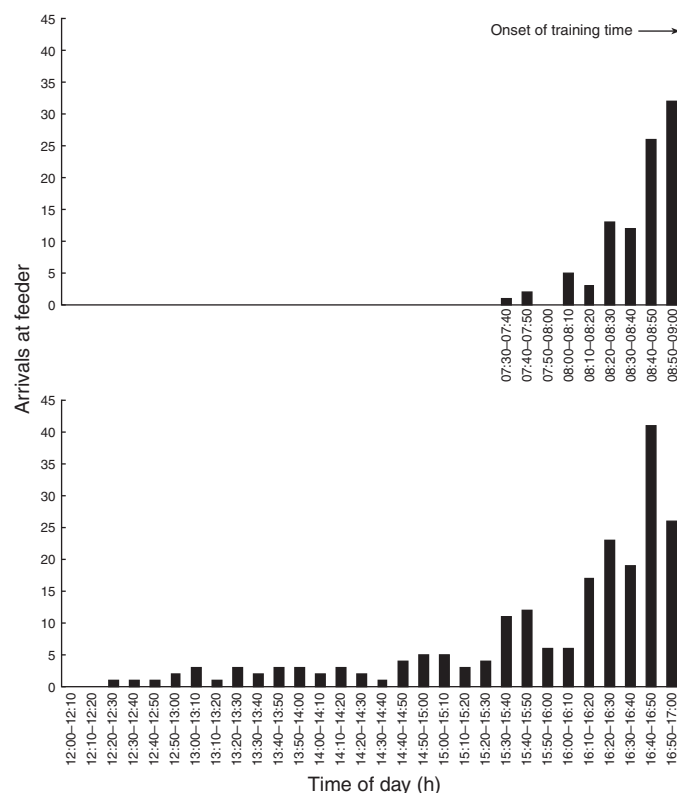


Fig. 2. Anticipatory behavior in honey bees. Trained bees frequently flew to the feeder in anticipation of food availability, and the frequency of these flights increased as the training time approached. Data are from 18 Aug 2007, the day prior to the day of collection for the first replicate of the experiment.



### Brain gene expression differences associated with time of collection

To determine whether there were genes showing brain expression differences associated with time of collection, independent of time of training, we used two-way ANOVA to contrast the gene expression values for tAM-cAM and tPM-cAM with tAM-cPM and tPM-cPM bees (Fig. 1). There were 798 genes showing differences in brain gene expression between morning- and afternoon-collected bees ( $FDR < 0.01$ ). This represents ~10% of the genes on the microarray analyzed in this study.

GO analysis revealed 80 categories significantly enriched (modified Fisher's exact test,  $P < 0.05$ ) for genes with differences in brain gene expression associated with time of day (supplementary material Table S1). Among enriched terms for genes with higher expression in the morning-collected bees were 'organelle ATP synthesis coupled electron transport' and numerous mitochondria-associated terms (supplementary material Table S2). There were also multiple terms associated with ribosomes and translation as well as proteasomes and catabolic processes. Enriched terms for genes more highly expressed in afternoon-collected bees included 'cell adhesion', 'lipid metabolic process', 'lipid transport' and 'protein localization' (supplementary material Table S3). Terms associated with circadian behavior – such as 'circadian rhythm', 'rhythmic behavior', 'locomotory behavior' and 'sleep' – all appear exclusively for the list of genes with higher expression in the afternoon.

### Brain gene expression differences associated with time of training

To determine whether there were genes showing brain expression differences associated with time of training, independent of time of collection, we contrasted tAM-cAM and tAM-cPM with tPM-cAM and tPM-cPM bees. Relative to other categories, fewer genes (229) were found to be differentially expressed between the two groups of bees trained to forage either in the morning or afternoon, regardless of whether they were collected in an anticipatory or inactive state ( $FDR < 0.01$ ). GO analysis showed an enrichment of upregulated genes involved with carbohydrate catabolic processes and kinase regulator activity in the morning-trained groups (supplementary material Tables S4, S5). Afternoon-trained groups showed enrichment for genes associated with 'response to heat' and 'oxidoreductase activity, acting on the CH-CH group of donors' (supplementary material Table S6). Among the genes showing time of training differences were *foraging* and *clock*, both of which had higher expression in morning-trained bees.

### Brain gene expression differences associated with state of food anticipation

To determine whether there were genes showing brain expression differences associated with food anticipatory state, independent of time of training or collection, we contrasted tAM-cAM and tPM-cPM with tAM-cPM and tPM-cAM bees. Bees collected 15–45 min prior to their time of training were actively anticipating food availability and preparing for flight whereas bees trained to the other time were inactive. This difference in activity state was associated with a very large number of genes: 2028 differentially expressed brain transcripts or ~25% of all genes on the microarray analyzed in this study.

Genes upregulated in anticipating bees showed significant GO enrichment for many categories associated with nervous system function, including 'cation transport', 'transmission of nerve impulse', 'neurotransmitter secretion' and 'synaptic transmission' (supplementary material Tables S7, S8). Behavioral categories were

also present, including 'rhythmic process' and 'circadian behavior', as well as 'response to chemical stimulus', 'response to light stimulus' and 'memory', even though the bees had not recently encountered the environment outside the hive. *ankyrin*, *GB16541*, the heat shock proteins *hsp8* and *hsp90a*, and the insulin receptor *inR* were all confirmed as correlated with the state of food anticipation via qRT-PCR (see Validation of microarray results with qRT-PCR).

Inactive bees showed a remarkably strong signature of ribosome-related genes in their transcriptional profile (supplementary material Table S9). In all, 99 genes annotated as being associated with the ribonucleoprotein complex were significantly upregulated in inactive bees, with the GO term 'structural constituent of the ribosome' having the strongest enrichment found in the entire experiment (modified Fisher's exact test,  $P = 1.07E-46$ ). Other significantly enriched terms include 'mitochondrial part', 'mitochondrial ribosome', 'proteasome complex', 'DNA-directed RNA polymerase activity' and 'spliceosome'. Some of the genes upregulated in inactive bees and confirmed by qRT-PCR include the histone H1 and the canonical clock genes *period* and *cryptochrome* (Ruben et al., 2006).

The list of genes differentially expressed between anticipating and inactive groups was compared with a list of genes generated by Alaux et al. (Alaux et al., 2009b) for differences between (non-foraging) nurse and forager honey bees. There was significant overlap for these lists ( $rf = 1.2$ ,  $P < 0.0001$ ), with 66% of genes either up- or down-regulated in a concordant way for both anticipating bees in this study and foragers in Alaux et al. (Alaux et al., 2009b).

### Brain gene expression differences associated with distinct spatiotemporal memories

To determine whether there were genes showing brain expression differences associated with distinct spatiotemporal memories, we contrasted tAM-cAM bees with tPM-cPM bees. These two groups

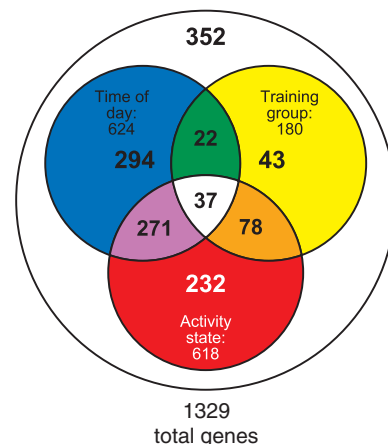


Fig. 3. Decomposition of brain gene expression differences associated with distinct spatiotemporal memories in honey bees: effects of time of collection (Time of day), time of training (Training group) and activity state. A total of 1329 genes were differentially expressed between the two active groups with distinct spatiotemporal memories. Expression of a majority of these genes was also influenced by time of day, time of training and/or activity state. Three-hundred fifty-two of the 1329 genes did not have significant differences in expression in these other analyses and represent unique transcriptional signatures associated with a unique spatiotemporal memory.

Table 2. Selected results of gene ontology (GO) enrichment analysis to identify molecular functions and biological processes that are associated with the lists of genes showing expression differences in association with time of collection, time of training, activity state or differences in spatiotemporal memories

| GO term  | Time of day | Time of training | Activity state | Different spatiotemporal memories |
|--|-------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|
| Carbohydrate catabolic process                     |             | tAM              |                | tPMcPM                            |
| Cation transport                                   |             |                  | Active         |                                   |
| Cell adhesion                                      | cPM         |                  |                | tAMcAM                            |
| Cellular macromolecule catabolic process           | cAM         |                  |                | tPMcPM                            |
| Chemosensory behavior                              | cPM         |                  | Active         | Overall                           |
| Lipid metabolic process                            | cPM         |                  |                | tAMcAM                            |
| Mitochondrial part                                 | cAM         | tPM              | Inactive       | tPMcPM                            |
| Neurotransmitter secretion                         |             |                  | Active         |                                   |
| Organelle ATP synthesis coupled electron transport | cAM         |                  | Inactive       |                                   |
| Response to heat                                   |             | tPM              |                |                                   |
| Rhythmic behavior                                  | cPM         |                  | Active         |                                   |
| Structural constituent of ribosome                 | cAM         |                  | Inactive       | tPMcPM                            |
| Synaptic transmission                              |             |                  | Active         |                                   |

Full data with all enriched categories are available in the supplementary material Tables S1–S15.

were both anticipating food availability, but at a different time of day and for a different location. A total of 1329 genes were differentially expressed in the brains between these two groups ( $t$ -test,  $P<0.01$ ). This large number of genes included many genes that were differentially expressed in the analyses described above. Of the 1329 differentially expressed genes, 624 also varied significantly with time of day, 180 also varied significantly with time of training and 618 also varied significantly with state of food anticipation (Fig. 3). The same pattern of decomposition is reflected in the GO enrichment analysis. For example, terms such as ‘cell adhesion’ and ‘cellular macromolecule catabolic process’ appeared in the analysis of tAM-cAM vs tPM-cPM bees as well as in the time of day analysis (Table 2). GO enrichment also revealed other differences between the tAM-cAM and tPM-cPM bees, including ‘lipid metabolic process’, ‘carbohydrate metabolic process’ and ‘chemosensory behavior’ (supplementary material Tables S10–S12).

Removing all the genes that varied with time of day, time of training and/or anticipatory state still left 352 genes that showed significant differences in brain expression between tAM-cAM and tPM-cPM bees. These expression differences are associated with other unknown aspects that either contribute to the formation of the two unique spatiotemporal memories or reflect their existence. GO enriched terms for these putative spatiotemporal memory-related genes include ‘extracellular structure organization and biogenesis’ and ‘synaptogenesis’ (supplementary material Tables S13–S15).

**Effects of time of day, time of training and anticipatory state on brain expression of clock genes**

The molecular basis of circadian function involves a small set of interacting transcription factors, some with negative and others with positive feedback effects on each other’s expression (Allada and Chung, 2010). *cycle (cyc)*, a gene comprising part of the positive feedback mechanism in the bee’s circadian clock, was robustly differentially expressed in terms of time of day of collection (ANOVA,  $P<0.0001$ ) but was not affected by time of training or activity state (Fig. 5). Another canonical clock gene in the positive feedback mechanism, *clock (clk)*, showed a significant difference based on time of training ( $P=0.0035$ ) but no effect based on anticipatory state or time of collection; there was higher expression among morning-trained bees, both active and inactive. By contrast, *period (per)*, a gene with negative feedback effects, was differentially expressed as a function of both time of day of collection ( $P=0.03$ ) and activity state ( $P<0.0001$ ), but not time of

training. *cryptochrome (cry)*, which is also involved in negative feedback regulation of the clock, was differentially expressed based on both time of day of collection ( $P<0.0001$ ) and activity state ( $P<0.0001$ ) but not time of training.

**Validation of microarray results with qRT-PCR**

qRT-PCR validation of the microarray results was challenging in this study because each gene could show significant expression differences for each of the time of collection, time of training, activity state and/or unique memory analyses. We therefore used linear discriminant analysis (LDA) to examine the gestalt of similarities

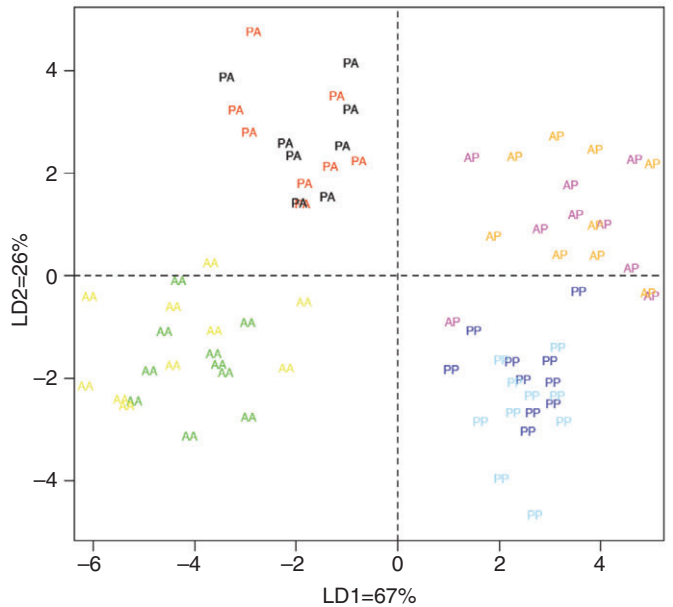


Fig. 4. Linear discriminant analysis indicates strong similarities between results obtained with microarrays and qRT-PCR and supports the hypothesis that distinct neurogenomic states exist for each of the four honey bee groups in the experiment. Microarray and qRT-PCR data for the same 37 individuals are shown here. For clarity of presentation, abbreviations were condensed from what appears in Fig. 1: AA, AM (morning) trained, AM collected; AP, AM trained, PM (afternoon) collected; PA, PM trained, AM collected; PP, PM trained, PM collected. Black, orange, yellow and light blue represent the microarray data whereas red, pink, green and dark blue represent the qRT-PCR data.

and differences between the four experimental groups across the two different expression measurement platforms. Expression values for each of the genes, generated by both microarray and qRT-PCR, are found in supplementary material Fig. S1. LDA revealed that overall expression patterns were similar between microarray and qRT-PCR analysis (Fig. 4). The qRT-PCR results showed strong clustering for individuals within the four experimental groups and nice separation of the four groups, with only the data from the 24 genes chosen for validation. This result further reflects the robustness of the differences between the four groups and supports the hypothesis that spatiotemporal foraging rhythms are associated with unique neurogenomic states.

### DISCUSSION

The principal significance of these results is that they demonstrate that the ability of honey bees to form distinct spatiotemporal foraging memories is associated with the formation of distinct neurogenomic signatures of gene expression in the brain. Furthermore, these signatures can be partially decomposed into sets of genes that are influenced by time or activity state, and still others that are not influenced by these variables. This finding hints at the modular composition of complex neurogenomic phenotypes. It is not known which, if any, of these extensive gene expression changes are causal. However, differences in gene expression are known to have causal effects on various forms of both circadian (Allada and Chung, 2010) and learned behavior (Barrett and Wood, 2008) in the laboratory, suggesting that at least some of the changes we detected function

to enable bees to form and utilize different spatiotemporal memories during natural foraging behavior.

This study identified a relatively large number of genes that showed differences in expression as a function of time of collection, i.e. genes whose expression varied in the morning vs the afternoon. Ueda et al. (Ueda et al., 2002) reported that a similar number of genes varied in expression as a function of light–dark conditions in *Drosophila melanogaster* heads. In our study, genes upregulated in the morning included those associated with ATP synthesis, mitochondria and NADH oxoreductase activity, as well as the canonical clock gene *cycle* (*bmal1* in mammals). These findings are consistent with previous reports of a link between the positive feedback element of the molecular clock and the regulation of basic metabolic processes (Eckel-Mahan and Sassone-Corsi, 2009; Ramsey et al., 2009). Genes upregulated in the afternoon included cell adhesion molecules, which have been implicated in the synchronization of circadian oscillators (Shen et al., 1997; Miche and Colwell, 2001) and the regulation of learning and memory (Welzl and Stork, 2003). Perhaps this finding reflects the occurrence of memory consolidation in foragers during the night.

Some genes showed differences associated with the time at which the bee was trained, regardless of whether it was then collected in the morning or afternoon, or was anticipating or inactive. This might reflect either differences in the environment encountered as a result of the different training times or a natural proclivity to respond to training at one time *versus* another. Regarding the latter, Kraus et al. (Kraus et al., in press) have reported genotypic differences in

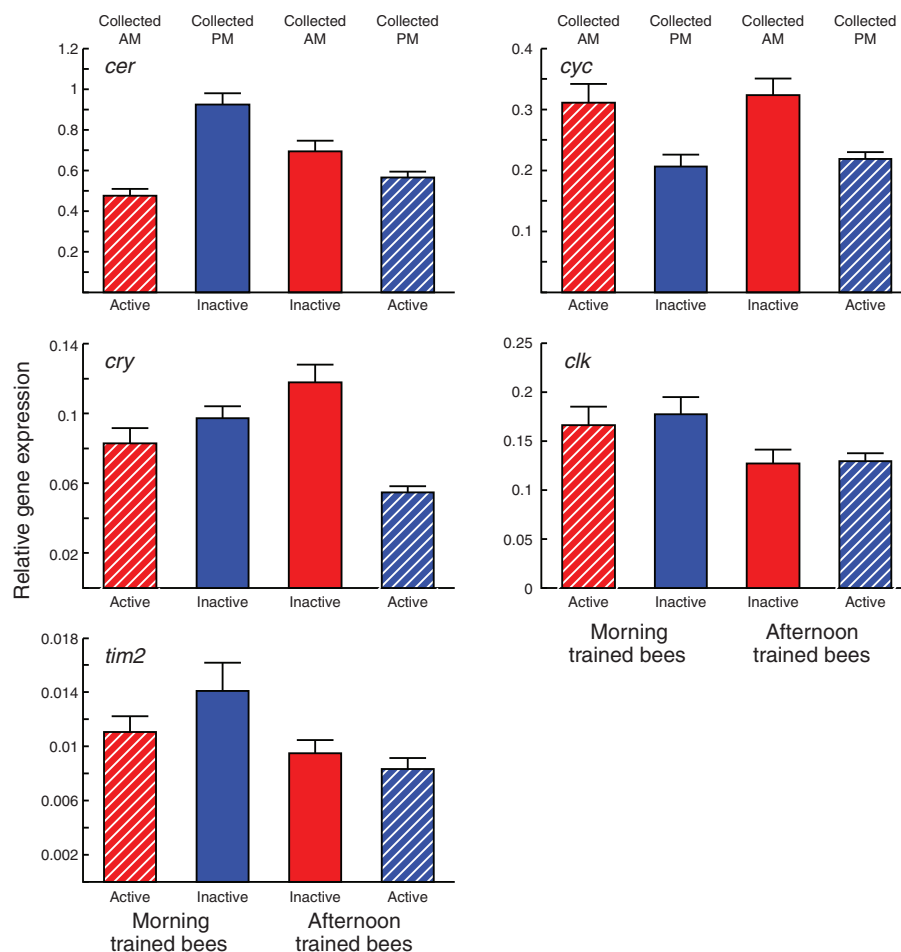


Fig. 5. Expression of canonical clock genes as a function of time training in honey bees. Genes representing the set of transcription factors comprising the negative feedback element of the molecular clock (*per*, *cry* and *tim2*) have expression patterns that are more closely associated with the activity state of the bee rather than time of day. Genes representing the positive feedback element of the molecular clock (*cyc* and *clk*) do not show any significant differences based on activity state, although *cyc* shows clear differences based on the time of day. See supplementary material Table S16 for significance values.

the preferences of bees to forage either in the morning or afternoon. Among the genes differentially expressed based on the time of training were genes associated with metabolism as well as *foraging* and *clock*. Upregulation of *foraging* has been implicated in increased phototactic behavior in honey bees (Ben-Shahar et al., 2003), and increased phototaxis could make the foragers more likely to respond to the morning feeder (which coincides more closely with sunrise) than the afternoon feeder. Other genetic differences for similar phenomena include polymorphisms in human *clock* associated with differences in the times at which individuals prefer to either be active or sleeping (Katzenberg et al., 1998).

The largest differences in brain gene expression detected in this study were related to differences in the activity state of the bees, either anticipating flight to a specific food reward or inactive. Bees collected just before their time of training were observed displaying the stereotypical anticipatory behavior that precedes exiting the hive to fly to the feeder. Renner demonstrated that anticipatory behavior in bees arises as a function of an internal circadian clock that allows the bees to time the availability of food (Renner, 1957). Results of GO analyses suggest that mechanisms involved in stimulus perception and response are reactivated in a circadian manner during the anticipatory state, perhaps 'priming' the brain for subsequent activity, after over 22 h of inactivity. In addition, GO categories such as 'cation transport,' 'transmission of nerve impulse' and 'neurotransmitter secretion' point toward possible mechanisms that the brain would use to initiate behavior. Mammalian pacemaker neurons found in the suprachiasmatic nucleus generate autonomous circadian activity patterns when isolated (Green and Gillette, 1982), and cation channels play a role in this autoactivation (Meredith et al., 2006; Wang and Huang, 2006; Kononenko and Berezetskaya, 2010).

There was also a significant enrichment of genes encoding the heat shock proteins that are upregulated in anticipating bees. These genes could play a role in preparing foragers for the stresses of foraging (Williams et al., 2008). It is also possible that heat shock proteins play more of a direct role in behavior; knock-down of heat shock proteins affects behavioral rhythmicity in flies, even though the core molecular oscillators are unaffected (Hung et al., 2009).

A large number of the genes upregulated in inactive bees were associated with transcription, translation and proteasome function. Inactive foragers have long been thought to enter into sleep-like states (von Frisch, 1967; Kaiser and Steiner-Kaiser, 1983; Kaiser, 1988; Eban-Rothschild and Bloch, 2008; Klein et al., 2008); this speculation is strengthened by work in *Drosophila* rigorously demonstrating that insects sleep (Hendricks et al., 2000; Shaw et al., 2000) (reviewed by Harbison et al., 2009). Perhaps inactive bees are showing evidence for the kind of purging of old proteins and building of new proteins that has been associated with sleep in other organisms (reviewed by Mackiewicz et al., 2008).

Further insights into the possible significance of the molecular differences between active and inactive bees were gained by comparing their differences in brain gene expression with the differences between nurse and forager bees (Alaux et al., 2009b). Anticipating bees have a brain expression profile that resembles the forager profile whereas the profile of inactive bees more closely resembles that of the nurse. Among the genes differentially expressed in both contexts is the insulin receptor (*inR*), which shows higher expression in both foragers compared with nurses and in anticipating foragers compared with inactive foragers. Insulin and other nutritional signaling pathways play a part in the division of labor among honey bee workers (Ament et al., 2008), and RNAi knock-down of the insulin

receptor alters honey bee foraging behavior (Wang et al., 2010). These results imply that some of the same genes involved in the regulation of foraging over the lifetime of the bee are also involved in the regulation of daily foraging rhythms.

Genes involved in synaptogenesis are significantly overrepresented in the group of genes that vary with spatiotemporal memory but not with time of training, time of collection or activity state. This is consistent with the idea that different spatiotemporal memories have unique representations in the brain. In addition, the overrepresentation of genes previously shown to be involved in chemosensory behavior perhaps reflects the possibility that some aspects of the olfactory system are differentially utilized in the learning of the unique scents used in the spatiotemporal training.

Some of the genes well known to be involved in the regulation of circadian rhythms in other organisms showed interesting patterns of expression in this study. Expression of *per* and *cry* in bees trained in the morning was consistent with patterns reported by Ruben et al. (Ruben et al., 2006) under *ad libitum* feeding conditions; however, an altered pattern was seen in the afternoon-trained bees. This is perhaps because the time-training procedures used in this experiment uncoupled activity state from time of day, and food acted as a zeitgeber to set elements of the internal clock, which then dictated foraging rhythms on subsequent days. Intriguingly, another clock gene, *cyc*, did not show this altered expression pattern. The differences observed in the time-trained bees suggest that, in the honey bee, the two sets of molecular regulatory feedback loops have become uncoupled, with the positive element synchronizing gene expression oscillations with day–night cycles whereas the negative element synchronizes expression oscillations with the time of food availability. This is supported by the recent finding that genes involved in insulin signaling are involved in setting the pace of the negative element of the clock in *Drosophila* (Zheng and Seghal, 2010).

It should be noted that this study was performed using whole brains. The altered pattern of gene expression due to spatiotemporal training that we report here could have occurred only in a subset of neurons, and different neural circuits could have different expression profiles. Previous studies in mice have found that restricted feeding schedules shifted expression of *per*, but only in specific brain regions (Angeles-Costellanos et al., 2007) (reviewed by Webb et al., 2009). Furthermore, peripheral oscillators in other tissues such as the insect fat body (a metabolic tissue analogous to vertebrate livers) could play a role in behavioral rhythmicity as it relates to feeding (Xu et al., 2008; Vollmers et al., 2009) (reviewed by Escobar et al., 2009). Additional studies that probe the specific neuroanatomical location of the differences in gene expression reported here might help clarify the neurobiological basis of these findings and will contribute to our understanding of learning and memory under natural conditions.

This study is the first to separate genes involved with activity rhythms from genes influenced by time of day in an insect without the confounding effects of sleep deprivation. We identified genes associated with motivation in the form of food anticipation, and we have demonstrated that spatiotemporal training creates neurogenomic profiles that are distinct for each training regime. These findings highlight the surprisingly close relationship between changes in brain gene expression and naturally occurring behavioral plasticity (Robinson et al., 2005; Robinson et al., 2008). A challenge for the future is to learn how time training exerts these effects on the genome and how, in turn, spatiotemporally encoded neurogenomic profiles impact foraging behavior.



## LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

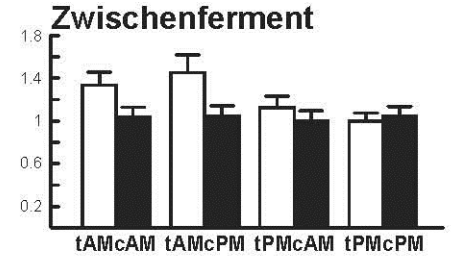
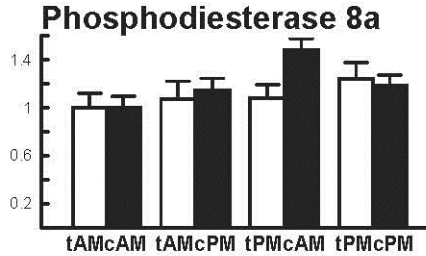
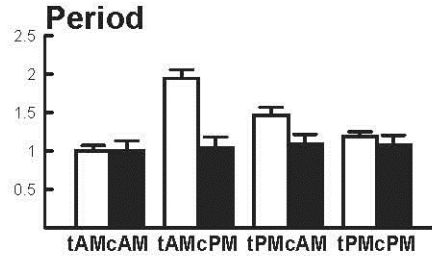
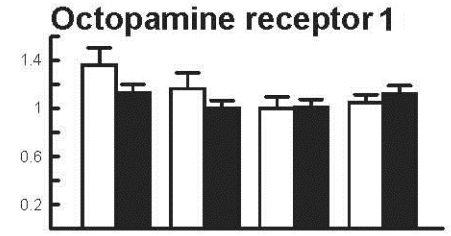
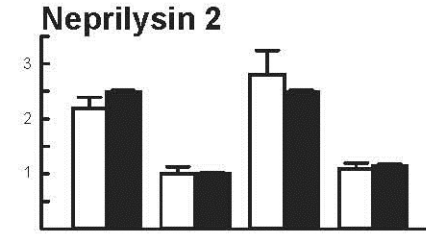
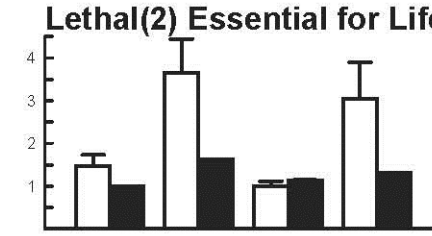
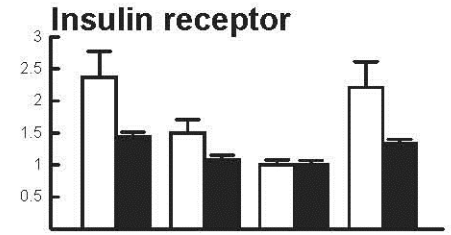
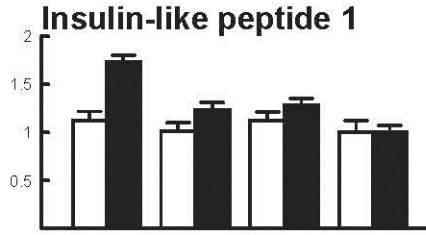
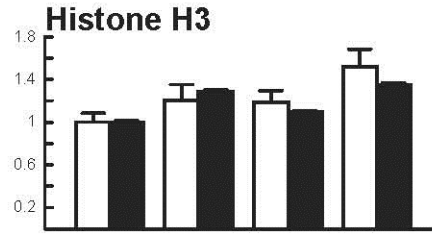
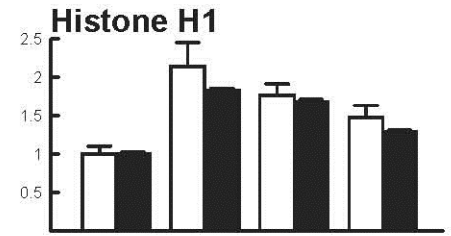
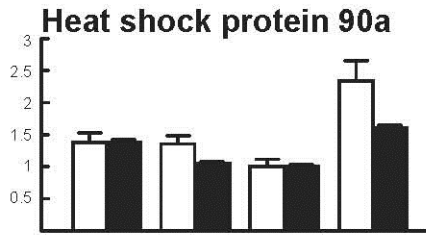
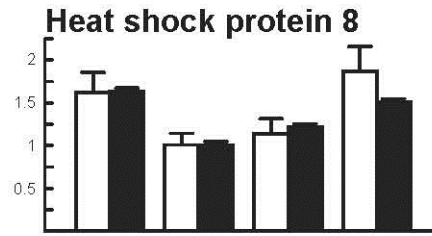
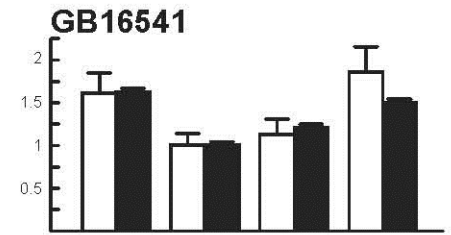
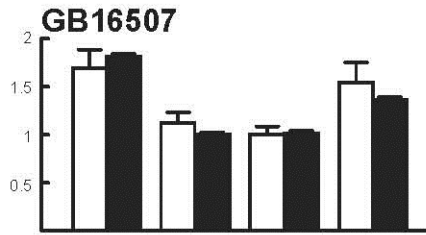
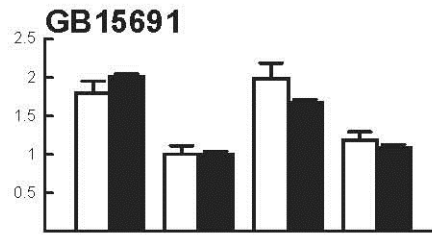
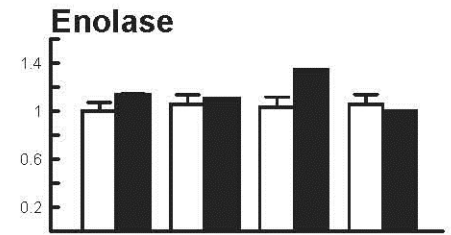
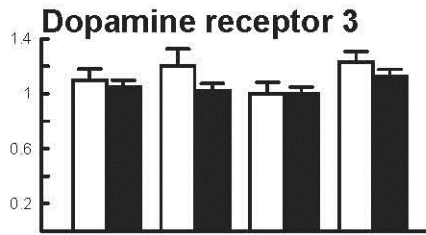
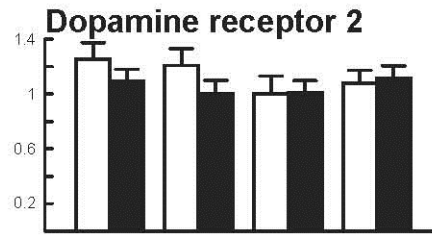
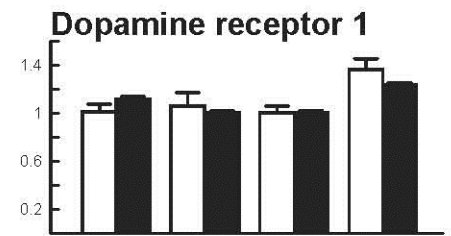
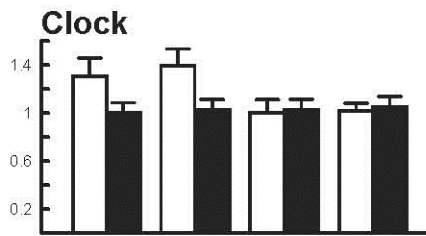
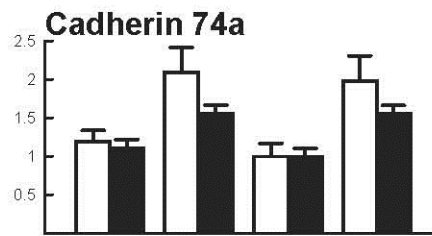
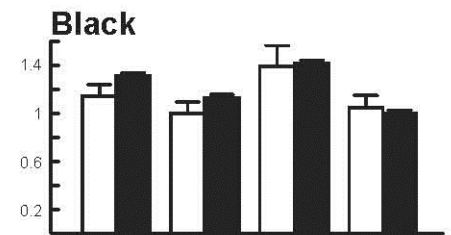
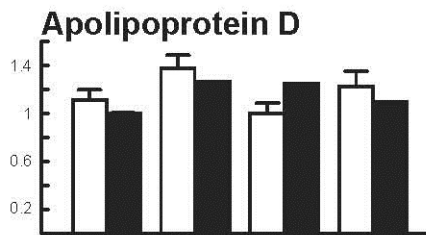
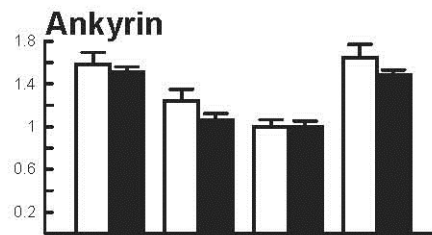
|         |  |
|---------|--|
| tAM-cAM | a bee trained to the morning feeder and collected in the morning     |
| tAM-cPM | a bee trained to the morning feeder and collected in the afternoon   |
| tPM-cAM | a bee trained to the afternoon feeder and collected in the morning   |
| tPM-cPM | a bee trained to the afternoon feeder and collected in the afternoon |

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**Table S1:** Significantly enriched GO terms for genes differentially expressed between morning- and afternoon-collected foragers.

| GO category            | GO Term                                      | Count | %      | P-value    |
|------------------------|--|-------|--------|------------|
| Cell Component level 1 | extracellular region                         | 20    | 4.55%  | 6.23E-04   |
| Mol Function level 2   | structural constituent of ribosome           | 25    | 5.68%  | 0.00151909 |
| Mol Function level 2   | isomerase activity                           | 13    | 2.95%  | 0.00184953 |
| Cell Component level 3 | cytoplasm                                    | 132   | 30.00% | 0.00193726 |
| Biol Process level 3   | cellular catabolic process                   | 29    | 6.59%  | 0.00232346 |
| Biol Process level 2   | catabolic process                            | 31    | 7.05%  | 0.00274664 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytoplasm                                    | 132   | 30.00% | 0.0038595  |
| Biol Process level 3   | cellular biosynthetic process                | 62    | 14.09% | 0.00409179 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytoplasm                                    | 132   | 30.00% | 0.00419286 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytosolic ribosome (sensu Eukaryota)         | 15    | 3.41%  | 0.0042346  |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosolic ribosome (sensu Eukaryota)         | 15    | 3.41%  | 0.00424633 |
| Cell Component level 3 | proteasome core complex (sensu Eukaryota)    | 6     | 1.36%  | 0.00531343 |
| Cell Component level 4 | proteasome core complex (sensu Eukaryota)    | 6     | 1.36%  | 0.00589536 |
| Cell Component level 5 | proteasome core complex (sensu Eukaryota)    | 6     | 1.36%  | 0.00590931 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytosol                                      | 27    | 6.14%  | 0.00736113 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosol                                      | 27    | 6.14%  | 0.00737195 |
| Cell Component level 3 | ribosome                                     | 25    | 5.68%  | 0.00787205 |
| Biol Process level 2   | cell adhesion                                | 19    | 4.32%  | 0.00838361 |
| Biol Process level 1   | biological adhesion                          | 19    | 4.32%  | 0.0098868  |
| Cell Component level 4 | ribosome                                     | 25    | 5.68%  | 0.01037015 |
| Cell Component level 5 | ribosome                                     | 25    | 5.68%  | 0.01039154 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytosolic part                               | 17    | 3.86%  | 0.01073856 |
| Cell Component level 3 | ribosomal subunit                            | 22    | 5.00%  | 0.01074598 |
| Cell Component level 3 | cytoplasmic part                             | 108   | 24.55% | 0.01075052 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosolic part                               | 17    | 3.86%  | 0.01076926 |
| Biol Process level 2   | biosynthetic process                         | 68    | 15.45% | 0.01243578 |
| Cell Component level 4 | ribosomal subunit                            | 22    | 5.00%  | 0.01377623 |
| Cell Component level 5 | ribosomal subunit                            | 22    | 5.00%  | 0.01381185 |
| Cell Component level 3 | proteasome complex (sensu Eukaryota)         | 10    | 2.27%  | 0.01456207 |
| Biol Process level 2   | maintenance of protein localization          | 4     | 0.91%  | 0.01641689 |
| Biol Process level 3   | maintenance of protein localization          | 4     | 0.91%  | 0.01669994 |
| Cell Component level 4 | proteasome complex (sensu Eukaryota)         | 10    | 2.27%  | 0.01683375 |
| Cell Component level 5 | proteasome complex (sensu Eukaryota)         | 10    | 2.27%  | 0.01688178 |
| Biol Process level 4   | maintenance of protein localization          | 4     | 0.91%  | 0.01728508 |
| Mol Function level 4   | magnesium ion binding                        | 7     | 1.59%  | 0.01925159 |
| Biol Process level 2   | maintenance of localization                  | 5     | 1.14%  | 0.01930233 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytoplasmic part                             | 108   | 24.55% | 0.01975791 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytoplasmic part                             | 108   | 24.55% | 0.02029637 |
| Biol Process level 1   | maintenance of localization                  | 5     | 1.14%  | 0.020394   |
| Mol Function level 1   | antioxidant activity                         | 5     | 1.14%  | 0.02080644 |
| Cell Component level 3 | small ribosomal subunit                      | 11    | 2.50%  | 0.02155214 |
| Biol Process level 4   | cellular macromolecule catabolic process     | 17    | 3.86%  | 0.0220579  |
| Mol Function level 5   | nucleoside diphosphate kinase activity       | 3     | 0.68%  | 0.02347454 |
| Biol Process level 3   | cell redox homeostasis                       | 7     | 1.59%  | 0.02436663 |
| Biol Process level 4   | oocyte microtubule cytoskeleton organization | 6     | 1.36%  | 0.02490946 |

|                        |   |    |       |            |
|------------------------|---|----|-------|------------|
| Biol Process level 5   | establishment and/or maintenance of cytoskeleton polarity | 6  | 1.36% | 0.02499097 |
| Cell Component level 4 | small ribosomal subunit                                   | 11 | 2.50% | 0.0250229  |
| Cell Component level 5 | small ribosomal subunit                                   | 11 | 2.50% | 0.02509591 |
| Biol Process level 3   | macromolecule catabolic process                           | 19 | 4.32% | 0.02547623 |
| Biol Process level 5   | cell redox homeostasis                                    | 7  | 1.59% | 0.02584167 |
| Mol Function level 2   | oxidoreductase activity                                   | 38 | 8.64% | 0.02643695 |
| Biol Process level 2   | translation   | 34 | 7.73% | 0.02658954 |
| Cell Component level 3 | germline ring canal                                       | 4  | 0.91% | 0.02936536 |
| Cell Component level 3 | intercellular bridge                                      | 4  | 0.91% | 0.02936536 |
| Cell Component level 2 | intercellular bridge                                      | 4  | 0.91% | 0.02965062 |
| Biol Process level 2   | cell fate commitment                                      | 17 | 3.86% | 0.03003595 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytosolic small ribosomal subunit (sensu Eukaryota)       | 7  | 1.59% | 0.03096888 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosolic small ribosomal subunit (sensu Eukaryota)       | 7  | 1.59% | 0.03104421 |
| Cell Component level 4 | germline ring canal                                       | 4  | 0.91% | 0.0313204  |
| Mol Function level 2   | peroxidase activity                                       | 4  | 0.91% | 0.03267941 |
| Mol Function level 2   | transmembrane transporter activity                        | 41 | 9.32% | 0.0327761  |
| Biol Process level 4   | translation   | 34 | 7.73% | 0.03347212 |
| Biol Process level 5   | translation   | 34 | 7.73% | 0.03363527 |
| Cell Component level 4 | lipid particle  | 17 | 3.86% | 0.03392016 |
| Cell Component level 5 | lipid particle  | 17 | 3.86% | 0.03402637 |
| Biol Process level 3   | cell-cell adhesion  | 9  | 2.05% | 0.03456282 |
| Biol Process level 4   | cell fate commitment                                      | 17 | 3.86% | 0.03485578 |
| Mol Function level 4   | peroxidase activity                                       | 4  | 0.91% | 0.03498355 |
| Mol Function level 3   | oxidoreductase activity, acting on peroxide as acceptor   | 4  | 0.91% | 0.03663431 |
| Mol Function level 2   | substrate-specific transporter activity                   | 40 | 9.09% | 0.03744975 |
| Biol Process level 3   | macromolecule biosynthetic process                        | 42 | 9.55% | 0.03773692 |
| Biol Process level 3   | lipid metabolic process                                   | 25 | 5.68% | 0.03904056 |
| Cell Component level 3 | proton-transporting two-sector ATPase complex             | 5  | 1.14% | 0.04003851 |
| Mol Function level 3   | substrate-specific transmembrane transporter activity     | 37 | 8.41% | 0.04320409 |
| Cell Component level 4 | proton-transporting two-sector ATPase complex             | 5  | 1.14% | 0.04325495 |
| Cell Component level 5 | proton-transporting two-sector ATPase complex             | 5  | 1.14% | 0.0433397  |
| Mol Function level 4   | endopeptidase activity                                    | 19 | 4.32% | 0.04377121 |
| Mol Function level 5   | glutathione peroxidase activity                           | 3  | 0.68% | 0.04413503 |
| Biol Process level 2   | behavior  | 21 | 4.77% | 0.04449898 |
| Mol Function level 4   | rRNA binding  | 4  | 0.91% | 0.04879272 |



**Table S2.** Significantly enriched GO terms for genes with significantly higher gene expression in morning-collected foragers as compared to afternoon-collected foragers.

| GO Category            | GO Term   | Count | %      | PValue   |
|------------------------|---|-------|--------|----------|
| Cell Component level 4 | cytosol   | 49    | 11.29% | 2.80E-14 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosol   | 49    | 11.29% | 4.56E-14 |
| Mol Function level 2   | structural constituent of ribosome                  | 44    | 10.14% | 5.34E-14 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytosolic ribosome (sensu Eukaryota)                | 30    | 6.91%  | 7.15E-14 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosolic ribosome (sensu Eukaryota)                | 30    | 6.91%  | 1.00E-13 |
| Cell Component level 3 | ribosomal subunit                                   | 41    | 9.45%  | 2.61E-13 |
| Cell Component level 3 | ribosome  | 44    | 10.14% | 5.96E-13 |
| Cell Component level 4 | ribosomal subunit                                   | 41    | 9.45%  | 1.22E-12 |
| Cell Component level 5 | ribosomal subunit                                   | 41    | 9.45%  | 1.86E-12 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytosolic part                                      | 33    | 7.60%  | 1.93E-12 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosolic part                                      | 33    | 7.60%  | 2.75E-12 |
| Cell Component level 4 | ribosome  | 44    | 10.14% | 2.99E-12 |
| Cell Component level 5 | ribosome  | 44    | 10.14% | 4.62E-12 |
| Biol Process level 2   | translation   | 54    | 12.44% | 9.42E-11 |
| Biol Process level 4   | translation   | 54    | 12.44% | 2.54E-10 |
| Biol Process level 5   | translation   | 54    | 12.44% | 2.86E-10 |
| Cell Component level 3 | cytoplasm   | 149   | 34.33% | 3.14E-10 |
| Biol Process level 3   | cellular biosynthetic process                       | 80    | 18.43% | 3.40E-10 |
| Biol Process level 3   | macromolecule biosynthetic process                  | 62    | 14.29% | 1.55E-09 |
| Biol Process level 2   | biosynthetic process                                | 86    | 19.82% | 4.92E-09 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytoplasm   | 149   | 34.33% | 8.49E-09 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytoplasm   | 149   | 34.33% | 2.14E-08 |
| Cell Component level 2 | ribonucleoprotein complex                           | 49    | 11.29% | 2.51E-08 |
| Cell Component level 3 | ribonucleoprotein complex                           | 49    | 11.29% | 2.55E-08 |
| Cell Component level 3 | cytoplasmic part                                    | 125   | 28.80% | 2.57E-08 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosolic large ribosomal subunit (sensu Eukaryota) | 18    | 4.15%  | 5.69E-08 |
| Cell Component level 4 | ribonucleoprotein complex                           | 49    | 11.29% | 1.16E-07 |
| Cell Component level 3 | small ribosomal subunit                             | 19    | 4.38%  | 1.57E-07 |
| Cell Component level 5 | ribonucleoprotein complex                           | 49    | 11.29% | 1.73E-07 |
| Mol Function level 1   | structural molecule activity                        | 48    | 11.06% | 1.75E-07 |
| Biol Process level 2   | cellular metabolic process                          | 217   | 50.00% | 1.78E-07 |
| Biol Process level 1   | metabolic process                                   | 235   | 54.15% | 2.30E-07 |
| Cell Component level 4 | small ribosomal subunit                             | 19    | 4.38%  | 3.33E-07 |
| Cell Component level 5 | small ribosomal subunit                             | 19    | 4.38%  | 4.07E-07 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytoplasmic part                                    | 125   | 28.80% | 4.24E-07 |
| Cell Component level 4 | large ribosomal subunit                             | 24    | 5.53%  | 7.97E-07 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytoplasmic part                                    | 125   | 28.80% | 9.10E-07 |
| Cell Component level 5 | large ribosomal subunit                             | 24    | 5.53%  | 1.01E-06 |
| Cell Component level 1 | macromolecular complex                              | 120   | 27.65% | 1.87E-06 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytosolic small ribosomal subunit (sensu Eukaryota) | 12    | 2.76%  | 5.63E-06 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosolic small ribosomal subunit (sensu Eukaryota) | 12    | 2.76%  | 6.43E-06 |
| Cell Component level 3 | mitochondrial membrane part                         | 24    | 5.53%  | 7.30E-06 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial membrane part                         | 24    | 5.53%  | 1.66E-05 |
| Cell Component level 3 | organelle inner membrane                            | 29    | 6.68%  | 1.81E-05 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial membrane part                         | 24    | 5.53%  | 2.07E-05 |

|                        |  |     |        |            |
|------------------------|--|-----|--------|------------|
| Biol Process level 3   | oxidative phosphorylation                          | 22  | 5.07%  | 2.50E-05   |
| Cell Component level 3 | mitochondrial part                                 | 46  | 10.60% | 3.21E-05   |
| Cell Component level 3 | mitochondrial envelope                             | 32  | 7.37%  | 3.50E-05   |
| Mol Function level 4   | rRNA binding                                       | 7   | 1.61%  | 3.69E-05   |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial inner membrane                       | 29  | 6.68%  | 4.50E-05   |
| Cell Component level 4 | organelle inner membrane                           | 29  | 6.68%  | 4.50E-05   |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial inner membrane                       | 29  | 6.68%  | 5.74E-05   |
| Cell Component level 5 | organelle inner membrane                           | 29  | 6.68%  | 5.74E-05   |
| Cell Component level 2 | non-membrane-bound organelle                       | 60  | 13.82% | 8.70E-05   |
| Cell Component level 3 | intracellular non-membrane-bound organelle         | 60  | 13.82% | 8.82E-05   |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial envelope                             | 32  | 7.37%  | 9.04E-05   |
| Cell Component level 3 | mitochondrial membrane                             | 29  | 6.68%  | 9.32E-05   |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial part                                 | 46  | 10.60% | 1.07E-04   |
| Cell Component level 2 | intracellular part                                 | 193 | 44.47% | 1.14E-04   |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial envelope                             | 32  | 7.37%  | 1.16E-04   |
| Cell Component level 3 | intracellular part                                 | 193 | 44.47% | 1.19E-04   |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial part                                 | 46  | 10.60% | 1.47E-04   |
| Cell Component level 3 | proteasome complex (sensu Eukaryota)               | 13  | 3.00%  | 1.82E-04   |
| Biol Process level 3   | electron transport                                 | 25  | 5.76%  | 2.11E-04   |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial membrane                             | 29  | 6.68%  | 2.20E-04   |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial respiratory chain                    | 16  | 3.69%  | 2.56E-04   |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial membrane                             | 29  | 6.68%  | 2.76E-04   |
| Biol Process level 2   | generation of precursor metabolites and energy     | 31  | 7.14%  | 2.80E-04   |
| Cell Component level 4 | proteasome complex (sensu Eukaryota)               | 13  | 3.00%  | 2.93E-04   |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial respiratory chain                    | 16  | 3.69%  | 2.98E-04   |
| Cell Component level 5 | proteasome complex (sensu Eukaryota)               | 13  | 3.00%  | 3.33E-04   |
| Cell Component level 4 | intracellular non-membrane-bound organelle         | 60  | 13.82% | 3.49E-04   |
| Biol Process level 4   | ATP synthesis coupled electron transport           | 14  | 3.23%  | 4.66E-04   |
| Biol Process level 5   | organelle ATP synthesis coupled electron transport | 14  | 3.23%  | 4.89E-04   |
| Cell Component level 5 | intracellular non-membrane-bound organelle         | 60  | 13.82% | 5.00E-04   |
| Cell Component level 3 | proteasome core complex (sensu Eukaryota)          | 7   | 1.61%  | 5.01E-04   |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrion                                      | 51  | 11.75% | 5.91E-04   |
| Biol Process level 3   | cellular catabolic process                         | 29  | 6.68%  | 5.95E-04   |
| Biol Process level 2   | catabolic process                                  | 31  | 7.14%  | 6.39E-04   |
| Cell Component level 4 | proteasome core complex (sensu Eukaryota)          | 7   | 1.61%  | 6.61E-04   |
| Biol Process level 4   | cellular protein metabolic process                 | 113 | 26.04% | 6.93E-04   |
| Cell Component level 5 | proteasome core complex (sensu Eukaryota)          | 7   | 1.61%  | 7.12E-04   |
| Cell Component level 2 | intracellular organelle part                       | 106 | 24.42% | 7.80E-04   |
| Cell Component level 2 | organelle envelope                                 | 33  | 7.60%  | 7.88E-04   |
| Cell Component level 3 | intracellular organelle part                       | 106 | 24.42% | 7.93E-04   |
| Cell Component level 3 | organelle envelope                                 | 33  | 7.60%  | 7.94E-04   |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrion                                      | 51  | 11.75% | 8.09E-04   |
| Biol Process level 3   | cellular macromolecule metabolic process           | 113 | 26.04% | 8.58E-04   |
| Cell Component level 2 | organelle part                                     | 106 | 24.42% | 8.62E-04   |
| Biol Process level 3   | macromolecule catabolic process                    | 22  | 5.07%  | 8.90E-04   |
| Cell Component level 4 | lipid particle                                     | 21  | 4.84%  | 8.96E-04   |
| Cell Component level 1 | envelope   | 33  | 7.60%  | 9.25E-04   |
| Cell Component level 5 | lipid particle                                     | 21  | 4.84%  | 0.00106364 |
| Biol Process level 3   | protein metabolic process                          | 114 | 26.27% | 0.00106524 |
| Cell Component level 2 | protein complex                                    | 90  | 20.74% | 0.00119323 |

|                        |  |     |        |            |
|------------------------|--|-----|--------|------------|
| Mol Function level 4   | endopeptidase activity                                 | 23  | 5.30%  | 0.00120338 |
| Cell Component level 1 | organelle part   | 106 | 24.42% | 0.00131232 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial proton-transporting ATP synthase complex | 7   | 1.61%  | 0.00179345 |
| Cell Component level 2 | intracellular  | 201 | 46.31% | 0.001805   |
| Cell Component level 4 | organelle envelope                                     | 33  | 7.60%  | 0.00183999 |
| Cell Component level 3 | intracellular  | 201 | 46.31% | 0.00187765 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial proton-transporting ATP synthase complex | 7   | 1.61%  | 0.00192713 |
| Cell Component level 3 | proton-transporting ATP synthase complex               | 7   | 1.61%  | 0.00209902 |
| Cell Component level 5 | organelle envelope                                     | 33  | 7.60%  | 0.00229539 |
| Cell Component level 4 | proton-transporting ATP synthase complex               | 7   | 1.61%  | 0.00273108 |
| Cell Component level 5 | proton-transporting ATP synthase complex               | 7   | 1.61%  | 0.00293093 |
| Cell Component level 4 | intracellular part                                     | 193 | 44.47% | 0.00389141 |
| Biol Process level 2   | macromolecule metabolic process                        | 168 | 38.71% | 0.00393127 |
| Biol Process level 2   | primary metabolic process                              | 195 | 44.93% | 0.00406562 |
| Biol Process level 4   | cellular macromolecule catabolic process               | 18  | 4.15%  | 0.00469333 |
| Cell Component level 4 | intracellular organelle part                           | 106 | 24.42% | 0.00487684 |
| Biol Process level 5   | cellular protein catabolic process                     | 11  | 2.53%  | 0.00517759 |
| Biol Process level 5   | modification-dependent macromolecule catabolic process | 11  | 2.53%  | 0.00517759 |
| Mol Function level 4   | NADH dehydrogenase activity                            | 9   | 2.07%  | 0.00539759 |
| Mol Function level 3   | oxidoreductase activity, acting on NADH or NADPH       | 10  | 2.30%  | 0.00560987 |
| Biol Process level 4   | protein catabolic process                              | 12  | 2.76%  | 0.00625428 |
| Biol Process level 5   | protein catabolic process                              | 12  | 2.76%  | 0.00649991 |
| Cell Component level 5 | intracellular organelle part                           | 106 | 24.42% | 0.00775429 |
| Cell Component level 3 | proteasome regulatory particle, base subcomplex        | 5   | 1.15%  | 0.0080292  |
| Biol Process level 4   | mitochondrial electron transport, NADH to ubiquinone   | 9   | 2.07%  | 0.00861519 |
| Cell Component level 3 | respiratory chain complex I                            | 9   | 2.07%  | 0.00881711 |
| Cell Component level 3 | NADH dehydrogenase complex (quinone)                   | 9   | 2.07%  | 0.00881711 |
| Cell Component level 4 | proteasome regulatory particle, base subcomplex        | 5   | 1.15%  | 0.00963485 |
| Cell Component level 5 | proteasome regulatory particle, base subcomplex        | 5   | 1.15%  | 0.0101182  |
| Biol Process level 1   | gene expression  | 86  | 19.82% | 0.01025009 |
| Biol Process level 4   | biopolymer catabolic process                           | 15  | 3.46%  | 0.01126867 |
| Cell Component level 4 | NADH dehydrogenase complex (quinone)                   | 9   | 2.07%  | 0.01186613 |
| Cell Component level 4 | respiratory chain complex I                            | 9   | 2.07%  | 0.01186613 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial respiratory chain complex I              | 9   | 2.07%  | 0.01186613 |
| Mol Function level 3   | peptidase activity                                     | 27  | 6.22%  | 0.01220242 |
| Cell Component level 5 | respiratory chain complex I                            | 9   | 2.07%  | 0.0128434  |
| Cell Component level 5 | NADH dehydrogenase complex (quinone)                   | 9   | 2.07%  | 0.0128434  |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial respiratory chain complex I              | 9   | 2.07%  | 0.0128434  |
| Mol Function level 2   | oxidoreductase activity                                | 39  | 8.99%  | 0.01325982 |
| Mol Function level 4   | magnesium ion binding                                  | 7   | 1.61%  | 0.0147554  |
| Mol Function level 1   | antioxidant activity                                   | 5   | 1.15%  | 0.01940609 |
| Mol Function level 5   | nucleoside diphosphate kinase activity                 | 3   | 0.69%  | 0.02160293 |
| Biol Process level 3   | translational initiation                               | 8   | 1.84%  | 0.02162925 |
| Cell Component level 3 | proton-transporting two-sector ATPase complex          | 9   | 2.07%  | 0.02188416 |
| Biol Process level 4   | alcohol biosynthetic process                           | 4   | 0.92%  | 0.02260778 |
| Mol Function level 3   | translation factor activity, nucleic acid binding      | 10  | 2.30%  | 0.02279624 |
| Biol Process level 5   | monosaccharide biosynthetic process                    | 4   | 0.92%  | 0.0229404  |
| Mol Function level 5   | ATPase activity, coupled to transmembrane movement     | 12  | 2.76%  | 0.02308302 |
| Biol Process level 5   | translational initiation                               | 8   | 1.84%  | 0.02450978 |
| Mol Function level 5   | threonine endopeptidase activity                       | 4   | 0.92%  | 0.02665398 |

|                        |  |    |       |            |
|------------------------|--|----|-------|------------|
| Mol Function level 2   | translation factor activity, nucleic acid binding              | 10 | 2.30% | 0.02676061 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial proton-transporting ATP synthase complex         | 4  | 0.92% | 0.02879394 |
| Cell Component level 4 | proton-transporting two-sector ATPase complex                  | 9  | 2.07% | 0.02879806 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial proton-transporting ATP synthase complex         | 4  | 0.92% | 0.02987292 |
| Biol Process level 3   | cofactor metabolic process                                     | 19 | 4.38% | 0.03046757 |
| Cell Component level 5 | proton-transporting two-sector ATPase complex                  | 9  | 2.07% | 0.03097504 |
| Mol Function level 3   | electron carrier activity                                      | 14 | 3.23% | 0.03102381 |
| Biol Process level 4   | cellular carbohydrate metabolic process                        | 18 | 4.15% | 0.03208603 |
| Cell Component level 4 | organellar small ribosomal subunit                             | 7  | 1.61% | 0.03288201 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial small ribosomal subunit                          | 7  | 1.61% | 0.03288201 |
| Cell Component level 3 | proton-transporting two-sector ATPase complex                  | 5  | 1.15% | 0.03312621 |
| Cell Component level 2 | organelle membrane   | 35 | 8.06% | 0.03342026 |
| Cell Component level 3 | organelle membrane   | 35 | 8.06% | 0.03360501 |
| Mol Function level 4   | hydrolase activity catalyzing transmembrane movement           | 12 | 2.76% | 0.0347517  |
| Cell Component level 5 | organellar small ribosomal subunit                             | 7  | 1.61% | 0.03489716 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial small ribosomal subunit                          | 7  | 1.61% | 0.03489716 |
| Mol Function level 1   | translation regulator activity                                 | 10 | 2.30% | 0.03668182 |
| Cell Component level 3 | proton-transporting ATP synthase complex, coupling factor F(o) | 4  | 0.92% | 0.0372693  |
| Cell Component level 4 | proton-transporting two-sector ATPase complex                  | 5  | 1.15% | 0.03908941 |
| Mol Function level 5   | glutathione peroxidase activity                                | 3  | 0.69% | 0.04072489 |
| Cell Component level 5 | proton-transporting two-sector ATPase complex                  | 5  | 1.15% | 0.04085865 |
| Cell Component level 4 | proton-transporting ATP synthase complex, coupling factor F(o) | 4  | 0.92% | 0.04257474 |
| Mol Function level 3   | glutathione peroxidase activity                                | 3  | 0.69% | 0.04349528 |
| Cell Component level 5 | proton-transporting ATP synthase complex, coupling factor F(o) | 4  | 0.92% | 0.04412134 |
| Biol Process level 3   | carbohydrate metabolic process                                 | 24 | 5.53% | 0.04495144 |
| Biol Process level 5   | nucleoside triphosphate biosynthetic process                   | 8  | 1.84% | 0.04508237 |



**Table S3.** Significantly enriched GO terms for genes with significantly higher gene expression in afternoon-collected foragers as compared to morning-collected foragers.

| GO Category            | GO Term  | Count | %      | PValue     |
|------------------------|--|-------|--------|------------|
| Biol Process level 3   | lipid metabolic process  | 31    | 7.51%  | 4.03E-05   |
| Biol Process level 2   | behavior   | 26    | 6.30%  | 1.21E-04   |
| Biol Process level 1   | localization   | 101   | 24.46% | 1.29E-04   |
| Mol Function level 5   | peptide-methionine-(S)-S-oxide reductase activity              | 5     | 1.21%  | 2.09E-04   |
| Mol Function level 4   | oxidoreductase activity, sulfur donors and disulfide acceptors | 5     | 1.21%  | 2.42E-04   |
| Biol Process level 1   | rhythmic process   | 10    | 2.42%  | 2.74E-04   |
| Cell Component level 4 | endoplasmic reticulum  | 22    | 5.33%  | 5.30E-04   |
| Cell Component level 5 | endoplasmic reticulum  | 22    | 5.33%  | 6.17E-04   |
| Mol Function level 2   | isomerase activity   | 13    | 3.15%  | 6.27E-04   |
| Biol Process level 2   | circadian rhythm   | 9     | 2.18%  | 0.0011106  |
| Biol Process level 1   | maintenance of localization                                    | 6     | 1.45%  | 0.00139154 |
| Biol Process level 2   | maintenance of localization                                    | 6     | 1.45%  | 0.00139674 |
| Biol Process level 4   | cellular lipid metabolic process                               | 23    | 5.57%  | 0.00146618 |
| Biol Process level 3   | cellular lipid metabolic process                               | 23    | 5.57%  | 0.00181973 |
| Biol Process level 2   | rhythmic behavior  | 8     | 1.94%  | 0.00183813 |
| Biol Process level 3   | rhythmic behavior  | 8     | 1.94%  | 0.00188592 |
| Biol Process level 1   | response to stimulus   | 48    | 11.62% | 0.00449752 |
| Mol Function level 3   | oxidoreductase activity, acting on sulfur group of donors      | 5     | 1.21%  | 0.00479187 |
| Mol Function level 3   | protein kinase regulator activity                              | 7     | 1.69%  | 0.00531099 |
| Mol Function level 2   | kinase regulator activity                                      | 8     | 1.94%  | 0.00548635 |
| Biol Process level 4   | circadian behavior   | 7     | 1.69%  | 0.00668732 |
| Biol Process level 3   | circadian behavior   | 7     | 1.69%  | 0.00721931 |
| Biol Process level 1   | biological adhesion  | 17    | 4.12%  | 0.00878023 |
| Biol Process level 2   | cell adhesion  | 17    | 4.12%  | 0.00883815 |
| Biol Process level 4   | maintenance of protein localization                            | 4     | 0.97%  | 0.0102032  |
| Biol Process level 5   | prosthetic group metabolic process                             | 5     | 1.21%  | 0.01024123 |
| Biol Process level 3   | chemosensory behavior  | 9     | 2.18%  | 0.01031096 |
| Biol Process level 2   | maintenance of protein localization                            | 4     | 0.97%  | 0.01052335 |
| Biol Process level 3   | maintenance of protein localization                            | 4     | 0.97%  | 0.01065562 |
| Biol Process level 4   | learning   | 7     | 1.69%  | 0.01075861 |
| Biol Process level 5   | establishment and/or maintenance of cytoskeleton polarity      | 6     | 1.45%  | 0.01102951 |
| Biol Process level 3   | prosthetic group metabolic process                             | 5     | 1.21%  | 0.01127528 |
| Biol Process level 4   | oocyte microtubule cytoskeleton organization                   | 6     | 1.45%  | 0.01158577 |
| Cell Component level 4 | endoplasmic reticulum part                                     | 10    | 2.42%  | 0.0117409  |
| Cell Component level 3 | endoplasmic reticulum part                                     | 10    | 2.42%  | 0.01181833 |
| Cell Component level 5 | endoplasmic reticulum part                                     | 10    | 2.42%  | 0.01262726 |
| Biol Process level 3   | learning and/or memory   | 9     | 2.18%  | 0.0143174  |
| Mol Function level 3   | lipid transporter activity                                     | 5     | 1.21%  | 0.01530148 |
| Biol Process level 2   | response to abiotic stimulus                                   | 14    | 3.39%  | 0.01646947 |
| Biol Process level 5   | oocyte axis determination                                      | 11    | 2.66%  | 0.0170473  |
| Biol Process level 5   | olfactory learning   | 6     | 1.45%  | 0.01802728 |
| Biol Process level 4   | oocyte axis determination                                      | 11    | 2.66%  | 0.01842518 |
| Mol Function level 5   | protein-methionine-R-oxide reductase activity                  | 3     | 0.73%  | 0.01914839 |
| Cell Component level 4 | germline ring canal  | 4     | 0.97%  | 0.02017843 |
| Cell Component level 3 | germline ring canal  | 4     | 0.97%  | 0.0201915  |

|                        |                                   |    |        |            |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|----|--------|------------|
| Cell Component level 3 | intercellular bridge              | 4  | 0.97%  | 0.0201915  |
| Cell Component level 2 | intercellular bridge              | 4  | 0.97%  | 0.02042452 |
| Biol Process level 4   | sequestering of lipid             | 3  | 0.73%  | 0.02066872 |
| Biol Process level 5   | oocyte construction               | 11 | 2.66%  | 0.02151818 |
| Biol Process level 2   | response to chemical stimulus     | 17 | 4.12%  | 0.02155979 |
| Biol Process level 3   | locomotory behavior               | 11 | 2.66%  | 0.02289151 |
| Biol Process level 1   | establishment of localization     | 79 | 19.13% | 0.02345202 |
| Biol Process level 2   | transport                         | 78 | 18.89% | 0.02353548 |
| Biol Process level 2   | establishment of localization     | 79 | 19.13% | 0.02366241 |
| Biol Process level 5   | oocyte development                | 11 | 2.66%  | 0.02404916 |
| Biol Process level 2   | cell motility                     | 17 | 4.12%  | 0.02526339 |
| Biol Process level 3   | oocyte construction               | 11 | 2.66%  | 0.02561518 |
| Biol Process level 3   | transport                         | 78 | 18.89% | 0.02584794 |
| Biol Process level 2   | sleep                             | 4  | 0.97%  | 0.02585659 |
| Biol Process level 4   | oocyte development                | 11 | 2.66%  | 0.025918   |
| Biol Process level 3   | cell motility                     | 17 | 4.12%  | 0.02619635 |
| Biol Process level 4   | lipid transport                   | 6  | 1.45%  | 0.02874319 |
| Biol Process level 3   | lipid transport                   | 6  | 1.45%  | 0.03051321 |
| Biol Process level 1   | multicellular organismal process  | 90 | 21.79% | 0.03051333 |
| Biol Process level 5   | germ cell development             | 13 | 3.15%  | 0.03137042 |
| Mol Function level 2   | oxidoreductase activity           | 34 | 8.23%  | 0.03230924 |
| Cell Component level 1 | extracellular region              | 14 | 3.39%  | 0.03286903 |
| Biol Process level 4   | germ cell development             | 13 | 3.15%  | 0.03404026 |
| Biol Process level 2   | localization of cell              | 17 | 4.12%  | 0.03408011 |
| Biol Process level 1   | developmental process             | 85 | 20.58% | 0.03416661 |
| Cell Component level 4 | integral to membrane              | 53 | 12.83% | 0.0349069  |
| Biol Process level 3   | response to wounding              | 4  | 0.97%  | 0.03677415 |
| Cell Component level 4 | intrinsic to membrane             | 53 | 12.83% | 0.03768409 |
| Biol Process level 3   | germ cell development             | 13 | 3.15%  | 0.03783865 |
| Biol Process level 2   | response to external stimulus     | 12 | 2.91%  | 0.03926042 |
| Biol Process level 5   | cell redox homeostasis            | 6  | 1.45%  | 0.03954847 |
| Cell Component level 3 | intrinsic to membrane             | 53 | 12.83% | 0.03983332 |
| Biol Process level 4   | axis specification                | 13 | 3.15%  | 0.04037106 |
| Cell Component level 5 | integral to membrane              | 53 | 12.83% | 0.04234256 |
| Biol Process level 4   | oocyte differentiation            | 11 | 2.66%  | 0.0428938  |
| Biol Process level 3   | cell redox homeostasis            | 6  | 1.45%  | 0.04377332 |
| Biol Process level 3   | axis specification                | 13 | 3.15%  | 0.04476133 |
| Biol Process level 5   | membrane lipid metabolic process  | 9  | 2.18%  | 0.04540093 |
| Cell Component level 5 | intrinsic to membrane             | 53 | 12.83% | 0.04561559 |
| Biol Process level 5   | nerve-nerve synaptic transmission | 4  | 0.97%  | 0.04594905 |
| Biol Process level 4   | membrane lipid metabolic process  | 9  | 2.18%  | 0.04818339 |

**Table S4.** Significantly enriched GO terms for genes differentially expressed between morning- and afternoon-trained foragers.

| GO Category            | GO Term  | Count | %      | PValue     |
|------------------------|--|-------|--------|------------|
| Biol Process level 5   | mesoderm development                                     | 6     | 8.70%  | 0.00125436 |
| Biol Process level 4   | mesoderm development                                     | 6     | 8.70%  | 0.00155513 |
| Biol Process level 2   | catabolic process  | 10    | 14.49% | 0.00370188 |
| Mol Function level 5   | phosphoric diester hydrolase activity                    | 4     | 5.80%  | 0.0040843  |
| Mol Function level 2   | kinase regulator activity                                | 4     | 5.80%  | 0.00883697 |
| Biol Process level 3   | macromolecule catabolic process                          | 7     | 10.14% | 0.01226181 |
| Biol Process level 3   | cellular catabolic process                               | 8     | 11.59% | 0.02176575 |
| Biol Process level 5   | tissue development                                       | 6     | 8.70%  | 0.02217571 |
| Biol Process level 4   | tissue development                                       | 6     | 8.70%  | 0.02661243 |
| Mol Function level 3   | oxidoreductase activity, acting on CH-CH group of donors | 3     | 4.35%  | 0.02812104 |
| Biol Process level 3   | tissue development                                       | 6     | 8.70%  | 0.02948445 |
| Biol Process level 4   | carbohydrate catabolic process                           | 4     | 5.80%  | 0.0315342  |
| Mol Function level 2   | two-component response regulator activity                | 2     | 2.90%  | 0.03198469 |
| Mol Function level 5   | fructose-bisphosphate aldolase activity                  | 2     | 2.90%  | 0.03513494 |
| Mol Function level 3   | two-component response regulator activity                | 2     | 2.90%  | 0.03527912 |
| Biol Process level 4   | response to heat   | 3     | 4.35%  | 0.04237111 |
| Cell Component level 3 | organelle inner membrane                                 | 6     | 8.70%  | 0.04409891 |
| Biol Process level 3   | response to heat   | 3     | 4.35%  | 0.0444005  |
| Mol Function level 3   | protein kinase regulator activity                        | 3     | 4.35%  | 0.04809975 |

**Table S5.** Significantly enriched GO terms for genes with significantly higher gene expression in morning-trained foragers as compared to afternoon-trained foragers.

| GO Category          | GO Term                                 | Count | %      | PValue     |
|----------------------|---|-------|--------|------------|
| Mol Function level 2 | kinase regulator activity               | 3     | 12.00% | 0.01142202 |
| Mol Function level 5 | fructose-bisphosphate aldolase activity | 2     | 8.00%  | 0.0152706  |
| Biol Process level 2 | catabolic process                       | 5     | 20.00% | 0.02684746 |
| Biol Process level 4 | carbohydrate catabolic process          | 3     | 12.00% | 0.02913609 |
| Mol Function level 4 | aldehyde-lyase activity                 | 2     | 8.00%  | 0.03447943 |
| Biol Process level 3 | macromolecule catabolic process         | 4     | 16.00% | 0.03520985 |
| Mol Function level 3 | kinase inhibitor activity               | 2     | 8.00%  | 0.04118181 |
| Biol Process level 4 | mesoderm development                    | 3     | 12.00% | 0.04396019 |
| Biol Process level 5 | mesoderm development                    | 3     | 12.00% | 0.04722053 |



**Table S6.** Significantly enriched GO terms for genes with significantly higher gene expression in afternoon-trained foragers as compared to morning-trained foragers.

| GO Category            | GO Term  | Count | %      | PValue     |
|------------------------|--|-------|--------|------------|
| Biol Process level 5   | nucleotide metabolic process                                 | 5     | 11.11% | 0.00811953 |
| Mol Function level 3   | oxidoreductase activity, acting on the CH-CH group of donors | 3     | 6.67%  | 0.0108935  |
| Biol Process level 2   | response to abiotic stimulus                                 | 5     | 11.11% | 0.01128647 |
| Biol Process level 4   | response to heat   | 3     | 6.67%  | 0.01691561 |
| Biol Process level 3   | response to heat   | 3     | 6.67%  | 0.01835818 |
| Biol Process level 4   | nucleobase, nucleoside and nucleotide metabolic process      | 5     | 11.11% | 0.01915743 |
| Mol Function level 2   | two-component response regulator activity                    | 2     | 4.44%  | 0.01991376 |
| Mol Function level 3   | two-component response regulator activity                    | 2     | 4.44%  | 0.02151968 |
| Biol Process level 3   | response to temperature stimulus                             | 3     | 6.67%  | 0.02428874 |
| Biol Process level 5   | establishment and/or maintenance of chromatin architecture   | 4     | 8.89%  | 0.02540583 |
| Biol Process level 5   | DNA packaging  | 4     | 8.89%  | 0.02540583 |
| Cell Component level 3 | organelle inner membrane                                     | 5     | 11.11% | 0.04087235 |
| Biol Process level 4   | two-component signal transduction system (phosphorelay)      | 2     | 4.44%  | 0.04215106 |
| Cell Component level 4 | organelle inner membrane                                     | 5     | 11.11% | 0.04441127 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial inner membrane                                 | 5     | 11.11% | 0.04441127 |
| Cell Component level 2 | organelle membrane   | 7     | 15.56% | 0.04446571 |
| Cell Component level 3 | organelle membrane   | 7     | 15.56% | 0.0445454  |
| Cell Component level 3 | mitochondrial part   | 7     | 15.56% | 0.04529472 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial inner membrane                                 | 5     | 11.11% | 0.04837859 |
| Cell Component level 5 | organelle inner membrane                                     | 5     | 11.11% | 0.04837859 |
| Cell Component level 4 | organelle membrane   | 7     | 15.56% | 0.04944547 |

**Table S7.** Significantly enriched GO terms for genes differentially expressed between active (anticipating a food reward) and inactive foragers.

| GO Category            | GO Term   | Count | %      | PValue   |
|------------------------|---|-------|--------|----------|
| Mol Function level 2   | structural constituent of ribosome                  | 91    | 7.97%  | 5.70E-28 |
| Cell Component level 3 | ribosome  | 90    | 7.88%  | 3.53E-26 |
| Cell Component level 4 | ribosome  | 90    | 7.88%  | 6.54E-25 |
| Cell Component level 3 | ribosomal subunit                                   | 80    | 7.01%  | 1.82E-24 |
| Cell Component level 5 | ribosome  | 90    | 7.88%  | 2.45E-24 |
| Cell Component level 4 | ribosomal subunit                                   | 80    | 7.01%  | 2.57E-23 |
| Cell Component level 5 | ribosomal subunit                                   | 80    | 7.01%  | 8.46E-23 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytosolic ribosome (sensu Eukaryota)                | 51    | 4.47%  | 1.36E-21 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosolic ribosome (sensu Eukaryota)                | 51    | 4.47%  | 3.11E-21 |
| Cell Component level 2 | ribonucleoprotein complex                           | 109   | 9.54%  | 2.08E-18 |
| Cell Component level 3 | ribonucleoprotein complex                           | 109   | 9.54%  | 2.15E-18 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytosolic part                                      | 57    | 4.99%  | 6.49E-18 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosolic part                                      | 57    | 4.99%  | 1.53E-17 |
| Cell Component level 4 | ribonucleoprotein complex                           | 109   | 9.54%  | 4.26E-17 |
| Biol Process level 2   | translation   | 111   | 9.72%  | 1.08E-16 |
| Cell Component level 5 | ribonucleoprotein complex                           | 109   | 9.54%  | 2.75E-16 |
| Cell Component level 1 | macromolecular complex                              | 285   | 24.96% | 2.80E-16 |
| Biol Process level 5   | translation   | 111   | 9.72%  | 3.17E-16 |
| Biol Process level 4   | translation   | 111   | 9.72%  | 4.11E-16 |
| Biol Process level 3   | cellular biosynthetic process                       | 174   | 15.24% | 5.28E-16 |
| Mol Function level 1   | structural molecule activity                        | 109   | 9.54%  | 5.67E-15 |
| Cell Component level 3 | cytoplasmic part                                    | 276   | 24.17% | 1.34E-13 |
| Cell Component level 3 | cytoplasm   | 319   | 27.93% | 4.17E-13 |
| Cell Component level 3 | small ribosomal subunit                             | 35    | 3.06%  | 1.23E-12 |
| Biol Process level 3   | macromolecule biosynthetic process                  | 126   | 11.03% | 1.99E-12 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosolic large ribosomal subunit (sensu Eukaryota) | 31    | 2.71%  | 2.88E-12 |
| Cell Component level 4 | small ribosomal subunit                             | 35    | 3.06%  | 4.24E-12 |
| Cell Component level 5 | small ribosomal subunit                             | 35    | 3.06%  | 7.25E-12 |
| Biol Process level 2   | biosynthetic process                                | 184   | 16.11% | 8.12E-12 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytoplasmic part                                    | 276   | 24.17% | 1.78E-11 |
| Cell Component level 4 | large ribosomal subunit                             | 46    | 4.03%  | 3.27E-11 |
| Cell Component level 5 | large ribosomal subunit                             | 46    | 4.03%  | 6.20E-11 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytoplasm   | 319   | 27.93% | 8.49E-11 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytoplasmic part                                    | 276   | 24.17% | 1.86E-10 |
| Cell Component level 3 | mitochondrial part                                  | 102   | 8.93%  | 6.03E-10 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytoplasm   | 319   | 27.93% | 1.18E-09 |
| Cell Component level 2 | non-membrane-bound organelle                        | 137   | 12.00% | 1.43E-09 |
| Cell Component level 3 | intracellular non-membrane-bound organelle          | 137   | 12.00% | 1.47E-09 |
| Cell Component level 2 | organelle part                                      | 256   | 22.42% | 1.81E-09 |
| Cell Component level 2 | intracellular organelle part                        | 255   | 22.33% | 2.42E-09 |
| Cell Component level 3 | intracellular organelle part                        | 255   | 22.33% | 2.57E-09 |
| Cell Component level 1 | organelle part                                      | 256   | 22.42% | 3.86E-09 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytosol   | 69    | 6.04%  | 4.98E-09 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial part                                  | 102   | 8.93%  | 6.20E-09 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytosolic small ribosomal subunit (sensu Eukaryota) | 20    | 1.75%  | 6.65E-09 |

|                        |   |     |        |          |
|------------------------|---|-----|--------|----------|
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosolic small ribosomal subunit (sensu Eukaryota)   | 20  | 1.75%  | 9.13E-09 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosol   | 69  | 6.04%  | 1.09E-08 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial part                                    | 102 | 8.93%  | 1.71E-08 |
| Biol Process level 3   | oxidative phosphorylation                             | 45  | 3.94%  | 2.04E-08 |
| Cell Component level 4 | intracellular non-membrane-bound organelle            | 137 | 12.00% | 2.32E-08 |
| Cell Component level 3 | mitochondrial membrane part                           | 45  | 3.94%  | 3.56E-08 |
| Cell Component level 2 | protein complex                                       | 214 | 18.74% | 4.29E-08 |
| Cell Component level 5 | intracellular non-membrane-bound organelle            | 137 | 12.00% | 7.73E-08 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial membrane part                           | 45  | 3.94%  | 1.28E-07 |
| Cell Component level 4 | intracellular organelle part                          | 255 | 22.33% | 1.52E-07 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrion   | 115 | 10.07% | 1.77E-07 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial membrane part                           | 45  | 3.94%  | 2.22E-07 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrion   | 115 | 10.07% | 4.89E-07 |
| Cell Component level 5 | intracellular organelle part                          | 255 | 22.33% | 9.48E-07 |
| Mol Function level 3   | substrate-specific transmembrane transporter activity | 94  | 8.23%  | 1.83E-06 |
| Biol Process level 2   | generation of precursor metabolites and energy        | 67  | 5.87%  | 2.82E-06 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial respiratory chain                       | 29  | 2.54%  | 1.15E-05 |
| Cell Component level 4 | lipid particle  | 42  | 3.68%  | 1.50E-05 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial respiratory chain                       | 29  | 2.54%  | 1.65E-05 |
| Cell Component level 3 | mitochondrial lumen                                   | 45  | 3.94%  | 2.17E-05 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial ribosome                                | 31  | 2.71%  | 2.18E-05 |
| Cell Component level 4 | organellar ribosome                                   | 31  | 2.71%  | 2.18E-05 |
| Cell Component level 5 | lipid particle  | 42  | 3.68%  | 2.38E-05 |
| Mol Function level 5   | cation transmembrane transporter activity             | 64  | 5.60%  | 2.89E-05 |
| Cell Component level 3 | mitochondrial envelope                                | 58  | 5.08%  | 3.15E-05 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial ribosome                                | 31  | 2.71%  | 3.15E-05 |
| Cell Component level 5 | organellar ribosome                                   | 31  | 2.71%  | 3.15E-05 |
| Cell Component level 3 | mitochondrial membrane                                | 53  | 4.64%  | 5.91E-05 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial matrix                                  | 45  | 3.94%  | 6.35E-05 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial lumen                                   | 45  | 3.94%  | 6.35E-05 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial matrix                                  | 45  | 3.94%  | 9.99E-05 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial lumen                                   | 45  | 3.94%  | 9.99E-05 |
| Cell Component level 3 | organelle inner membrane                              | 49  | 4.29%  | 1.02E-04 |
| Biol Process level 5   | organelle ATP synthesis coupled electron transport    | 25  | 2.19%  | 1.02E-04 |
| Biol Process level 4   | ATP synthesis coupled electron transport              | 25  | 2.19%  | 1.08E-04 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial envelope                                | 58  | 5.08%  | 1.09E-04 |
| Mol Function level 2   | substrate-specific transporter activity               | 101 | 8.84%  | 1.20E-04 |
| Cell Component level 2 | intracellular organelle                               | 367 | 32.14% | 1.41E-04 |
| Cell Component level 3 | intracellular organelle                               | 367 | 32.14% | 1.49E-04 |
| Cell Component level 2 | intracellular part                                    | 434 | 38.00% | 1.57E-04 |
| Mol Function level 4   | ion transmembrane transporter activity                | 72  | 6.30%  | 1.60E-04 |
| Cell Component level 3 | intracellular part                                    | 434 | 38.00% | 1.68E-04 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial envelope                                | 58  | 5.08%  | 1.83E-04 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial membrane                                | 53  | 4.64%  | 1.85E-04 |
| Biol Process level 3   | electron transport                                    | 47  | 4.12%  | 1.91E-04 |
| Cell Component level 1 | organelle   | 368 | 32.22% | 2.48E-04 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial inner membrane                          | 49  | 4.29%  | 2.94E-04 |
| Cell Component level 4 | organelle inner membrane                              | 49  | 4.29%  | 2.94E-04 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial membrane                                | 53  | 4.64%  | 2.98E-04 |
| Mol Function level 2   | oxidoreductase activity                               | 92  | 8.06%  | 3.30E-04 |

|                        |  |     |        |            |
|------------------------|--|-----|--------|------------|
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial small ribosomal subunit                    | 15  | 1.31%  | 4.07E-04   |
| Cell Component level 4 | organellar small ribosomal subunit                       | 15  | 1.31%  | 4.07E-04   |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial inner membrane                             | 49  | 4.29%  | 4.59E-04   |
| Cell Component level 5 | organelle inner membrane                                 | 49  | 4.29%  | 4.59E-04   |
| Mol Function level 4   | primary active transmembrane transporter activity        | 33  | 2.89%  | 4.92E-04   |
| Mol Function level 5   | P-P-bond-hydrolysis-driven transmembrane transport       | 33  | 2.89%  | 4.92E-04   |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial small ribosomal subunit                    | 15  | 1.31%  | 4.96E-04   |
| Cell Component level 5 | organellar small ribosomal subunit                       | 15  | 1.31%  | 4.96E-04   |
| Mol Function level 2   | transmembrane transporter activity                       | 99  | 8.67%  | 6.91E-04   |
| Biol Process level 3   | protein metabolic process                                | 261 | 22.85% | 0.00126707 |
| Biol Process level 5   | phosphorylation  | 78  | 6.83%  | 0.00178591 |
| Mol Function level 3   | active transmembrane transporter activity                | 51  | 4.47%  | 0.00191717 |
| Mol Function level 1   | transporter activity                                     | 115 | 10.07% | 0.00207422 |
| Mol Function level 5   | ATPase activity, coupled to transmembrane movement       | 22  | 1.93%  | 0.00211804 |
| Biol Process level 2   | behavior   | 47  | 4.12%  | 0.00223009 |
| Cell Component level 2 | organelle envelope                                       | 61  | 5.34%  | 0.00234895 |
| Cell Component level 3 | organelle envelope                                       | 61  | 5.34%  | 0.0023744  |
| Biol Process level 1   | metabolic process  | 526 | 46.06% | 0.00260611 |
| Cell Component level 1 | envelope   | 61  | 5.34%  | 0.00265565 |
| Cell Component level 2 | organelle membrane                                       | 79  | 6.92%  | 0.00281059 |
| Cell Component level 3 | organelle membrane                                       | 79  | 6.92%  | 0.00284594 |
| Biol Process level 5   | protein import into mitochondrion                        | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.003261   |
| Biol Process level 5   | inner mitochondrial membrane organization and biogenesis | 6   | 0.53%  | 0.00371197 |
| Biol Process level 2   | cellular metabolic process                               | 483 | 42.29% | 0.00374652 |
| Cell Component level 3 | proton-transporting two-sector ATPase complex            | 17  | 1.49%  | 0.00445366 |
| Biol Process level 4   | cellular protein metabolic process                       | 249 | 21.80% | 0.0050558  |
| Mol Function level 3   | heme-copper terminal oxidase activity                    | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.00509952 |
| Mol Function level 3   | oxidoreductase activity, acting on heme group of donors  | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.00509952 |
| Biol Process level 5   | ATP biosynthetic process                                 | 15  | 1.31%  | 0.00512462 |
| Mol Function level 4   | cytochrome-c oxidase activity                            | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.00579376 |
| Mol Function level 4   | oxidoreductase activity, acting on diphenols             | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.00579376 |
| Mol Function level 4   | oxidoreductase activity, acting on heme group of donors  | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.00579376 |
| Mol Function level 5   | cytochrome-c oxidase activity                            | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.00585609 |
| Mol Function level 5   | ubiquinol-cytochrome-c reductase activity                | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.00585609 |
| Mol Function level 4   | P-P-bond-hydrolysis-driven protein transmembrane         | 10  | 0.88%  | 0.00600908 |
| Mol Function level 4   | macromolecule transmembrane transporter activity         | 10  | 0.88%  | 0.00600908 |
| Mol Function level 5   | P-P-bond-hydrolysis-driven protein transmembrane         | 10  | 0.88%  | 0.00608475 |
| Cell Component level 4 | organelle envelope                                       | 61  | 5.34%  | 0.00643863 |
| Cell Component level 4 | proton-transporting two-sector ATPase complex            | 17  | 1.49%  | 0.00688363 |
| Biol Process level 4   | ATP synthesis coupled proton transport                   | 14  | 1.23%  | 0.00751167 |
| Biol Process level 4   | ATP metabolic process                                    | 15  | 1.31%  | 0.00755139 |
| Cell Component level 5 | proton-transporting two-sector ATPase complex            | 17  | 1.49%  | 0.00826083 |
| Cell Component level 4 | intracellular organelle                                  | 367 | 32.14% | 0.00833753 |
| Cell Component level 4 | organelle membrane                                       | 79  | 6.92%  | 0.00891679 |
| Biol Process level 3   | cellular macromolecule metabolic process                 | 250 | 21.89% | 0.00897113 |
| Cell Component level 2 | intracellular  | 455 | 39.84% | 0.00931126 |
| Cell Component level 5 | organelle envelope                                       | 61  | 5.34%  | 0.00966937 |
| Cell Component level 3 | receptor complex   | 6   | 0.53%  | 0.00983784 |
| Cell Component level 3 | intracellular  | 455 | 39.84% | 0.00985202 |
| Mol Function level 3   | oxidoreductase activity, acting on diphenols             | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.01039086 |

|                        |   |     |        |            |
|------------------------|---|-----|--------|------------|
| Biol Process level 5   | mitochondrial membrane organization and biogenesis    | 6   | 0.53%  | 0.0104365  |
| Biol Process level 4   | mitochondrial membrane organization and biogenesis    | 6   | 0.53%  | 0.01057777 |
| Mol Function level 4   | oxidoreductase activity, acting on sulfur group       | 5   | 0.44%  | 0.01060067 |
| Mol Function level 5   | glycerol kinase activity                              | 5   | 0.44%  | 0.01069085 |
| Mol Function level 5   | peptide-methionine-(S)-S-oxide reductase activity     | 5   | 0.44%  | 0.01069085 |
| Cell Component level 3 | proton-transporting two-sector ATPase complex         | 9   | 0.79%  | 0.01190875 |
| Mol Function level 3   | protein transmembrane transporter activity            | 11  | 0.96%  | 0.01216651 |
| Mol Function level 4   | NADH dehydrogenase activity                           | 14  | 1.23%  | 0.01222356 |
| Cell Component level 3 | mitochondrial intermembrane space protein transporter | 5   | 0.44%  | 0.01249826 |
| Biol Process level 3   | chemosensory behavior                                 | 16  | 1.40%  | 0.01266062 |
| Biol Process level 1   | rhythmic process                                      | 13  | 1.14%  | 0.01362369 |
| Biol Process level 3   | phosphorus metabolic process                          | 88  | 7.71%  | 0.01441563 |
| Mol Function level 4   | protein transmembrane transporter activity            | 11  | 0.96%  | 0.01441993 |
| Biol Process level 5   | second-messenger-mediated signaling                   | 14  | 1.23%  | 0.01446285 |
| Cell Component level 3 | respiratory chain complex III                         | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.0146282  |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial intermembrane space protein transporter | 5   | 0.44%  | 0.01463859 |
| Mol Function level 4   | hydrolase activity, acting on acid anhydrides         | 24  | 2.10%  | 0.01464271 |
| Biol Process level 5   | purine nucleotide biosynthetic process                | 19  | 1.66%  | 0.01473813 |
| Cell Component level 4 | proton-transporting two-sector ATPase complex         | 9   | 0.79%  | 0.01542169 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial intermembrane space protein transport   | 5   | 0.44%  | 0.01565371 |
| Cell Component level 5 | proton-transporting two-sector ATPase complex         | 9   | 0.79%  | 0.01719572 |
| Cell Component level 3 | respiratory chain complex I                           | 14  | 1.23%  | 0.01757455 |
| Cell Component level 3 | NADH dehydrogenase complex (quinone)                  | 14  | 1.23%  | 0.01757455 |
| Cell Component level 4 | respiratory chain complex III                         | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.01803561 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial respiratory chain complex III           | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.01803561 |
| Biol Process level 3   | response to organic substance                         | 8   | 0.70%  | 0.01816016 |
| Biol Process level 4   | phosphate metabolic process                           | 88  | 7.71%  | 0.01817947 |
| Biol Process level 3   | cofactor metabolic process                            | 40  | 3.50%  | 0.01884778 |
| Biol Process level 2   | rhythmic behavior                                     | 11  | 0.96%  | 0.01963692 |
| Cell Component level 5 | respiratory chain complex III                         | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.01970325 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial respiratory chain complex III           | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.01970325 |
| Cell Component level 2 | membrane part   | 177 | 15.50% | 0.02037799 |
| Biol Process level 3   | rhythmic behavior                                     | 11  | 0.96%  | 0.02048539 |
| Cell Component level 3 | membrane part   | 177 | 15.50% | 0.02059484 |
| Cell Component level 3 | respiratory chain complex IV                          | 6   | 0.53%  | 0.02117925 |
| Biol Process level 3   | hydrogen transport                                    | 16  | 1.40%  | 0.02177763 |
| Biol Process level 4   | mitochondrial electron transport, ubiquinol to cyt    | 6   | 0.53%  | 0.02268189 |
| Biol Process level 5   | proton transport                                      | 16  | 1.40%  | 0.02300102 |
| Cell Component level 4 | intracellular part                                    | 434 | 38.00% | 0.02312098 |
| Cell Component level 3 | nuclear envelope-endoplasmic reticulum network        | 14  | 1.23%  | 0.02340239 |
| Cell Component level 3 | endoplasmic reticulum membrane                        | 14  | 1.23%  | 0.02340239 |
| Biol Process level 4   | hydrogen transport                                    | 16  | 1.40%  | 0.023625   |
| Biol Process level 4   | proton transport                                      | 16  | 1.40%  | 0.023625   |
| Mol Function level 5   | ATPase activity, coupled to transmembrane movement    | 23  | 2.01%  | 0.02412427 |
| Biol Process level 4   | cofactor biosynthetic process                         | 24  | 2.10%  | 0.02426565 |
| Biol Process level 5   | nucleoside triphosphate biosynthetic process          | 15  | 1.31%  | 0.02450949 |
| Cell Component level 4 | respiratory chain complex I                           | 14  | 1.23%  | 0.02466606 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial respiratory chain complex I             | 14  | 1.23%  | 0.02466606 |
| Cell Component level 4 | NADH dehydrogenase complex (quinone)                  | 14  | 1.23%  | 0.02466606 |
| Cell Component level 4 | respiratory chain complex IV                          | 6   | 0.53%  | 0.02533392 |

|                        |   |     |        |            |
|------------------------|---|-----|--------|------------|
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial respiratory chain complex IV                | 6   | 0.53%  | 0.02533392 |
| Biol Process level 2   | maintenance of localization                               | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.02592449 |
| Biol Process level 1   | maintenance of localization                               | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.02617627 |
| Biol Process level 2   | circadian rhythm  | 12  | 1.05%  | 0.02640219 |
| Mol Function level 3   | oxidoreductase activity, acting on NADH or NADPH          | 15  | 1.31%  | 0.02646726 |
| Biol Process level 4   | mitochondrial electron transport, NADH to ubiquinone      | 14  | 1.23%  | 0.02664953 |
| Cell Component level 5 | respiratory chain complex IV                              | 6   | 0.53%  | 0.02732597 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial respiratory chain complex IV                | 6   | 0.53%  | 0.02732597 |
| Biol Process level 1   | gene expression   | 192 | 16.81% | 0.02737367 |
| Biol Process level 5   | male mating behavior                                      | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.0275266  |
| Biol Process level 5   | male courtship behavior                                   | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.0275266  |
| Biol Process level 4   | male mating behavior                                      | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.02791984 |
| Cell Component level 5 | respiratory chain complex I                               | 14  | 1.23%  | 0.02841158 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial respiratory chain complex I                 | 14  | 1.23%  | 0.02841158 |
| Cell Component level 5 | NADH dehydrogenase complex (quinone)                      | 14  | 1.23%  | 0.02841158 |
| Mol Function level 3   | oxidoreductase activity, acting on sulfur group of donors | 6   | 0.53%  | 0.02921014 |
| Biol Process level 2   | maintenance of protein localization                       | 5   | 0.44%  | 0.03055749 |
| Biol Process level 5   | protein targeting to mitochondrion                        | 10  | 0.88%  | 0.0307241  |
| Biol Process level 5   | fatty acid biosynthetic process                           | 9   | 0.79%  | 0.03086923 |
| Biol Process level 3   | maintenance of protein localization                       | 5   | 0.44%  | 0.03123295 |
| Biol Process level 4   | fatty acid biosynthetic process                           | 9   | 0.79%  | 0.03140034 |
| Mol Function level 4   | rRNA binding  | 6   | 0.53%  | 0.03225806 |
| Biol Process level 4   | maintenance of protein localization                       | 5   | 0.44%  | 0.03229064 |
| Cell Component level 4 | endoplasmic reticulum membrane                            | 14  | 1.23%  | 0.03249691 |
| Cell Component level 4 | nuclear envelope-endoplasmic reticulum network            | 14  | 1.23%  | 0.03249691 |
| Biol Process level 4   | coenzyme metabolic process                                | 36  | 3.15%  | 0.03479011 |
| Biol Process level 3   | ion transport   | 49  | 4.29%  | 0.03709245 |
| Cell Component level 5 | endoplasmic reticulum membrane                            | 14  | 1.23%  | 0.03725468 |
| Cell Component level 5 | nuclear envelope-endoplasmic reticulum network            | 14  | 1.23%  | 0.03725468 |
| Mol Function level 4   | oxidoreductase activity, acting on NADH or NADPH          | 11  | 0.96%  | 0.03780262 |
| Mol Function level 4   | hydrolase activity, acting on carbon-nitrogen             | 4   | 0.35%  | 0.03819229 |
| Mol Function level 5   | NADH dehydrogenase (quinone) activity                     | 11  | 0.96%  | 0.0382706  |
| Cell Component level 5 | intracellular organelle                                   | 367 | 32.14% | 0.03933067 |
| Mol Function level 3   | transferase activity, transferring alkyl or aryl          | 9   | 0.79%  | 0.03960956 |
| Biol Process level 2   | behavioral interaction between organisms                  | 10  | 0.88%  | 0.03965328 |
| Biol Process level 3   | behavioral interaction between organisms                  | 10  | 0.88%  | 0.04112891 |
| Biol Process level 3   | circadian behavior  | 10  | 0.88%  | 0.04112891 |
| Biol Process level 3   | mating behavior   | 10  | 0.88%  | 0.04112891 |
| Cell Component level 3 | mitochondrial inner membrane presequence translocation    | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.04162373 |
| Biol Process level 5   | cation transport  | 42  | 3.68%  | 0.04181734 |
| Biol Process level 4   | ion transport   | 49  | 4.29%  | 0.04297774 |
| Biol Process level 4   | mating behavior   | 10  | 0.88%  | 0.04346654 |
| Biol Process level 4   | circadian behavior  | 10  | 0.88%  | 0.04346654 |
| Biol Process level 5   | coenzyme biosynthetic process                             | 21  | 1.84%  | 0.04355447 |
| Biol Process level 4   | cation transport  | 42  | 3.68%  | 0.04379238 |
| Biol Process level 5   | carboxylic acid biosynthetic process                      | 9   | 0.79%  | 0.04425238 |
| Biol Process level 5   | polyamine metabolic process                               | 4   | 0.35%  | 0.0447209  |
| Biol Process level 4   | organic acid biosynthetic process                         | 9   | 0.79%  | 0.04497894 |
| Mol Function level 3   | electron carrier activity                                 | 26  | 2.28%  | 0.04503005 |
| Biol Process level 5   | ribonucleotide biosynthetic process                       | 18  | 1.58%  | 0.04722269 |



|                        |  |     |        |            |
|------------------------|--|-----|--------|------------|
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial large ribosomal subunit                  | 15  | 1.31%  | 0.04984605 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial inner membrane presequence translocation | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.05029691 |
| Mol Function level 2   | cofactor binding                                       | 20  | 1.75%  | 0.05228223 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial inner membrane presequence translocation | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.05446045 |
| Biol Process level 2   | response to chemical stimulus                          | 34  | 2.98%  | 0.05570218 |
| Mol Function level 2   | vitamin binding  | 8   | 0.70%  | 0.0559328  |
| Cell Component level 2 | organelle lumen  | 78  | 6.83%  | 0.05593952 |
| Cell Component level 3 | organelle lumen  | 78  | 6.83%  | 0.05642301 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial large ribosomal subunit                  | 15  | 1.31%  | 0.05701616 |
| Cell Component level 5 | organellar large ribosomal subunit                     | 15  | 1.31%  | 0.05701616 |
| Cell Component level 3 | proton-transporting ATP synthase complex               | 5   | 0.44%  | 0.05809564 |
| Biol Process level 5   | courtship behavior                                     | 9   | 0.79%  | 0.06094721 |
| Biol Process level 5   | olfactory learning                                     | 9   | 0.79%  | 0.06094721 |
| Biol Process level 4   | mitochondrial electron transport, cytochrome c         | 5   | 0.44%  | 0.06124114 |
| Cell Component level 1 | membrane-enclosed lumen                                | 78  | 6.83%  | 0.06154189 |
| Biol Process level 4   | courtship behavior                                     | 9   | 0.79%  | 0.06190089 |
| Biol Process level 5   | monocarboxylic acid metabolic process                  | 20  | 1.75%  | 0.06658385 |
| Cell Component level 4 | proton-transporting ATP synthase complex               | 5   | 0.44%  | 0.06675536 |
| Cell Component level 4 | rough endoplasmic reticulum membrane                   | 5   | 0.44%  | 0.06675536 |
| Cell Component level 5 | proton-transporting ATP synthase complex               | 5   | 0.44%  | 0.07078346 |
| Cell Component level 5 | rough endoplasmic reticulum                            | 5   | 0.44%  | 0.07078346 |
| Cell Component level 5 | rough endoplasmic reticulum membrane                   | 5   | 0.44%  | 0.07078346 |
| Biol Process level 4   | olfactory behavior                                     | 13  | 1.14%  | 0.07475797 |
| Cell Component level 2 | cell part  | 553 | 48.42% | 0.07946075 |
| Mol Function level 4   | ARF guanyl-nucleotide exchange factor activity         | 4   | 0.35%  | 0.07957972 |
| Biol Process level 5   | mitochondrial transport                                | 12  | 1.05%  | 0.0801425  |
| Biol Process level 1   | cellular process                                       | 646 | 56.57% | 0.08049274 |
| Biol Process level 4   | mitochondrial transport                                | 12  | 1.05%  | 0.08160447 |
| Biol Process level 2   | reproductive behavior                                  | 10  | 0.88%  | 0.08972687 |
| Cell Component level 4 | membrane part  | 177 | 15.50% | 0.0905211  |
| Biol Process level 3   | response to drug                                       | 4   | 0.35%  | 0.0905822  |
| Biol Process level 3   | regulation of tube length, open tracheal system        | 4   | 0.35%  | 0.0905822  |
| Mol Function level 3   | oxidoreductase activity, acting on the CH-CH group     | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.09076292 |
| Biol Process level 1   | response to stimulus                                   | 101 | 8.84%  | 0.09128955 |
| Biol Process level 5   | pole plasm protein localization                        | 4   | 0.35%  | 0.09211279 |
| Biol Process level 5   | regulation of tube length, open tracheal system        | 4   | 0.35%  | 0.09211279 |
| Biol Process level 5   | regulation of tube diameter, open tracheal system      | 4   | 0.35%  | 0.09211279 |
| Biol Process level 5   | nucleotide metabolic process                           | 27  | 2.36%  | 0.09260104 |
| Biol Process level 3   | reproductive behavior                                  | 10  | 0.88%  | 0.09266211 |
| Biol Process level 4   | regulation of tube diameter, open tracheal system      | 4   | 0.35%  | 0.09280972 |
| Biol Process level 5   | regulation of tube size, open tracheal system          | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.09280991 |
| Biol Process level 4   | regulation of tube size, open tracheal system          | 7   | 0.61%  | 0.09393068 |
| Biol Process level 3   | learning and/or memory                                 | 14  | 1.23%  | 0.09439472 |
| Biol Process level 3   | translational elongation                               | 6   | 0.53%  | 0.0951375  |
| Biol Process level 5   | monovalent inorganic cation transport                  | 28  | 2.45%  | 0.09548737 |
| Cell Component level 3 | endoplasmic reticulum part                             | 15  | 1.31%  | 0.09717176 |
| Biol Process level 5   | translational elongation                               | 6   | 0.53%  | 0.09737539 |
| Biol Process level 5   | glycerol metabolic process                             | 5   | 0.44%  | 0.09889698 |
| Biol Process level 4   | polyol metabolic process                               | 5   | 0.44%  | 0.09980038 |

**Table S8.** Significantly enriched GO terms for genes with significantly higher gene expression in active bees, as compared to inactive bees.

| GO Category            | GO Term   | Count | %      | PValue   |
|------------------------|---|-------|--------|----------|
| Biol Process level 2   | behavior  | 39    | 7.20%  | 1.04E-07 |
| Biol Process level 3   | neurological system process                           | 55    | 10.15% | 2.86E-07 |
| Mol Function level 2   | substrate-specific transporter activity               | 65    | 11.99% | 9.26E-07 |
| Biol Process level 2   | system process  | 55    | 10.15% | 9.78E-07 |
| Cell Component level 4 | plasma membrane part                                  | 40    | 7.38%  | 1.22E-06 |
| Cell Component level 3 | plasma membrane part                                  | 40    | 7.38%  | 1.54E-06 |
| Biol Process level 5   | synaptic transmission                                 | 36    | 6.64%  | 1.57E-06 |
| Cell Component level 5 | plasma membrane part                                  | 40    | 7.38%  | 1.58E-06 |
| Biol Process level 4   | synaptic transmission                                 | 36    | 6.64%  | 2.89E-06 |
| Biol Process level 1   | multicellular organismal process                      | 143   | 26.38% | 3.08E-06 |
| Mol Function level 2   | transmembrane transporter activity                    | 64    | 11.81% | 3.99E-06 |
| Mol Function level 3   | substrate-specific transmembrane transporter activity | 61    | 11.25% | 5.18E-06 |
| Biol Process level 1   | response to stimulus                                  | 74    | 13.65% | 5.71E-06 |
| Mol Function level 1   | transporter activity                                  | 74    | 13.65% | 6.20E-06 |
| Biol Process level 4   | transmission of nerve impulse                         | 41    | 7.56%  | 8.74E-06 |
| Cell Component level 2 | membrane  | 140   | 25.83% | 1.21E-05 |
| Cell Component level 3 | membrane  | 140   | 25.83% | 1.24E-05 |
| Biol Process level 2   | cell communication                                    | 113   | 20.85% | 1.33E-05 |
| Cell Component level 4 | membrane part   | 107   | 19.74% | 1.38E-05 |
| Biol Process level 3   | ion transport   | 39    | 7.20%  | 1.51E-05 |
| Biol Process level 4   | ion transport   | 39    | 7.20%  | 1.85E-05 |
| Cell Component level 4 | intrinsic to plasma membrane                          | 24    | 4.43%  | 1.89E-05 |
| Cell Component level 5 | intrinsic to plasma membrane                          | 24    | 4.43%  | 2.24E-05 |
| Cell Component level 2 | membrane part   | 107   | 19.74% | 2.75E-05 |
| Cell Component level 3 | membrane part   | 107   | 19.74% | 2.80E-05 |
| Biol Process level 3   | chemosensory behavior                                 | 15    | 2.77%  | 3.18E-05 |
| Mol Function level 4   | ion transmembrane transporter activity                | 50    | 9.23%  | 3.48E-05 |
| Biol Process level 3   | cell-cell signaling                                   | 42    | 7.75%  | 3.53E-05 |
| Biol Process level 4   | intracellular signaling cascade                       | 52    | 9.59%  | 6.91E-05 |
| Biol Process level 2   | response to chemical stimulus                         | 28    | 5.17%  | 1.11E-04 |
| Cell Component level 4 | plasma membrane                                       | 51    | 9.41%  | 1.13E-04 |
| Biol Process level 5   | cation transport                                      | 32    | 5.90%  | 1.20E-04 |
| Biol Process level 1   | establishment of localization                         | 119   | 21.96% | 1.23E-04 |
| Cell Component level 3 | plasma membrane                                       | 51    | 9.41%  | 1.44E-04 |
| Mol Function level 5   | cation transmembrane transporter activity             | 42    | 7.75%  | 1.48E-04 |
| Cell Component level 5 | integral to plasma membrane                           | 22    | 4.06%  | 1.50E-04 |
| Biol Process level 2   | establishment of localization                         | 119   | 21.96% | 1.51E-04 |
| Biol Process level 3   | transport   | 117   | 21.59% | 1.83E-04 |
| Biol Process level 4   | cation transport                                      | 32    | 5.90%  | 1.92E-04 |
| Biol Process level 2   | transport   | 117   | 21.59% | 1.96E-04 |
| Biol Process level 4   | olfactory behavior                                    | 13    | 2.40%  | 2.75E-04 |
| Biol Process level 3   | learning and/or memory                                | 14    | 2.58%  | 2.81E-04 |
| Mol Function level 3   | active transmembrane transporter activity             | 36    | 6.64%  | 3.08E-04 |
| Cell Component level 4 | intrinsic to membrane                                 | 75    | 13.84% | 3.27E-04 |
| Biol Process level 5   | second-messenger-mediated signaling                   | 12    | 2.21%  | 3.68E-04 |

|                        |  |     |        |            |
|------------------------|--|-----|--------|------------|
| Cell Component level 5 | intrinsic to membrane  | 75  | 13.84% | 4.51E-04   |
| Cell Component level 3 | intrinsic to membrane  | 75  | 13.84% | 4.58E-04   |
| Cell Component level 4 | integral to membrane   | 74  | 13.65% | 4.95E-04   |
| Biol Process level 2   | anatomical structure development                                     | 98  | 18.08% | 6.02E-04   |
| Cell Component level 5 | integral to membrane   | 74  | 13.65% | 6.77E-04   |
| Biol Process level 1   | rhythmic process   | 11  | 2.03%  | 6.79E-04   |
| Biol Process level 1   | localization   | 129 | 23.80% | 7.38E-04   |
| Biol Process level 5   | olfactory learning   | 9   | 1.66%  | 8.24E-04   |
| Biol Process level 3   | system development   | 82  | 15.13% | 8.33E-04   |
| Biol Process level 2   | multicellular organismal development                                 | 108 | 19.93% | 0.0013859  |
| Biol Process level 1   | developmental process  | 123 | 22.69% | 0.00175605 |
| Biol Process level 3   | signal transduction  | 87  | 16.05% | 0.00184147 |
| Biol Process level 2   | response to abiotic stimulus   | 20  | 3.69%  | 0.00191741 |
| Mol Function level 5   | ATPase activity, coupled to transmembrane movement of ions           | 16  | 2.95%  | 0.00191758 |
| Biol Process level 2   | circadian rhythm   | 10  | 1.85%  | 0.00227139 |
| Biol Process level 3   | response to organic substance  | 7   | 1.29%  | 0.00235819 |
| Biol Process level 3   | cytoplasm organization and biogenesis                                | 15  | 2.77%  | 0.00242516 |
| Biol Process level 3   | rhythmic behavior  | 9   | 1.66%  | 0.00278366 |
| Biol Process level 2   | rhythmic behavior  | 9   | 1.66%  | 0.00279722 |
| Biol Process level 5   | monovalent inorganic cation transport                                | 21  | 3.87%  | 0.00287792 |
| Biol Process level 5   | regulation of tube size, open tracheal system                        | 7   | 1.29%  | 0.00344583 |
| Biol Process level 4   | regulation of tube size, open tracheal system                        | 7   | 1.29%  | 0.00390487 |
| Mol Function level 4   | hydrolase activity,catalyzing transmembrane movement                 | 18  | 3.32%  | 0.00391829 |
| Biol Process level 4   | learning   | 9   | 1.66%  | 0.00407085 |
| Biol Process level 5   | tissue development   | 22  | 4.06%  | 0.00418252 |
| Biol Process level 4   | ATP synthesis coupled proton transport                               | 10  | 1.85%  | 0.00428516 |
| Biol Process level 3   | organ development  | 63  | 11.62% | 0.00489054 |
| Biol Process level 3   | tissue development   | 22  | 4.06%  | 0.00502332 |
| Biol Process level 2   | cell development   | 63  | 11.62% | 0.00555809 |
| Biol Process level 4   | tissue development   | 22  | 4.06%  | 0.00560725 |
| Cell Component level 4 | proton-transporting two-sector ATPase complex                        | 11  | 2.03%  | 0.00570918 |
| Cell Component level 3 | proton-transporting two-sector ATPase complex                        | 11  | 2.03%  | 0.00592453 |
| Biol Process level 5   | ATP biosynthetic process   | 10  | 1.85%  | 0.00605735 |
| Biol Process level 4   | organ development  | 63  | 11.62% | 0.00607755 |
| Cell Component level 5 | proton-transporting two-sector ATPase complex                        | 11  | 2.03%  | 0.00616257 |
| Mol Function level 2   | vitamin binding  | 7   | 1.29%  | 0.00645055 |
| Biol Process level 4   | cell development   | 63  | 11.62% | 0.00651843 |
| Cell Component level 4 | lipid particle   | 20  | 3.69%  | 0.00684821 |
| Biol Process level 3   | cell differentiation   | 71  | 13.10% | 0.00744787 |
| Cell Component level 5 | lipid particle   | 20  | 3.69%  | 0.00767196 |
| Biol Process level 5   | phosphorylation  | 42  | 7.75%  | 0.00810737 |
| Biol Process level 5   | intercellular junction assembly                                      | 8   | 1.48%  | 0.00812269 |
| Mol Function level 4   | hydrolase activity, acting on carbon-nitrogen bonds in cyclic amides | 4   | 0.74%  | 0.00816037 |
| Biol Process level 3   | circadian behavior   | 8   | 1.48%  | 0.00879981 |
| Biol Process level 4   | ATP metabolic process  | 10  | 1.85%  | 0.00899093 |
| Biol Process level 4   | circadian behavior   | 8   | 1.48%  | 0.00927774 |
| Mol Function level 5   | ATPase activity coupled to transmembrane movement of substances      | 17  | 3.14%  | 0.0095283  |
| Biol Process level 3   | adult behavior   | 11  | 2.03%  | 0.00963478 |
| Biol Process level 5   | protein complex assembly   | 16  | 2.95%  | 0.00974533 |
| Biol Process level 2   | cellular developmental process                                       | 71  | 13.10% | 0.01001314 |

|                        |   |     |        |            |
|------------------------|---|-----|--------|------------|
| Biol Process level 5   | regulation of tube size   | 7   | 1.29%  | 0.01042758 |
| Biol Process level 3   | carbohydrate metabolic process                                  | 32  | 5.90%  | 0.01049239 |
| Mol Function level 1   | catalytic activity  | 220 | 40.59% | 0.01050471 |
| Biol Process level 5   | regulation of tube architecture, open tracheal system           | 8   | 1.48%  | 0.01073225 |
| Biol Process level 3   | regulation of tube size   | 7   | 1.29%  | 0.01118593 |
| Biol Process level 5   | synaptic vesicle transport                                      | 16  | 2.95%  | 0.01119718 |
| Biol Process level 3   | regulation of tube architecture, open tracheal system           | 8   | 1.48%  | 0.01160735 |
| Biol Process level 4   | regulation of tube size   | 7   | 1.29%  | 0.01172217 |
| Biol Process level 4   | protein complex assembly  | 16  | 2.95%  | 0.0121286  |
| Biol Process level 5   | regulation of neurotransmitter levels                           | 19  | 3.51%  | 0.01271652 |
| Biol Process level 5   | regulation of tube length, open tracheal system                 | 4   | 0.74%  | 0.01370086 |
| Biol Process level 5   | regulation of tube diameter, open tracheal system               | 4   | 0.74%  | 0.01370086 |
| Biol Process level 4   | synaptic vesicle transport                                      | 16  | 2.95%  | 0.01389492 |
| Biol Process level 3   | response to drug  | 4   | 0.74%  | 0.0142645  |
| Biol Process level 3   | regulation of tube length, open tracheal system                 | 4   | 0.74%  | 0.0142645  |
| Biol Process level 4   | regulation of tube diameter, open tracheal system               | 4   | 0.74%  | 0.01466531 |
| Biol Process level 3   | regulation of neurotransmitter levels                           | 19  | 3.51%  | 0.0147412  |
| Biol Process level 5   | endothelial cell development                                    | 5   | 0.92%  | 0.01496099 |
| Biol Process level 4   | response to light stimulus                                      | 11  | 2.03%  | 0.01506812 |
| Biol Process level 3   | locomotory behavior   | 14  | 2.58%  | 0.01510004 |
| Mol Function level 2   | transferase activity  | 75  | 13.84% | 0.01538312 |
| Biol Process level 3   | endothelial cell development                                    | 5   | 0.92%  | 0.01573451 |
| Biol Process level 4   | intercellular junction assembly and maintenance                 | 8   | 1.48%  | 0.01579282 |
| Biol Process level 1   | biological regulation   | 119 | 21.96% | 0.01615847 |
| Biol Process level 4   | endothelial cell differentiation                                | 5   | 0.92%  | 0.01628353 |
| Biol Process level 3   | secretion   | 27  | 4.98%  | 0.01628809 |
| Biol Process level 2   | secretion   | 27  | 4.98%  | 0.016455   |
| Biol Process level 3   | phosphorus metabolic process                                    | 49  | 9.04%  | 0.01716676 |
| Mol Function level 4   | primary active transmembrane transporter activity               | 19  | 3.51%  | 0.01737838 |
| Biol Process level 5   | secretory pathway   | 26  | 4.80%  | 0.01739449 |
| Biol Process level 5   | nucleoside triphosphate biosynthetic process                    | 10  | 1.85%  | 0.01753073 |
| Biol Process level 5   | lipid biosynthetic process                                      | 14  | 2.58%  | 0.01782878 |
| Cell Component level 5 | microtubule cytoskeleton  | 16  | 2.95%  | 0.01794401 |
| Mol Function level 4   | ARF guanyl-nucleotide exchange factor activity                  | 4   | 0.74%  | 0.01841673 |
| Biol Process level 5   | courtship behavior  | 7   | 1.29%  | 0.01863233 |
| Biol Process level 5   | secretion by cell   | 26  | 4.80%  | 0.01895758 |
| Biol Process level 3   | lipid biosynthetic process                                      | 14  | 2.58%  | 0.01999065 |
| Biol Process level 5   | regulated secretory pathway                                     | 17  | 3.14%  | 0.02004646 |
| Biol Process level 5   | neurotransmitter secretion                                      | 17  | 3.14%  | 0.02004646 |
| Biol Process level 4   | phosphate metabolic process                                     | 49  | 9.04%  | 0.02014568 |
| Mol Function level 5   | P-P-bond-hydrolysis-driven transmembrane transporter activity   | 19  | 3.51%  | 0.0203706  |
| Biol Process level 3   | secretory pathway   | 26  | 4.80%  | 0.02075888 |
| Biol Process level 4   | courtship behavior  | 7   | 1.29%  | 0.02083572 |
| Biol Process level 4   | memory  | 7   | 1.29%  | 0.02083572 |
| Biol Process level 4   | cofactor biosynthetic process                                   | 15  | 2.77%  | 0.02103134 |
| Biol Process level 4   | lipid biosynthetic process                                      | 14  | 2.58%  | 0.02150861 |
| Biol Process level 3   | instar larval or pupal development                              | 38  | 7.01%  | 0.021839   |
| Biol Process level 5   | small GTPase mediated signal transduction                       | 19  | 3.51%  | 0.02198384 |
| Cell Component level 4 | proton-transporting two-sector ATPase complex, catalytic domain | 6   | 1.11%  | 0.02210687 |
| Biol Process level 5   | metal ion transport   | 17  | 3.14%  | 0.02244241 |

|                        |   |    |       |            |
|------------------------|---|----|-------|------------|
| Cell Component level 3 | proton-transporting two-sector ATPase complex, catalytic domain   | 6  | 1.11% | 0.02251312 |
| Biol Process level 1   | reproduction  | 44 | 8.12% | 0.02251738 |
| Biol Process level 3   | secretion by cell   | 26 | 4.80% | 0.02257874 |
| Biol Process level 5   | nerve-nerve synaptic transmission                                 | 5  | 0.92% | 0.02264817 |
| Biol Process level 3   | neurotransmitter secretion  | 17 | 3.14% | 0.02281744 |
| Mol Function level 4   | kinase activity   | 40 | 7.38% | 0.02297067 |
| Biol Process level 4   | cellular carbohydrate metabolic process                           | 22 | 4.06% | 0.02300154 |
| Cell Component level 5 | proton-transporting two-sector ATPase complex, catalytic domain   | 6  | 1.11% | 0.02307959 |
| Biol Process level 4   | secretory pathway   | 26 | 4.80% | 0.02309985 |
| Biol Process level 3   | tube morphogenesis  | 12 | 2.21% | 0.02367407 |
| Mol Function level 4   | secondary active transmembrane transporter activity               | 17 | 3.14% | 0.02455564 |
| Mol Function level 3   | transferase activity, on alkyl or aryl (other than methyl) groups | 7  | 1.29% | 0.02475034 |
| Biol Process level 4   | regulated secretory pathway                                       | 17 | 3.14% | 0.02475881 |
| Biol Process level 4   | neurotransmitter secretion  | 17 | 3.14% | 0.02475881 |
| Biol Process level 4   | instar larval or pupal development                                | 38 | 7.01% | 0.02493535 |
| Biol Process level 5   | behavioral response to ethanol                                    | 4  | 0.74% | 0.02501843 |
| Biol Process level 4   | secretion by cell   | 26 | 4.80% | 0.0250993  |
| Biol Process level 4   | tube morphogenesis  | 12 | 2.21% | 0.0252631  |
| Biol Process level 2   | generation of a signal involved in cell-cell signaling            | 17 | 3.14% | 0.02566659 |
| Mol Function level 3   | hydrolase activity, acting on acid anhydrides                     | 45 | 8.30% | 0.02595822 |
| Biol Process level 3   | maintenance of protein localization                               | 4  | 0.74% | 0.0260109  |
| Biol Process level 2   | maintenance of protein localization                               | 4  | 0.74% | 0.02605926 |
| Biol Process level 4   | response to ethanol   | 4  | 0.74% | 0.02671695 |
| Biol Process level 4   | maintenance of protein localization                               | 4  | 0.74% | 0.02671695 |
| Biol Process level 4   | behavioral response to ethanol                                    | 4  | 0.74% | 0.02671695 |
| Biol Process level 4   | generation of a signal involved in cell-cell signaling            | 17 | 3.14% | 0.02763837 |
| Biol Process level 3   | cofactor metabolic process  | 23 | 4.24% | 0.02800836 |
| Biol Process level 3   | post-embryonic development  | 38 | 7.01% | 0.02820744 |
| Biol Process level 2   | post-embryonic development  | 38 | 7.01% | 0.02855266 |
| Biol Process level 5   | autophagic cell death   | 9  | 1.66% | 0.02893802 |
| Biol Process level 5   | salivary gland histolysis   | 9  | 1.66% | 0.02893802 |
| Biol Process level 5   | proton transport  | 10 | 1.85% | 0.02944513 |
| Mol Function level 2   | lipid binding   | 12 | 2.21% | 0.03078937 |
| Biol Process level 3   | hydrogen transport  | 10 | 1.85% | 0.03203699 |
| Biol Process level 5   | synaptic vesicle priming  | 5  | 0.92% | 0.03234102 |
| Biol Process level 5   | male mating behavior  | 5  | 0.92% | 0.03234102 |
| Biol Process level 5   | male courtship behavior   | 5  | 0.92% | 0.03234102 |
| Biol Process level 3   | behavioral interaction between organisms                          | 7  | 1.29% | 0.03241047 |
| Biol Process level 3   | mating behavior   | 7  | 1.29% | 0.03241047 |
| Biol Process level 2   | behavioral interaction between organisms                          | 7  | 1.29% | 0.03251182 |
| Mol Function level 5   | manganese ion binding   | 7  | 1.29% | 0.03256421 |
| Biol Process level 1   | maintenance of localization                                       | 5  | 0.92% | 0.03342065 |
| Biol Process level 4   | mating behavior   | 7  | 1.29% | 0.03382869 |
| Biol Process level 4   | hydrogen transport  | 10 | 1.85% | 0.03386635 |
| Biol Process level 4   | proton transport  | 10 | 1.85% | 0.03386635 |
| Biol Process level 2   | maintenance of localization                                       | 5  | 0.92% | 0.03398946 |
| Biol Process level 5   | histolysis  | 9  | 1.66% | 0.0344067  |
| Biol Process level 3   | regulation of catalytic activity                                  | 13 | 2.40% | 0.03467086 |
| Biol Process level 4   | male mating behavior  | 5  | 0.92% | 0.03502784 |
| Cell Component level 4 | sodium:potassium-exchanging ATPase complex                        | 3  | 0.55% | 0.03664332 |

|                        |   |    |       |            |
|------------------------|---|----|-------|------------|
| Mol Function level 2   | molecular adaptor activity                                      | 4  | 0.74% | 0.03690546 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytoskeleton  | 23 | 4.24% | 0.03690547 |
| Biol Process level 3   | response to radiation   | 11 | 2.03% | 0.03692167 |
| Cell Component level 3 | sodium:potassium-exchanging ATPase complex                      | 3  | 0.55% | 0.03693877 |
| Biol Process level 4   | nervous system development                                      | 40 | 7.38% | 0.03720745 |
| Cell Component level 5 | sodium:potassium-exchanging ATPase complex                      | 3  | 0.55% | 0.03741441 |
| Cell Component level 3 | receptor complex  | 4  | 0.74% | 0.03757044 |
| Biol Process level 5   | tricarboxylic acid cycle  | 7  | 1.29% | 0.03778659 |
| Biol Process level 5   | aerobic respiration   | 7  | 1.29% | 0.03778659 |
| Biol Process level 4   | open tracheal system development                                | 15 | 2.77% | 0.03802547 |
| Biol Process level 5   | maintenance of imaginal disc-derived wing hair orientation      | 3  | 0.55% | 0.03865436 |
| Biol Process level 5   | purine nucleotide biosynthetic process                          | 11 | 2.03% | 0.0388072  |
| Biol Process level 4   | histolysis  | 9  | 1.66% | 0.03907348 |
| Biol Process level 2   | response to external stimulus                                   | 15 | 2.77% | 0.03968662 |
| Mol Function level 3   | carbon-carbon lyase activity                                    | 7  | 1.29% | 0.03985494 |
| Biol Process level 4   | sensory perception  | 14 | 2.58% | 0.03994635 |
| Biol Process level 5   | ectoderm development  | 13 | 2.40% | 0.03996766 |
| Biol Process level 5   | regulation of tube diameter                                     | 4  | 0.74% | 0.03999906 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytoskeleton  | 23 | 4.24% | 0.04093648 |
| Biol Process level 3   | regulation of tube diameter                                     | 4  | 0.74% | 0.0415281  |
| Biol Process level 5   | fatty acid biosynthetic process                                 | 6  | 1.11% | 0.04189856 |
| Biol Process level 4   | cellular respiration  | 7  | 1.29% | 0.04192997 |
| Biol Process level 4   | regulation of tube diameter                                     | 4  | 0.74% | 0.04261634 |
| Biol Process level 1   | reproductive process  | 13 | 2.40% | 0.04282815 |
| Mol Function level 3   | transferase activity, transferring phosphorus-containing groups | 46 | 8.49% | 0.04307663 |
| Mol Function level 5   | gated channel activity  | 13 | 2.40% | 0.04316098 |
| Biol Process level 2   | reproductive process  | 13 | 2.40% | 0.04428687 |
| Mol Function level 4   | prenyltransferase activity                                      | 5  | 0.92% | 0.04563853 |
| Biol Process level 4   | fatty acid biosynthetic process                                 | 6  | 1.11% | 0.04588489 |
| Biol Process level 5   | acetyl-CoA metabolic process                                    | 7  | 1.29% | 0.04621666 |
| Biol Process level 5   | coenzyme catabolic process                                      | 7  | 1.29% | 0.04621666 |
| Biol Process level 3   | tube development  | 12 | 2.21% | 0.0462743  |
| Biol Process level 2   | regulation of a molecular function                              | 14 | 2.58% | 0.04683963 |
| Biol Process level 4   | ectoderm development  | 13 | 2.40% | 0.04695952 |
| Biol Process level 5   | monosaccharide catabolic process                                | 8  | 1.48% | 0.04761862 |
| Biol Process level 4   | female gamete generation  | 31 | 5.72% | 0.0476202  |



**Table S9.** Significantly enriched GO terms for genes with significantly higher gene expression in inactive bees, as compared to active bees.

| GO Category            | GO Term   | Count | %      | PValue   |
|------------------------|---|-------|--------|----------|
| Mol Function level 2   | structural constituent of ribosome                  | 85    | 14.14% | 1.07E-46 |
| Cell Component level 3 | ribosome  | 84    | 13.98% | 3.34E-45 |
| Cell Component level 3 | ribosomal subunit                                   | 76    | 12.65% | 1.12E-42 |
| Cell Component level 4 | ribosome  | 84    | 13.98% | 1.86E-42 |
| Cell Component level 5 | ribosome  | 84    | 13.98% | 1.17E-41 |
| Cell Component level 4 | ribosomal subunit                                   | 76    | 12.65% | 3.61E-40 |
| Cell Component level 5 | ribosomal subunit                                   | 76    | 12.65% | 1.92E-39 |
| Cell Component level 2 | ribonucleoprotein complex                           | 99    | 16.47% | 1.99E-38 |
| Cell Component level 3 | ribonucleoprotein complex                           | 99    | 16.47% | 2.07E-38 |
| Cell Component level 4 | ribonucleoprotein complex                           | 99    | 16.47% | 2.23E-35 |
| Cell Component level 5 | ribonucleoprotein complex                           | 99    | 16.47% | 1.70E-34 |
| Biol Process level 2   | translation   | 93    | 15.47% | 3.68E-31 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytosolic ribosome (sensu Eukaryota)                | 48    | 7.99%  | 4.24E-31 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosolic ribosome (sensu Eukaryota)                | 48    | 7.99%  | 1.25E-30 |
| Biol Process level 4   | translation   | 93    | 15.47% | 1.36E-30 |
| Biol Process level 5   | translation   | 93    | 15.47% | 4.69E-30 |
| Cell Component level 1 | macromolecular complex                              | 192   | 31.95% | 1.26E-29 |
| Cell Component level 2 | intracellular organelle part                        | 188   | 31.28% | 1.67E-29 |
| Cell Component level 3 | intracellular organelle part                        | 188   | 31.28% | 1.78E-29 |
| Cell Component level 2 | organelle part                                      | 188   | 31.28% | 2.44E-29 |
| Cell Component level 1 | organelle part                                      | 188   | 31.28% | 6.37E-29 |
| Cell Component level 3 | cytoplasmic part                                    | 188   | 31.28% | 1.83E-27 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytosolic part                                      | 52    | 8.65%  | 6.27E-27 |
| Mol Function level 1   | structural molecule activity                        | 90    | 14.98% | 7.06E-27 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosolic part                                      | 52    | 8.65%  | 1.94E-26 |
| Cell Component level 3 | cytoplasm   | 206   | 34.28% | 7.56E-25 |
| Cell Component level 4 | intracellular organelle part                        | 188   | 31.28% | 9.90E-25 |
| Biol Process level 3   | cellular biosynthetic process                       | 121   | 20.13% | 1.28E-23 |
| Biol Process level 3   | macromolecule biosynthetic process                  | 98    | 16.31% | 1.46E-23 |
| Cell Component level 5 | intracellular organelle part                        | 188   | 31.28% | 2.56E-23 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytoplasmic part                                    | 188   | 31.28% | 8.61E-23 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytoplasmic part                                    | 188   | 31.28% | 2.08E-21 |
| Cell Component level 4 | large ribosomal subunit                             | 44    | 7.32%  | 1.99E-20 |
| Cell Component level 5 | large ribosomal subunit                             | 44    | 7.32%  | 5.05E-20 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytoplasm   | 206   | 34.28% | 6.94E-20 |
| Cell Component level 3 | small ribosomal subunit                             | 33    | 5.49%  | 1.12E-19 |
| Cell Component level 3 | mitochondrial part                                  | 82    | 13.64% | 1.17E-19 |
| Biol Process level 2   | biosynthetic process                                | 124   | 20.63% | 6.51E-19 |
| Cell Component level 4 | small ribosomal subunit                             | 33    | 5.49%  | 1.39E-18 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytoplasm   | 206   | 34.28% | 2.09E-18 |
| Cell Component level 5 | small ribosomal subunit                             | 33    | 5.49%  | 2.86E-18 |
| Cell Component level 2 | intracellular part                                  | 261   | 43.43% | 3.81E-18 |
| Cell Component level 3 | intracellular part                                  | 261   | 43.43% | 4.18E-18 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosolic large ribosomal subunit (sensu Eukaryota) | 29    | 4.83%  | 1.53E-17 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial part                                  | 82    | 13.64% | 1.90E-17 |

|                        |   |     |        |          |
|------------------------|---|-----|--------|----------|
| Cell Component level 2 | non-membrane-bound organelle                        | 100 | 16.64% | 2.50E-17 |
| Cell Component level 3 | intracellular non-membrane-bound organelle          | 100 | 16.64% | 2.57E-17 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrion                                       | 92  | 15.31% | 7.88E-17 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial part                                  | 82  | 13.64% | 8.08E-17 |
| Cell Component level 2 | intracellular organelle                             | 230 | 38.27% | 3.09E-16 |
| Cell Component level 3 | intracellular organelle                             | 230 | 38.27% | 3.23E-16 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrion                                       | 92  | 15.31% | 4.86E-16 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytosol   | 58  | 9.65%  | 5.39E-16 |
| Cell Component level 1 | organelle   | 230 | 38.27% | 1.28E-15 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosol   | 58  | 9.65%  | 1.60E-15 |
| Cell Component level 4 | intracellular non-membrane-bound organelle          | 100 | 16.64% | 1.08E-14 |
| Cell Component level 2 | intracellular                                       | 267 | 44.43% | 3.07E-14 |
| Cell Component level 3 | intracellular                                       | 267 | 44.43% | 3.37E-14 |
| Cell Component level 5 | intracellular non-membrane-bound organelle          | 100 | 16.64% | 5.40E-14 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytosolic small ribosomal subunit (sensu Eukaryota) | 19  | 3.16%  | 1.51E-12 |
| Cell Component level 3 | mitochondrial membrane part                         | 37  | 6.16%  | 2.21E-12 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosolic small ribosomal subunit (sensu Eukaryota) | 19  | 3.16%  | 2.29E-12 |
| Biol Process level 2   | cellular metabolic process                          | 279 | 46.42% | 3.06E-12 |
| Cell Component level 4 | intracellular part                                  | 261 | 43.43% | 6.11E-12 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial membrane part                         | 37  | 6.16%  | 2.63E-11 |
| Cell Component level 4 | organellar ribosome                                 | 30  | 4.99%  | 3.11E-11 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial ribosome                              | 30  | 4.99%  | 3.11E-11 |
| Cell Component level 4 | intracellular organelle                             | 230 | 38.27% | 3.83E-11 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial membrane part                         | 37  | 6.16%  | 5.29E-11 |
| Cell Component level 5 | organellar ribosome                                 | 30  | 4.99%  | 5.62E-11 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial ribosome                              | 30  | 4.99%  | 5.62E-11 |
| Biol Process level 1   | gene expression                                     | 137 | 22.80% | 6.15E-11 |
| Biol Process level 1   | metabolic process                                   | 296 | 49.25% | 1.02E-10 |
| Biol Process level 3   | electron transport                                  | 41  | 6.82%  | 1.37E-10 |
| Cell Component level 3 | mitochondrial lumen                                 | 38  | 6.32%  | 2.83E-10 |
| Cell Component level 5 | intracellular organelle                             | 230 | 38.27% | 1.17E-09 |
| Cell Component level 2 | protein complex                                     | 128 | 21.30% | 1.71E-09 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial lumen                                 | 38  | 6.32%  | 3.06E-09 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial matrix                                | 38  | 6.32%  | 3.06E-09 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial lumen                                 | 38  | 6.32%  | 5.96E-09 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial matrix                                | 38  | 6.32%  | 5.96E-09 |
| Cell Component level 3 | mitochondrial envelope                              | 44  | 7.32%  | 1.05E-08 |
| Mol Function level 2   | oxidoreductase activity                             | 67  | 11.15% | 1.41E-08 |
| Cell Component level 3 | mitochondrial membrane                              | 41  | 6.82%  | 1.65E-08 |
| Biol Process level 3   | oxidative phosphorylation                           | 30  | 4.99%  | 4.22E-08 |
| Cell Component level 3 | organelle inner membrane                            | 38  | 6.32%  | 5.04E-08 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial respiratory chain                     | 24  | 3.99%  | 5.41E-08 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial respiratory chain                     | 24  | 3.99%  | 8.49E-08 |
| Cell Component level 2 | organelle lumen                                     | 64  | 10.65% | 8.98E-08 |
| Cell Component level 3 | organelle lumen                                     | 64  | 10.65% | 9.12E-08 |
| Cell Component level 1 | membrane-enclosed lumen                             | 64  | 10.65% | 9.50E-08 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial envelope                              | 44  | 7.32%  | 1.27E-07 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial membrane                              | 41  | 6.82%  | 1.73E-07 |
| Biol Process level 4   | ATP synthesis coupled electron transport            | 21  | 3.49%  | 1.88E-07 |
| Biol Process level 5   | organelle ATP synthesis coupled electron transport  | 21  | 3.49%  | 2.53E-07 |

|                        |   |     |        |            |
|------------------------|---|-----|--------|------------|
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial envelope                                      | 44  | 7.32%  | 2.54E-07   |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial membrane                                      | 41  | 6.82%  | 3.32E-07   |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial inner membrane                                | 38  | 6.32%  | 4.46E-07   |
| Cell Component level 4 | organelle inner membrane                                    | 38  | 6.32%  | 4.46E-07   |
| Biol Process level 2   | generation of precursor metabolites and energy              | 43  | 7.15%  | 5.32E-07   |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial inner membrane                                | 38  | 6.32%  | 8.17E-07   |
| Cell Component level 5 | organelle inner membrane                                    | 38  | 6.32%  | 8.17E-07   |
| Biol Process level 4   | cellular protein metabolic process                          | 149 | 24.79% | 1.10E-06   |
| Cell Component level 4 | organellar small ribosomal subunit                          | 14  | 2.33%  | 1.73E-06   |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial small ribosomal subunit                       | 14  | 2.33%  | 1.73E-06   |
| Biol Process level 3   | protein metabolic process                                   | 152 | 25.29% | 1.97E-06   |
| Cell Component level 2 | organelle envelope  | 45  | 7.49%  | 2.25E-06   |
| Cell Component level 3 | organelle envelope  | 45  | 7.49%  | 2.28E-06   |
| Cell Component level 5 | organellar small ribosomal subunit                          | 14  | 2.33%  | 2.28E-06   |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial small ribosomal subunit                       | 14  | 2.33%  | 2.28E-06   |
| Cell Component level 1 | envelope  | 45  | 7.49%  | 2.33E-06   |
| Mol Function level 3   | electron carrier activity                                   | 23  | 3.83%  | 3.45E-06   |
| Biol Process level 3   | cellular macromolecule metabolic process                    | 149 | 24.79% | 3.67E-06   |
| Cell Component level 2 | organelle membrane  | 55  | 9.15%  | 5.45E-06   |
| Cell Component level 3 | organelle membrane  | 55  | 9.15%  | 5.52E-06   |
| Cell Component level 4 | organelle envelope  | 45  | 7.49%  | 2.10E-05   |
| Mol Function level 5   | cytochrome-c oxidase activity                               | 7   | 1.16%  | 3.84E-05   |
| Cell Component level 5 | organelle envelope  | 45  | 7.49%  | 3.85E-05   |
| Mol Function level 4   | cytochrome-c oxidase activity                               | 7   | 1.16%  | 4.37E-05   |
| Mol Function level 4   | oxidoreductase activity, heme donors and oxygen acceptor    | 7   | 1.16%  | 4.37E-05   |
| Mol Function level 3   | oxidoreductase activity, acting on heme group of donors     | 7   | 1.16%  | 4.46E-05   |
| Mol Function level 3   | heme-copper terminal oxidase activity                       | 7   | 1.16%  | 4.46E-05   |
| Mol Function level 4   | NADH dehydrogenase activity                                 | 12  | 2.00%  | 6.45E-05   |
| Cell Component level 4 | organelle membrane  | 55  | 9.15%  | 6.48E-05   |
| Biol Process level 5   | protein import into mitochondrion                           | 7   | 1.16%  | 6.69E-05   |
| Mol Function level 3   | oxidoreductase activity, acting on NADH or NADPH            | 13  | 2.16%  | 1.15E-04   |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial large ribosomal subunit                       | 15  | 2.50%  | 1.20E-04   |
| Biol Process level 5   | inner mitochondrial membrane organization and biogenesis    | 6   | 1.00%  | 1.34E-04   |
| Cell Component level 5 | organellar large ribosomal subunit                          | 15  | 2.50%  | 1.56E-04   |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial large ribosomal subunit                       | 15  | 2.50%  | 1.56E-04   |
| Biol Process level 4   | mitochondrial membrane organization and biogenesis          | 6   | 1.00%  | 3.88E-04   |
| Biol Process level 5   | mitochondrial membrane organization and biogenesis          | 6   | 1.00%  | 4.24E-04   |
| Mol Function level 5   | P-P-bond-hydrolysis-driven transmembrane transport activity | 8   | 1.33%  | 4.51E-04   |
| Mol Function level 4   | P-P-bond-hydrolysis-driven transmembrane transport activity | 8   | 1.33%  | 5.19E-04   |
| Mol Function level 4   | macromolecule transmembrane transporter activity            | 8   | 1.33%  | 5.19E-04   |
| Mol Function level 4   | protein transmembrane transporter activity                  | 9   | 1.50%  | 5.54E-04   |
| Mol Function level 3   | protein transmembrane transporter activity                  | 9   | 1.50%  | 5.67E-04   |
| Cell Component level 3 | respiratory chain complex I                                 | 12  | 2.00%  | 6.00E-04   |
| Cell Component level 3 | NADH dehydrogenase complex (quinone)                        | 12  | 2.00%  | 6.00E-04   |
| Mol Function level 4   | rRNA binding  | 6   | 1.00%  | 6.58E-04   |
| Biol Process level 4   | mitochondrial electron transport, NADH to ubiquinone        | 12  | 2.00%  | 7.01E-04   |
| Cell Component level 3 | mitochondrial intermembrane space protein transporter       | 5   | 0.83%  | 9.45E-04   |
| Biol Process level 1   | cellular process  | 332 | 55.24% | 9.61E-04   |
| Cell Component level 3 | respiratory chain complex IV                                | 6   | 1.00%  | 0.00102126 |
| Cell Component level 3 | intracellular membrane-bound organelle                      | 171 | 28.45% | 0.00109474 |

|                        |  |     |        |            |
|------------------------|--|-----|--------|------------|
| Cell Component level 2 | membrane-bound organelle                                   | 171 | 28.45% | 0.00118101 |
| Cell Component level 4 | NADH dehydrogenase complex (quinone)                       | 12  | 2.00%  | 0.00123128 |
| Cell Component level 4 | respiratory chain complex I                                | 12  | 2.00%  | 0.00123128 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial respiratory chain complex I                  | 12  | 2.00%  | 0.00123128 |
| Mol Function level 5   | NADH dehydrogenase (quinone) activity                      | 9   | 1.50%  | 0.00125405 |
| Biol Process level 2   | primary metabolic process                                  | 243 | 40.43% | 0.00129923 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial intermembrane space protein transporter      | 5   | 0.83%  | 0.00131273 |
| Biol Process level 5   | protein targeting to mitochondrion                         | 9   | 1.50%  | 0.00139812 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial intermembrane space protein transporter      | 5   | 0.83%  | 0.00144083 |
| Cell Component level 3 | mitochondrial inner membrane presequence translocase       | 7   | 1.16%  | 0.0014445  |
| Mol Function level 4   | oxidoreductase activity, with NADH and others as acceptor  | 9   | 1.50%  | 0.00145735 |
| Cell Component level 5 | respiratory chain complex I                                | 12  | 2.00%  | 0.00150501 |
| Cell Component level 5 | NADH dehydrogenase complex (quinone)                       | 12  | 2.00%  | 0.00150501 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial respiratory chain complex I                  | 12  | 2.00%  | 0.00150501 |
| Cell Component level 4 | respiratory chain complex IV                               | 6   | 1.00%  | 0.0015139  |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial respiratory chain complex IV                 | 6   | 1.00%  | 0.0015139  |
| Cell Component level 5 | respiratory chain complex IV                               | 6   | 1.00%  | 0.0016919  |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial respiratory chain complex IV                 | 6   | 1.00%  | 0.0016919  |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial inner membrane presequence translocase       | 7   | 1.16%  | 0.00226036 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial inner membrane presequence translocase       | 7   | 1.16%  | 0.0025639  |
| Biol Process level 2   | macromolecule metabolic process                            | 207 | 34.44% | 0.00292304 |
| Mol Function level 3   | protein transporter activity                               | 11  | 1.83%  | 0.00461324 |
| Biol Process level 4   | mitochondrial electron transport, cytochrome c to oxygen   | 5   | 0.83%  | 0.00505213 |
| Mol Function level 5   | ubiquinol-cytochrome-c reductase activity                  | 5   | 0.83%  | 0.00614869 |
| Cell Component level 4 | lipid particle   | 22  | 3.66%  | 0.00636429 |
| Mol Function level 4   | oxidoreductase, diphenol donors, cytochrome as acceptor    | 5   | 0.83%  | 0.0066464  |
| Cell Component level 5 | lipid particle   | 22  | 3.66%  | 0.00837595 |
| Mol Function level 3   | oxidoreductase, acting on diphenols and related substances | 5   | 0.83%  | 0.01037018 |
| Cell Component level 3 | endoplasmic reticulum membrane                             | 10  | 1.66%  | 0.01082283 |
| Cell Component level 3 | nuclear envelope-endoplasmic reticulum network             | 10  | 1.66%  | 0.01082283 |
| Cell Component level 3 | organelle envelope lumen                                   | 5   | 0.83%  | 0.01601095 |
| Cell Component level 4 | nuclear envelope-endoplasmic reticulum network             | 10  | 1.66%  | 0.01832549 |
| Cell Component level 4 | endoplasmic reticulum membrane                             | 10  | 1.66%  | 0.01832549 |
| Biol Process level 4   | mitochondrial transport                                    | 9   | 1.50%  | 0.01991573 |
| Cell Component level 5 | nuclear envelope-endoplasmic reticulum network             | 10  | 1.66%  | 0.02119503 |
| Cell Component level 5 | endoplasmic reticulum membrane                             | 10  | 1.66%  | 0.02119503 |
| Cell Component level 4 | organelle envelope lumen                                   | 5   | 0.83%  | 0.02145007 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial intermembrane space                          | 5   | 0.83%  | 0.02145007 |
| Biol Process level 5   | mitochondrial transport                                    | 9   | 1.50%  | 0.02203223 |
| Cell Component level 5 | organelle envelope lumen                                   | 5   | 0.83%  | 0.0232864  |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial intermembrane space                          | 5   | 0.83%  | 0.0232864  |
| Mol Function level 5   | protein-methionine-R-oxide reductase activity              | 3   | 0.50%  | 0.02395373 |
| Cell Component level 3 | respiratory chain complex III                              | 5   | 0.83%  | 0.02419272 |
| Cell Component level 3 | endoplasmic reticulum part                                 | 11  | 1.83%  | 0.0242213  |
| Mol Function level 5   | DNA-directed RNA polymerase activity                       | 6   | 1.00%  | 0.02543036 |
| Biol Process level 3   | oxygen and reactive oxygen species metabolic process       | 5   | 0.83%  | 0.03145202 |
| Cell Component level 4 | respiratory chain complex III                              | 5   | 0.83%  | 0.03212523 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial respiratory chain complex III                | 5   | 0.83%  | 0.03212523 |
| Cell Component level 3 | proteasome complex (sensu Eukaryota)                       | 10  | 1.66%  | 0.03285816 |
| Cell Component level 4 | snRNP U6   | 4   | 0.67%  | 0.03313642 |

|                        |   |    |       |            |
|------------------------|---|----|-------|------------|
| Mol Function level 5   | P-P-bond-hydrolysis-driven transmembrane transporter activity | 14 | 2.33% | 0.03463696 |
| Cell Component level 5 | respiratory chain complex III                                 | 5  | 0.83% | 0.0347827  |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial respiratory chain complex III                   | 5  | 0.83% | 0.0347827  |
| Cell Component level 5 | snRNP U6  | 4  | 0.67% | 0.03533276 |
| Cell Component level 3 | small nuclear ribonucleoprotein complex                       | 10 | 1.66% | 0.0383595  |
| Mol Function level 4   | primary active transmembrane transporter activity             | 14 | 2.33% | 0.04063478 |
| Cell Component level 4 | endoplasmic reticulum part                                    | 11 | 1.83% | 0.04071234 |
| Mol Function level 3   | oxidoreductase activity, acting on sulfur group of donors     | 4  | 0.67% | 0.0456782  |
| Mol Function level 3   | oxidoreductase activity, acting on the CH-CH group of donors  | 5  | 0.83% | 0.04622646 |
| Cell Component level 5 | endoplasmic reticulum part                                    | 11 | 1.83% | 0.04691973 |
| Cell Component level 3 | spliceosome   | 12 | 2.00% | 0.04753455 |

**Table S10.** Significantly enriched GO terms for genes differentially expressed between anticipating bees with different spatiotemporal memories (tAM-cAM contrasted with tPM-cPM).

| GO Category            | GO Term   | Count | %      | PValue     |
|------------------------|---|-------|--------|------------|
| Biol Process level 3   | lipid metabolic process                             | 42    | 5.75%  | 8.05E-04   |
| Mol Function level 2   | structural constituent of ribosome                  | 35    | 4.79%  | 0.00200062 |
| Cell Component level 3 | cytoplasm   | 192   | 26.27% | 0.00208546 |
| Biol Process level 5   | monosaccharide catabolic process                    | 12    | 1.64%  | 0.00268226 |
| Biol Process level 5   | hexose metabolic process                            | 17    | 2.33%  | 0.00317228 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytosolic part                                      | 24    | 3.28%  | 0.00351826 |
| Mol Function level 4   | calcium ion binding                                 | 26    | 3.56%  | 0.0035555  |
| Mol Function level 3   | active transmembrane transporter activity           | 38    | 5.20%  | 0.00356755 |
| Biol Process level 4   | alcohol catabolic process                           | 12    | 1.64%  | 0.0038089  |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosolic part                                      | 24    | 3.28%  | 0.00398486 |
| Biol Process level 3   | carbohydrate metabolic process                      | 41    | 5.61%  | 0.00400294 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytoplasm   | 192   | 26.27% | 0.00410058 |
| Cell Component level 3 | ribosome  | 35    | 4.79%  | 0.00436265 |
| Biol Process level 4   | carbohydrate catabolic process                      | 14    | 1.92%  | 0.00568365 |
| Cell Component level 4 | ribosome  | 35    | 4.79%  | 0.00569202 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytosol   | 37    | 5.06%  | 0.00628659 |
| Biol Process level 5   | pyrimidine nucleotide biosynthetic process          | 6     | 0.82%  | 0.00644245 |
| Cell Component level 5 | ribosome  | 35    | 4.79%  | 0.00662572 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytoplasm   | 192   | 26.27% | 0.00670151 |
| Mol Function level 5   | anion transmembrane transporter activity            | 13    | 1.78%  | 0.00716578 |
| Biol Process level 5   | monosaccharide metabolic process                    | 17    | 2.33%  | 0.0072322  |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosol   | 37    | 5.06%  | 0.00734672 |
| Biol Process level 4   | monosaccharide metabolic process                    | 17    | 2.33%  | 0.0076026  |
| Biol Process level 5   | cellular carbohydrate catabolic process             | 13    | 1.78%  | 0.00761115 |
| Biol Process level 3   | cellular biosynthetic process                       | 87    | 11.90% | 0.00761492 |
| Biol Process level 3   | alcohol metabolic process                           | 23    | 3.15%  | 0.00916836 |
| Biol Process level 4   | cellular carbohydrate metabolic process             | 28    | 3.83%  | 0.00958695 |
| Cell Component level 3 | ribosomal subunit                                   | 30    | 4.10%  | 0.00971101 |
| Biol Process level 4   | cellular lipid metabolic process                    | 32    | 4.38%  | 0.00974306 |
| Biol Process level 3   | cellular lipid metabolic process                    | 32    | 4.38%  | 0.01018456 |
| Biol Process level 2   | biosynthetic process                                | 99    | 13.54% | 0.01175508 |
| Mol Function level 5   | glutathione peroxidase activity                     | 4     | 0.55%  | 0.0118742  |
| Cell Component level 4 | ribosomal subunit                                   | 30    | 4.10%  | 0.01219923 |
| Biol Process level 2   | response to chemical stimulus                       | 27    | 3.69%  | 0.0128572  |
| Mol Function level 3   | glutathione peroxidase activity                     | 4     | 0.55%  | 0.01299465 |
| Biol Process level 5   | pyrimidine base metabolic process                   | 7     | 0.96%  | 0.01334113 |
| Mol Function level 4   | secondary active transmembrane transporter activity | 20    | 2.74%  | 0.01334127 |
| Biol Process level 2   | cell adhesion                                       | 25    | 3.42%  | 0.01338154 |
| Cell Component level 5 | ribosomal subunit                                   | 30    | 4.10%  | 0.01387391 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytosolic ribosome (sensu Eukaryota)                | 18    | 2.46%  | 0.01402308 |
| Biol Process level 1   | biological adhesion                                 | 25    | 3.42%  | 0.01492475 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosolic ribosome (sensu Eukaryota)                | 18    | 2.46%  | 0.01537466 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cullin-RING ubiquitin ligase complex                | 5     | 0.68%  | 0.01595386 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cullin-RING ubiquitin ligase complex                | 5     | 0.68%  | 0.01651868 |
| Cell Component level 5 | SCF ubiquitin ligase complex                        | 5     | 0.68%  | 0.01651868 |



|                        |  |     |        |            |
|------------------------|--|-----|--------|------------|
| Mol Function level 2   | isomerase activity                                       | 15  | 2.05%  | 0.01666654 |
| Biol Process level 3   | chemosensory behavior                                    | 12  | 1.64%  | 0.01771286 |
| Mol Function level 2   | transmembrane transporter activity                       | 64  | 8.76%  | 0.01828169 |
| Biol Process level 4   | extracellular transport                                  | 7   | 0.96%  | 0.01984096 |
| Biol Process level 3   | extracellular transport                                  | 7   | 0.96%  | 0.02008912 |
| Cell Component level 3 | cytoplasmic part   | 155 | 21.20% | 0.02155105 |
| Mol Function level 3   | oxidoreductase activity, acting on peroxide              | 5   | 0.68%  | 0.02350999 |
| Mol Function level 2   | peroxidase activity                                      | 5   | 0.68%  | 0.02381842 |
| Mol Function level 4   | peroxidase activity                                      | 5   | 0.68%  | 0.02407181 |
| Mol Function level 3   | identical protein binding                                | 16  | 2.19%  | 0.02650256 |
| Biol Process level 4   | reproductive behavior in a multicellular organism        | 7   | 0.96%  | 0.02767539 |
| Mol Function level 1   | antioxidant activity                                     | 6   | 0.82%  | 0.02785755 |
| Biol Process level 3   | reproductive behavior in a multicellular organism        | 7   | 0.96%  | 0.02800974 |
| Mol Function level 4   | oxidoreductase activity, acting on aldehyde or oxo group | 4   | 0.55%  | 0.02932374 |
| Biol Process level 3   | macromolecule biosynthetic process                       | 61  | 8.34%  | 0.0302684  |
| Biol Process level 2   | catabolic process  | 38  | 5.20%  | 0.03252222 |
| Biol Process level 2   | behavior   | 30  | 4.10%  | 0.03322274 |
| Mol Function level 5   | glucuronosyltransferase activity                         | 5   | 0.68%  | 0.03353392 |
| Biol Process level 4   | cellular macromolecule catabolic process                 | 22  | 3.01%  | 0.03652507 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytoplasmic part   | 155 | 21.20% | 0.03687947 |
| Biol Process level 5   | translation  | 47  | 6.43%  | 0.04127017 |
| Biol Process level 4   | translation  | 47  | 6.43%  | 0.04468114 |
| Biol Process level 3   | macromolecule catabolic process                          | 25  | 3.42%  | 0.0455264  |
| Biol Process level 2   | translation  | 47  | 6.43%  | 0.04614265 |
| Biol Process level 3   | cellular catabolic process                               | 34  | 4.65%  | 0.04654915 |
| Mol Function level 5   | symporter activity                                       | 11  | 1.50%  | 0.04768353 |

**Table S11.** Significantly enriched GO terms for genes more highly expressed in morning-anticipating bees (tAM-cAM) in contrast to afternoon-anticipating bees (tPM-cPM).

| GO Category            | GO Term                                | Count | %     | PValue     |
|------------------------|--|-------|-------|------------|
| Biol Process level 3   | lipid metabolic process                | 28    | 7.98% | 1.81E-05   |
| Biol Process level 4   | cellular lipid metabolic process       | 21    | 5.98% | 6.38E-04   |
| Biol Process level 3   | cellular lipid metabolic process       | 21    | 5.98% | 7.98E-04   |
| Biol Process level 5   | pyrimidine base metabolic process      | 6     | 1.71% | 0.00161489 |
| Biol Process level 5   | prosthetic group metabolic process     | 5     | 1.42% | 0.00456538 |
| Biol Process level 3   | prosthetic group metabolic process     | 5     | 1.42% | 0.0054897  |
| Biol Process level 2   | behavior                               | 18    | 5.13% | 0.01193817 |
| Biol Process level 5   | lipid biosynthetic process             | 10    | 2.85% | 0.01588302 |
| Mol Function level 3   | identical protein binding              | 10    | 2.85% | 0.01641969 |
| Biol Process level 2   | response to chemical stimulus          | 15    | 4.27% | 0.01936687 |
| Biol Process level 4   | lipid biosynthetic process             | 10    | 2.85% | 0.01958843 |
| Biol Process level 2   | cell adhesion                          | 14    | 3.99% | 0.02000621 |
| Biol Process level 5   | nucleobase metabolic process           | 7     | 1.99% | 0.0209387  |
| Biol Process level 1   | biological adhesion                    | 14    | 3.99% | 0.02110614 |
| Mol Function level 2   | isomerase activity                     | 9     | 2.56% | 0.02124222 |
| Biol Process level 3   | lipid biosynthetic process             | 10    | 2.85% | 0.02158158 |
| Biol Process level 2   | response to abiotic stimulus           | 12    | 3.42% | 0.02255012 |
| Biol Process level 4   | nucleobase metabolic process           | 7     | 1.99% | 0.024441   |
| Cell Component level 4 | endoplasmic reticulum                  | 15    | 4.27% | 0.02527298 |
| Cell Component level 5 | endoplasmic reticulum                  | 15    | 4.27% | 0.02821051 |
| Biol Process level 4   | chromosome organization and biogenesis | 13    | 3.70% | 0.03307619 |
| Biol Process level 5   | isoprenoid metabolic process           | 4     | 1.14% | 0.03342711 |
| Biol Process level 4   | isoprenoid metabolic process           | 4     | 1.14% | 0.03656256 |
| Mol Function level 5   | iron ion binding                       | 9     | 2.56% | 0.04602303 |
| Biol Process level 5   | central nervous system development     | 10    | 2.85% | 0.04693733 |

**Table S12.** Significantly enriched GO terms for genes more highly expressed in afternoon-anticipating bees (tPM-cPM) in contrast to morning-anticipating bees (tAM-cAM).

| GO Category            | GO Term   | Count | %      | PValue     |
|------------------------|---|-------|--------|------------|
| Cell Component level 4 | cytosolic part                                      | 21    | 5.53%  | 1.09E-05   |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosolic part                                      | 21    | 5.53%  | 1.18E-05   |
| Mol Function level 2   | structural constituent of ribosome                  | 27    | 7.11%  | 4.31E-05   |
| Cell Component level 4 | ribosome  | 27    | 7.11%  | 9.13E-05   |
| Cell Component level 3 | ribosome  | 27    | 7.11%  | 9.74E-05   |
| Cell Component level 5 | ribosome  | 27    | 7.11%  | 9.89E-05   |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytosol   | 28    | 7.37%  | 1.33E-04   |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosol   | 28    | 7.37%  | 1.45E-04   |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytosolic ribosome (sensu Eukaryota)                | 16    | 4.21%  | 1.55E-04   |
| Cell Component level 4 | ribosomal subunit                                   | 24    | 6.32%  | 1.61E-04   |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosolic ribosome (sensu Eukaryota)                | 16    | 4.21%  | 1.65E-04   |
| Cell Component level 3 | ribosomal subunit                                   | 24    | 6.32%  | 1.70E-04   |
| Cell Component level 5 | ribosomal subunit                                   | 24    | 6.32%  | 1.74E-04   |
| Biol Process level 5   | hexose metabolic process                            | 14    | 3.68%  | 2.86E-04   |
| Biol Process level 4   | cellular carbohydrate metabolic process             | 22    | 5.79%  | 3.31E-04   |
| Biol Process level 3   | carbohydrate metabolic process                      | 29    | 7.63%  | 3.95E-04   |
| Biol Process level 3   | cellular biosynthetic process                       | 57    | 15.00% | 5.21E-04   |
| Biol Process level 5   | monosaccharide catabolic process                    | 10    | 2.63%  | 5.31E-04   |
| Biol Process level 4   | monosaccharide metabolic process                    | 14    | 3.68%  | 5.32E-04   |
| Biol Process level 3   | alcohol metabolic process                           | 18    | 4.74%  | 5.84E-04   |
| Biol Process level 4   | alcohol catabolic process                           | 10    | 2.63%  | 6.13E-04   |
| Biol Process level 5   | monosaccharide metabolic process                    | 14    | 3.68%  | 6.33E-04   |
| Cell Component level 4 | ribonucleoprotein complex                           | 34    | 8.95%  | 9.65E-04   |
| Cell Component level 2 | ribonucleoprotein complex                           | 34    | 8.95%  | 0.00102731 |
| Cell Component level 3 | ribonucleoprotein complex                           | 34    | 8.95%  | 0.00103501 |
| Cell Component level 5 | ribonucleoprotein complex                           | 34    | 8.95%  | 0.00104963 |
| Mol Function level 3   | active transmembrane transporter activity           | 26    | 6.84%  | 0.00116642 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytoplasm   | 112   | 29.47% | 0.00129285 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytoplasm   | 112   | 29.47% | 0.00148189 |
| Biol Process level 4   | carbohydrate catabolic process                      | 11    | 2.89%  | 0.00148397 |
| Biol Process level 3   | macromolecule biosynthetic process                  | 42    | 11.05% | 0.00156071 |
| Biol Process level 2   | translation   | 34    | 8.95%  | 0.00164901 |
| Biol Process level 4   | translation   | 34    | 8.95%  | 0.00196887 |
| Cell Component level 3 | cytoplasm   | 112   | 29.47% | 0.00215171 |
| Biol Process level 5   | translation   | 34    | 8.95%  | 0.0026455  |
| Mol Function level 1   | structural molecule activity                        | 34    | 8.95%  | 0.00271773 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytoplasmic part                                    | 94    | 24.74% | 0.00320299 |
| Biol Process level 2   | biosynthetic process                                | 61    | 16.05% | 0.00344974 |
| Biol Process level 5   | cellular carbohydrate catabolic process             | 10    | 2.63%  | 0.00354369 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytoplasmic part                                    | 94    | 24.74% | 0.00365441 |
| Cell Component level 3 | cytoplasmic part                                    | 94    | 24.74% | 0.00431977 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial envelope                              | 24    | 6.32%  | 0.00460593 |
| Cell Component level 4 | large ribosomal subunit                             | 15    | 3.95%  | 0.00461153 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosolic large ribosomal subunit (sensu Eukaryota) | 10    | 2.63%  | 0.00461654 |
| Cell Component level 3 | mitochondrial envelope                              | 24    | 6.32%  | 0.00475149 |

|                        |  |     |        |            |
|------------------------|--|-----|--------|------------|
| Cell Component level 4 | intracellular non-membrane-bound organelle                     | 48  | 12.63% | 0.00481766 |
| Cell Component level 5 | large ribosomal subunit  | 15  | 3.95%  | 0.00483338 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial envelope   | 24  | 6.32%  | 0.00490479 |
| Cell Component level 2 | non-membrane-bound organelle                                   | 48  | 12.63% | 0.00521769 |
| Cell Component level 3 | intracellular non-membrane-bound organelle                     | 48  | 12.63% | 0.00526177 |
| Cell Component level 5 | intracellular non-membrane-bound organelle                     | 48  | 12.63% | 0.00528654 |
| Mol Function level 4   | oxidoreductase, aldehyde or oxo donors, disulfide acceptor     | 4   | 1.05%  | 0.00554199 |
| Mol Function level 2   | transmembrane transporter activity                             | 41  | 10.79% | 0.00562482 |
| Mol Function level 5   | ATPase, coupled to transmembrane movement of substances        | 13  | 3.42%  | 0.00581967 |
| Cell Component level 4 | small ribosomal subunit  | 11  | 2.89%  | 0.00626725 |
| Cell Component level 3 | small ribosomal subunit  | 11  | 2.89%  | 0.00631698 |
| Cell Component level 5 | small ribosomal subunit  | 11  | 2.89%  | 0.00650607 |
| Mol Function level 4   | ion transmembrane transporter activity                         | 30  | 7.89%  | 0.00808737 |
| Mol Function level 4   | hydrolase, on acid anhydrides, transmembrane movement          | 13  | 3.42%  | 0.00923936 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial part   | 34  | 8.95%  | 0.00996965 |
| Cell Component level 3 | mitochondrial part   | 34  | 8.95%  | 0.01041806 |
| Mol Function level 5   | anion transmembrane transporter activity                       | 9   | 2.37%  | 0.01064342 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial part   | 34  | 8.95%  | 0.01072279 |
| Biol Process level 2   | cellular metabolic process                                     | 180 | 47.37% | 0.01077897 |
| Biol Process level 1   | metabolic process  | 196 | 51.58% | 0.01267637 |
| Mol Function level 5   | NADH dehydrogenase (quinone) activity                          | 7   | 1.84%  | 0.01387875 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrion  | 39  | 10.26% | 0.01643238 |
| Biol Process level 4   | alcohol biosynthetic process                                   | 4   | 1.05%  | 0.01673675 |
| Biol Process level 4   | female germ-line cyst formation                                | 4   | 1.05%  | 0.01673675 |
| Mol Function level 4   | oxidoreductase activity, acting on NADH or similar as receptor | 7   | 1.84%  | 0.01678527 |
| Biol Process level 5   | monosaccharide biosynthetic process                            | 4   | 1.05%  | 0.01760611 |
| Biol Process level 5   | female germ-line cyst formation                                | 4   | 1.05%  | 0.01760611 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrion  | 39  | 10.26% | 0.0177219  |
| Mol Function level 5   | nucleoside diphosphate kinase activity                         | 3   | 0.79%  | 0.0193658  |
| Biol Process level 3   | macromolecule catabolic process                                | 17  | 4.47%  | 0.01979296 |
| Mol Function level 4   | secondary active transmembrane transporter activity            | 13  | 3.42%  | 0.02012102 |
| Mol Function level 5   | ATPase activity, coupled to transmembrane movement of ions     | 10  | 2.63%  | 0.02160631 |
| Mol Function level 3   | substrate-specific transmembrane transporter activity          | 34  | 8.95%  | 0.02412947 |
| Biol Process level 4   | polyol metabolic process                                       | 4   | 1.05%  | 0.02510839 |
| Biol Process level 5   | glycerol metabolic process                                     | 4   | 1.05%  | 0.02638059 |
| Cell Component level 1 | envelope   | 25  | 6.58%  | 0.02725718 |
| Cell Component level 4 | organelle envelope   | 25  | 6.58%  | 0.02747082 |
| Cell Component level 2 | organelle envelope   | 25  | 6.58%  | 0.02790184 |
| Cell Component level 3 | organelle envelope   | 25  | 6.58%  | 0.02802884 |
| Mol Function level 4   | calcium ion binding  | 15  | 3.95%  | 0.0280402  |
| Cell Component level 5 | organelle envelope   | 25  | 6.58%  | 0.02903373 |
| Mol Function level 5   | glucuronosyltransferase activity                               | 4   | 1.05%  | 0.03232795 |
| Mol Function level 5   | P-P-bond-hydrolysis-driven transmembrane transporter activity  | 13  | 3.42%  | 0.03447162 |
| Mol Function level 4   | rRNA binding   | 4   | 1.05%  | 0.03590491 |
| Biol Process level 4   | female gamete generation                                       | 24  | 6.32%  | 0.03591493 |
| Mol Function level 5   | glutathione peroxidase activity                                | 3   | 0.79%  | 0.03662947 |
| Mol Function level 3   | oxidoreductase activity, acting on NADH or NADPH               | 8   | 2.11%  | 0.03814346 |
| Biol Process level 5   | oogenesis  | 24  | 6.32%  | 0.03852929 |
| Mol Function level 3   | glutathione peroxidase activity                                | 3   | 0.79%  | 0.03859867 |
| Biol Process level 2   | catabolic process  | 23  | 6.05%  | 0.03956529 |

|                        |   |    |       |            |
|------------------------|---|----|-------|------------|
| Mol Function level 2   | vitamin binding                                     | 5  | 1.32% | 0.04071686 |
| Mol Function level 4   | magnesium ion binding                               | 6  | 1.58% | 0.04227459 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial inner membrane                        | 18 | 4.74% | 0.04233296 |
| Cell Component level 4 | organelle inner membrane                            | 18 | 4.74% | 0.04233296 |
| Cell Component level 3 | organelle inner membrane                            | 18 | 4.74% | 0.04275836 |
| Biol Process level 4   | cellular macromolecule catabolic process            | 14 | 3.68% | 0.04355369 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial inner membrane                        | 18 | 4.74% | 0.04419715 |
| Cell Component level 5 | organelle inner membrane                            | 18 | 4.74% | 0.04419715 |
| Biol Process level 5   | acetyl-CoA metabolic process                        | 6  | 1.58% | 0.04424803 |
| Mol Function level 4   | NADH dehydrogenase activity                         | 7  | 1.84% | 0.04526462 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cytosolic small ribosomal subunit (sensu Eukaryota) | 6  | 1.58% | 0.04540216 |
| Biol Process level 1   | reproduction  | 32 | 8.42% | 0.04546934 |
| Mol Function level 4   | primary active transmembrane transporter activity   | 13 | 3.42% | 0.0454952  |
| Cell Component level 5 | cytosolic small ribosomal subunit (sensu Eukaryota) | 6  | 1.58% | 0.0463302  |
| Mol Function level 3   | ligase activity, forming carbon-sulfur bonds        | 4  | 1.05% | 0.04666897 |

**Table S13.** Significantly enriched GO terms for the 352 differentially expressed genes associated with unique spatiotemporal memories and not with time of day, training group, and/or activity state.

| GO Category            | GO Term   | Count | %     | PValue     |
|------------------------|---|-------|-------|------------|
| Biol Process level 3   | extracellular structure organization and biogenesis     | 7     | 3.12% | 0.00441799 |
| Biol Process level 4   | regulation of synaptic growth at neuromuscular junction | 4     | 1.79% | 0.008722   |
| Biol Process level 3   | regulation of synaptic growth at neuromuscular junction | 4     | 1.79% | 0.00928487 |
| Biol Process level 4   | ovarian nurse cell to oocyte transport                  | 5     | 2.23% | 0.00936606 |
| Biol Process level 4   | synapse organization and biogenesis                     | 6     | 2.68% | 0.01007037 |
| Biol Process level 3   | ovarian nurse cell to oocyte transport                  | 5     | 2.23% | 0.01013575 |
| Biol Process level 5   | synaptogenesis  | 5     | 2.23% | 0.01318377 |
| Biol Process level 5   | oogenesis   | 15    | 6.70% | 0.0149086  |
| Biol Process level 3   | synaptic growth at neuromuscular junction               | 4     | 1.79% | 0.01513539 |
| Biol Process level 4   | female gamete generation                                | 15    | 6.70% | 0.01588337 |
| Mol Function level 4   | calcium ion binding                                     | 10    | 4.46% | 0.01917808 |
| Mol Function level 4   | thiol-disulfide exchange intermediate activity          | 3     | 1.34% | 0.02505865 |
| Mol Function level 5   | pyrophosphatase activity                                | 18    | 8.04% | 0.02707767 |
| Biol Process level 4   | female germ-line cyst formation                         | 3     | 1.34% | 0.03061361 |
| Biol Process level 5   | female germ-line cyst formation                         | 3     | 1.34% | 0.03085084 |
| Biol Process level 3   | gamete generation                                       | 17    | 7.59% | 0.0318054  |
| Biol Process level 2   | sexual reproduction                                     | 17    | 7.59% | 0.03643064 |
| Cell Component level 4 | cullin-RING ubiquitin ligase complex                    | 3     | 1.34% | 0.03837186 |
| Mol Function level 5   | acetylglucosaminyltransferase activity                  | 4     | 1.79% | 0.03937506 |
| Cell Component level 5 | cullin-RING ubiquitin ligase complex                    | 3     | 1.34% | 0.04037742 |
| Cell Component level 5 | SCF ubiquitin ligase complex                            | 3     | 1.34% | 0.04037742 |
| Biol Process level 5   | neuromuscular junction development                      | 4     | 1.79% | 0.04077406 |
| Mol Function level 3   | hydrolase activity, acting on acid anhydrides           | 18    | 8.04% | 0.04549037 |
| Mol Function level 5   | ATPase, coupled to transmembrane movement of substances | 7     | 3.12% | 0.04599123 |
| Biol Process level 4   | regulation of apoptosis                                 | 6     | 2.68% | 0.04823195 |
| Biol Process level 5   | regulation of apoptosis                                 | 6     | 2.68% | 0.04891282 |



**Table S14.** Significantly enriched GO terms for genes found to be more highly expressed in morning-anticipating bees (tAM-cAM), as compared to afternoon-anticipating bees (tPM-cPM), after removal of genes significant for the time of day, training group, and/or activity state.

| GO Category            | GO Term  | Count | %      | PValue     |
|------------------------|--|-------|--------|------------|
| Biol Process level 5   | oogenesis  | 13    | 10.83% | 0.00133761 |
| Biol Process level 4   | female gamete generation   | 13    | 10.83% | 0.00136778 |
| Biol Process level 4   | ovarian nurse cell to oocyte transport                           | 5     | 4.17%  | 0.00146758 |
| Mol Function level 3   | active transmembrane transporter activity                        | 12    | 10.00% | 0.00164725 |
| Biol Process level 3   | ovarian nurse cell to oocyte transport                           | 5     | 4.17%  | 0.00164923 |
| Mol Function level 4   | calcium ion binding  | 9     | 7.50%  | 0.00211815 |
| Biol Process level 3   | extracellular structure organization and biogenesis              | 6     | 5.00%  | 0.00239965 |
| Mol Function level 5   | ATPase, coupled to transmembrane movement of substances          | 7     | 5.83%  | 0.00476689 |
| Biol Process level 3   | gamete generation  | 14    | 11.67% | 0.00495429 |
| Biol Process level 2   | sexual reproduction  | 14    | 11.67% | 0.00523005 |
| Biol Process level 1   | reproduction   | 15    | 12.50% | 0.00540292 |
| Mol Function level 4   | hydrolase on acid anhydrides, transmembrane movement             | 7     | 5.83%  | 0.0056696  |
| Biol Process level 4   | synapse organization and biogenesis                              | 5     | 4.17%  | 0.00803415 |
| Mol Function level 5   | pyrophosphatase activity   | 14    | 11.67% | 0.00844505 |
| Biol Process level 4   | female germ-line cyst formation                                  | 3     | 2.50%  | 0.01157987 |
| Biol Process level 5   | female germ-line cyst formation                                  | 3     | 2.50%  | 0.0118057  |
| Mol Function level 4   | hydrolase, acting on phosphorus-containing anhydrides            | 14    | 11.67% | 0.01222169 |
| Mol Function level 3   | hydrolase activity, acting on acid anhydrides                    | 14    | 11.67% | 0.01414431 |
| Mol Function level 5   | P-P-bond-hydrolysis-driven transmembrane transporter activity    | 7     | 5.83%  | 0.0146194  |
| Mol Function level 2   | transmembrane transporter activity                               | 16    | 13.33% | 0.01507815 |
| Mol Function level 4   | primary active transmembrane transporter activity                | 7     | 5.83%  | 0.01595288 |
| Biol Process level 5   | synaptogenesis   | 4     | 3.33%  | 0.01824488 |
| Biol Process level 4   | anatomical structure formation                                   | 7     | 5.83%  | 0.02083398 |
| Biol Process level 2   | anatomical structure formation                                   | 7     | 5.83%  | 0.02368547 |
| Biol Process level 3   | anatomical structure formation                                   | 7     | 5.83%  | 0.02395452 |
| Biol Process level 5   | ovarian follicle cell development                                | 6     | 5.00%  | 0.02546711 |
| Biol Process level 3   | ovarian follicle cell development                                | 6     | 5.00%  | 0.02766751 |
| Biol Process level 4   | regulation of synaptic growth at neuromuscular junction          | 3     | 2.50%  | 0.02846087 |
| Biol Process level 3   | regulation of synaptic growth at neuromuscular junction          | 3     | 2.50%  | 0.03012666 |
| Mol Function level 5   | ATPase activity, coupled to transmembrane movement of ions       | 5     | 4.17%  | 0.0360755  |
| Biol Process level 4   | germ-line cyst formation   | 3     | 2.50%  | 0.03910729 |
| Biol Process level 5   | germ-line cyst formation   | 3     | 2.50%  | 0.03983418 |
| Biol Process level 3   | germ-line cyst formation   | 3     | 2.50%  | 0.04135366 |
| Biol Process level 3   | synaptic growth at neuromuscular junction                        | 3     | 2.50%  | 0.04135366 |
| Cell Component level 4 | mitochondrial envelope   | 9     | 7.50%  | 0.04315457 |
| Cell Component level 2 | membrane   | 34    | 28.33% | 0.04628274 |
| Cell Component level 3 | membrane   | 34    | 28.33% | 0.04656064 |
| Biol Process level 4   | regulation of transforming growth factor beta receptor signaling | 2     | 1.67%  | 0.04863556 |
| Biol Process level 4   | ring canal formation, actin assembly                             | 2     | 1.67%  | 0.04863556 |
| Biol Process level 5   | ring canal formation, actin assembly                             | 2     | 1.67%  | 0.04913065 |
| Biol Process level 5   | negative regulation of transforming growth factor beta signaling | 2     | 1.67%  | 0.04913065 |
| Biol Process level 5   | regulation of transforming growth factor beta receptor signaling | 2     | 1.67%  | 0.04913065 |
| Cell Component level 5 | mitochondrial envelope   | 9     | 7.50%  | 0.0495029  |

**Table S15.** Significantly enriched GO terms for genes found to be more highly expressed in afternoon-anticipating bees (tPM-cPM), as compared to morning-anticipating bees (tAM-cAM), after removal of genes significant for the time of day, training group, and/or activity state.

| GO Category            | GO Term   | Count | %      | PValue     |
|------------------------|---|-------|--------|------------|
| Biol Process level 5   | lipid biosynthetic process                                | 6     | 5.77%  | 0.00215915 |
| Biol Process level 4   | lipid biosynthetic process                                | 6     | 5.77%  | 0.00223107 |
| Biol Process level 3   | lipid biosynthetic process                                | 6     | 5.77%  | 0.00236788 |
| Biol Process level 3   | lipid metabolic process                                   | 9     | 8.65%  | 0.00409178 |
| Biol Process level 4   | cellular lipid metabolic process                          | 8     | 7.69%  | 0.00443555 |
| Biol Process level 3   | cellular lipid metabolic process                          | 8     | 7.69%  | 0.00479968 |
| Mol Function level 2   | transferase activity                                      | 17    | 16.35% | 0.01983536 |
| Mol Function level 3   | transferase activity, transferring glycosyl groups        | 5     | 4.81%  | 0.02578568 |
| Biol Process level 5   | positive regulation of retinal cell programmed cell death | 2     | 1.92%  | 0.03167386 |
| Cell Component level 4 | Golgi stack   | 3     | 2.88%  | 0.0319922  |
| Mol Function level 5   | acetylglucosaminyltransferase activity                    | 3     | 2.88%  | 0.03308461 |
| Cell Component level 5 | Golgi stack   | 3     | 2.88%  | 0.03366131 |
| Mol Function level 1   | catalytic activity  | 40    | 38.46% | 0.036336   |
| Cell Component level 3 | ubiquitin ligase complex                                  | 3     | 2.88%  | 0.04618184 |
| Cell Component level 4 | ubiquitin ligase complex                                  | 3     | 2.88%  | 0.04966404 |

**Table S16.** Results of statistical tests for gene expression differences in canonical clock genes as well as each gene analyzed by both qPCR (N=76) and microarray (N=37). p-values are shown here. Graphical representation of means is found in Figure 5 and supplemental Figure S1. *Cryptochrome* did not have high enough gene expression in the brain to pass filtering thresholds on the microarray. *Tim2* did not have a representing oligo probe on the microarray. “Time of day” contrasts tAM-cAM and tPM-cAM with tAM-cPM and tPM-cPM. “Training group” contrasts tAM-cAM and tAM-cPM with tPM-cAM and tPM-cPM. “Activity state” contrasts tAM-cAM and tPM-cPM with tAM-cPM and tPM-cAM. All three of these contrasts were performed using 2-way ANOVA with post-hoc contrasts. Finally, “Different spatiotemporal memories” contrasts tAM-cAM with tPM-cPM, using t-tests.

| Gene                                   | Time of day |        | Training group |        | Activity State |        | Different spatiotemporal memories |        |
|--|-------------|--------|----------------|--------|----------------|--------|-----------------------------------|--------|
|  | microarray  | qPCR   | microarray     | qPCR   | microarray     | qPCR   | microarray                        | qPCR   |
| <i>Period</i>                          | 0.9127      | 0.0309 | 0.6018         | 0.4227 | 0.0452         | <.0001 | 0.2056                            | 0.0547 |
| <i>Cryptochrome</i>                    | ---         | <.0001 | ---            | 0.8804 | ---            | <.0001 | ---                               | 0.0072 |
| <i>Tim2</i>                            | ---         | 0.9607 | ---            | 0.0037 | ---            | 0.0768 | ---                               | 0.0937 |
| <i>Cycle</i>                           | 0.1114      | <.0001 | 0.5467         | 0.5986 | 0.0192         | 0.9890 | 0.5299                            | 0.0108 |
| <i>Clock</i>                           | 0.7303      | 0.9994 | 0.6802         | 0.0035 | 0.2688         | 0.7599 | 0.2078                            | 0.0866 |
| <i>Ankyrin</i>                         | 0.7511      | 0.0264 | 0.3021         | 0.2977 | <.0001         | <.0001 | 0.5714                            | 0.7228 |
| <i>Apolipoprotein D</i>                | 0.0063      | 0.0303 | 0.0741         | 0.1827 | 0.0003         | 0.9943 | 0.0001                            | 0.4792 |
| <i>Black</i>                           | <.0001      | 0.0555 | 0.6059         | 0.2461 | <.0001         | 0.4493 | <.0001                            | 0.4893 |
| <i>Cadherin74a</i>                     | <.0001      | 0.0014 | 0.6988         | 0.5921 | 0.0099         | 0.8996 | <.0001                            | 0.0394 |
| <i>Dopamine receptor 1</i>             | 0.1873      | 0.0028 | 0.1882         | 0.1323 | 0.0002         | 0.0798 | 0.0012                            | 0.0029 |
| <i>Dopamine receptor 2</i>             | 0.9202      | 0.9592 | 0.8689         | 0.1104 | 0.0015         | 0.6108 | 0.5975                            | 0.2565 |
| <i>Dopamine receptor 3</i>             | 0.4663      | 0.0494 | 0.7893         | 0.6632 | <.0001         | 0.4835 | 0.0865                            | 0.2529 |
| <i>Enolase</i>                         | <.0001      | 0.6506 | 0.0741         | 0.8111 | <.0001         | 0.8503 | <.0001                            | 0.5874 |
| <i>GB15691</i>                         | <.0001      | <.0001 | 0.4319         | 0.2549 | 0.0001         | 0.9978 | <.0001                            | 0.0028 |
| <i>GB16507</i>                         | 0.5407      | 0.2521 | 0.6204         | 0.7415 | <.0001         | 0.0632 | 0.4589                            | 0.7290 |
| <i>GB16541</i>                         | 0.0156      | 0.5817 | 0.0512         | 0.3385 | <.0001         | 0.0037 | <.0001                            | 0.5865 |
| <i>Heat shock protein 8</i>            | 0.0054      | 0.2124 | 0.1739         | 0.4629 | <.0001         | 0.0080 | 0.0453                            | 0.5141 |
| <i>Heat shock protein 90a</i>          | 0.0535      | 0.0009 | 0.5682         | 0.3364 | <.0001         | 0.0112 | 0.0072                            | 0.0114 |
| <i>Histone H1</i>                      | 0.0435      | 0.1306 | 0.4530         | 0.5899 | <.0001         | 0.0002 | 0.0007                            | 0.0155 |
| <i>Histone H3</i>                      | <.0001      | 0.0263 | 0.0036         | 0.0931 | 0.0162         | 0.6584 | <.0001                            | 0.0089 |
| <i>Insulin-like peptide 1</i>          | <.0001      | 0.2950 | <.0001         | 0.9477 | 0.0162         | 0.9519 | <.0001                            | 0.4395 |
| <i>Insulin receptor</i>                | 0.9168      | 0.2803 | 0.1844         | 0.2615 | <.0001         | 0.0045 | 0.0726                            | 0.7764 |
| <i>Lethal(2) essential for life 21</i> | <.0001      | 0.0025 | 0.3814         | 0.4305 | <.0001         | 0.9256 | <.0001                            | 0.0940 |

|                              |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| <i>Neprilysin2</i>           | <.0001 | <.0001 | 0.2276 | 0.2056 | 0.7513 | 0.3698 | <.0001 | 0.0001 |
| <i>Octopamine receptor 1</i> | 0.9985 | 0.4715 | 0.9866 | 0.0220 | <.0001 | 0.2352 | 0.0087 | 0.0568 |
| <i>Phosphodiesterase8a</i>   | 0.7220 | 0.0851 | <.0001 | 0.2008 | 0.0024 | 0.3895 | 0.0038 | 0.2039 |
| <i>Zwischenferment</i>       | 0.8537 | 0.4891 | 0.8826 | 0.0058 | 0.0751 | 0.2942 | 0.8398 | 0.0269 |

**Table S17.** Primer sequences for qPCR.

| Gene                                | Forward sequence                  | Reverse sequence                   |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <i>Period</i>                       | TGA AAG GGC CAG CGA ATC           | CCT CGC TAA TGT TGG TTA ATT GG     |
| <i>Cryptochrome</i>                 | TGG TGA CAA ACC TCC GTT AAC TT    | GTT CCG GAG GAT CCA TGC T          |
| <i>Tim2</i>                         | TCC AGA GCA GAG CCA CAG CTA       | CAA TGG TAT AGG ATG GTC ACT GAT TT |
| <i>Cycle</i>                        | TGT GCC CCA AGG TGT ATC G         | CTT CGA CTT TTC GCT TCA TTC TG     |
| <i>Clock</i>                        | CAA GCG GGC GCA TTT ATT A         | TCG TAA ACG GTC GTA TTT TCC A      |
| <i>Ankyrin</i>                      | GTG ATC GAA AGG TTC GCC AG        | TCA GGT TCG CTA CCC CAC C          |
| <i>Apolipoprotein D</i>             | AGT GTT CGC CAC GGA TTA CAA       | TGA CGA TGA GCA AAT GTC AGC        |
| <i>Black</i>                        | TCG AAA TTG CAG ATA TTT GCG A     | CAA ACC ACC TCC CCA AGC T          |
| <i>Cadherin74a</i>                  | GCC GTA CAT AAT GCG GAT CA        | GCG TCA GAA TCA CGT CCG A          |
| <i>Dopamine receptor 1</i>          | ACA GAA TTC CGA GAA GCG TTC A     | ATT CGC TAG TCG ACG GTT GAT TT     |
| <i>Dopamine receptor 2</i>          | ACA CGG AAT TGG TTC TCC ATC T     | TCC CGT AAC CGG CTG TCA            |
| <i>Dopamine receptor 3</i>          | GCG CGG AGG GAA ATC TTA T         | GGA TTC TTA CTG TGC GCT GTG T      |
| <i>Enolase</i>                      | CAG ATG CTA TGA AAA TGG GTA CTG A | CCA ACA GAA GTA GCA TCA AGA CCA    |
| <i>GB15691</i>                      | ATT TGA TCG TGT TCG CCT TCA       | CGC TTG CTC GCA CTT ATC G          |
| <i>GB16507</i>                      | CAC GAC ATC ACG CAG CCT T         | CCT TGA TCA CGA ACA CCA CG         |
| <i>GB16541</i>                      | TTG TGC CAT TCC TCC TGA ATT       | CGC ATT AAC GCT GAT CGT CA         |
| <i>Heat shock protein 8</i>         | ATC CGT TTG CAA TCC TGT TGT       | CAC CTG GAT GGA AGC CTC C          |
| <i>Heat shock protein 90a</i>       | TCG AAA CAC AAT GAT GAT GAA CAA   | CAG TGA AAG AAC CAC CAG CAG A      |
| <i>Histone H1</i>                   | CGG ACT TCT GAA ATG GTA AAT GC    | AAT TGC TTG GAA AGA CGA TCC TT     |
| <i>Histone H3</i>                   | TTC ACG CGA AAC GTG TTA CAA       | GTT TAA GCA CGC TCG CCA C          |
| <i>Insulin-like peptide 1</i>       | GCT CAG GCT GTG CTC GAA AAG T     | CGT TGT ATC CAC GAC CCT TGC        |
| <i>Insulin receptor</i>             | TTC CGT GTA CCA CGG CAG A         | GGT GCA AAG TAC GCG TGA GA         |
| <i>Lethal(2) essential for life</i> | TGT TCT CCG TCC TCA TCG ACT       | TTG CTC GGG ATA TAA TCC CAA        |
| <i>Nepriylsin2</i>                  | AAC CGA CGA TCC GAT TCG A         | CGA CAA TCA AGA TAC GCG GAA        |
| <i>Octopamine receptor 1</i>        | ACG AAG GCG GCG AAG AC            | GCG GCA CCA AGT ACA TTG TG         |
| <i>Phosphodiesterase8a</i>          | TGC GCT CAC GAA AGA ATC TTA A     | TGT GTC CTC GGT AAT ATT CCG C      |
| <i>Zwischenferment</i>              | GGA GAA GCC AGC GTC TTG TC        | CCA GCG TCA AAG TCT TTA TGC A      |